

BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY

(BPT SEMESTER PATTERN)

REGULATIONS, 2019

For the students admitted from the academic year 2019-2020

FACULTY OF MEDICINE AND HEALTH SCIENCES SRM INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

(Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGCAct, 1956)
SRM NAGAR, KATTANKULATHUR,
KANCHEEPURAM DISTRICT-603203

1. SHORT TITLE & COMMENCEMENT:

The regulation of Bachelor of Physiotherapy, BPT in short form are in compliance with Model curriculum Handbook Physiotherapy published by Ministry of Health and Family Welfare for Allied Health Section 2015-2016 and by the By-laws of SRM Institute of Science and Technology passed in the dated 20/03/2019,40th Academic Council of the SRM IST hereby makes the following regulations.

This regulation shall come into force for the candidates admitted from the academic year 2019 - 2020.

These regulations are subject to modifications as may be approved by the academic council SRMIST from time to time.

Bachelor of Physiotherapy program shall run on Choice Based Credit System (CBCS). It is an instructional package developed to suit the needs of students to keep pace with the developments in higher education and the quality assurance expected of it in the light of liberalization and globalization in higher education. UGC, subsequently, in its notification UGC No.F.1-1/2015 (Sec.) dated 10/4/15 has provided a set of Model curricula and syllabi for CBCS programs.

2. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

- 2.1 A pass in the 10+2 (Higher Secondary) examination or any other equivalent examination from a recognized board or Pre university in India or Abroad, with a minimum 50% aggregate of marks in Physics, Chemistry and Biology to be specified by the Admissions Committee, English as one of the Subject
- 2.2 A candidate shall, at the time of admission, submit to the Head of the Institution, a Certificate of Medical Fitness from an authorized Medical Officer certifying that the candidate is fit to undergo the academic course.
- 2.3. Age limit for admission: A candidate should have completed the age of 17 years at the time of admission or would complete the age on or before 31st December of the year of admission to the B.P.T. program.

3. REGISTRATION

A candidate admitted to the course shall register with this SRM IST by remitting the prescribed fee along with the application form for registration duly filled in and forwarded to the SRM IST through the Head of the Institution.

4. DURATION OF THE COURSE

The duration of the program shall be 4 academic years comprising of 8 semesters, and 6 months of compulsory rotatory internship. However a student may complete the program at a slower pace of taking more time but in any case not more than 8 years including internship from the date of admission.

5. COMMENCEMENT OF COURSE

The course will be commenced on 1st week of July in the everyacademic year.

6. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION

The medium of instruction for all subjects shall be in English, includes Teaching, Evaluation and Courseware.

7. WORKING DAYS IN EACH SEMESTER

Each semester shall consist of not less than 100 working days with span of 15 - 20 working weeks.

8. SEMESTER:

- 8.1. 1st semester will commence from 1st week of July and 3rd,5th,7th (Odd) semesters from June in every academicyear.
- 8.2. The2nd,4th,6th,8th (Even)semestersshallcommencefromDecember in every academic year.

9. COURSE

Each Course (subject) shall be designed under lectures / laboratory or field work / seminar / practical training /outreach activities / Assignments / Term paper or Report writing or a combination of some of these to meet effective teaching and learning needs.

10. TYPES OF COURSES

Courses ina programmemay beofthreekinds:

Core Course

Elective Course

Ability Enhancement Course (Foundation Courses)

- 10.1. **Core Course**: A course, whichshould compulsorily be studied by a candidate as a core requirement is termed as a Core course. There may be a **Core Course** in every semester. This is the course which is to be compulsorily studied by a student as a core requirement to complete the requirement of a programme in a said discipline of study.
- 10.2. **Elective Course:** Generally a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the discipline/subject of study or which provides an extended scope or which enables an exposure to some other discipline/subject/domain which nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill is called an Elective Course.
- 10.2.1 Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Course: Elective courses offered by the main discipline/subject of study are referred to as Discipline Specific Elective. The University / Institute may also offer discipline related Elective courses of interdisciplinary nature. An elective may be "Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)" focusing on those courses which add generic proficiency to the students.
- 10.2.2 Dissertation / Project: An Elective/Core course designed to acquire special / advanced knowledge, such as supplement study / support study to a project work, and a candidate

- studies such a course on his own with an advisory support by a teacher / faculty member is called dissertation / project.
- 10.2.3 **Generic Elective (GE) Course**: An elective course chosen generally from an unrelated discipline/subject, with an intention to seek exposure is called a Generic Elective.
- 10.4. Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC): The Ability Enhancement (AE) Courses may be of two kinds: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC) and Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC).

AECC courses are the courses based upon the content that leads to Knowledge enhancement such as (i) Environmental Science and (ii) English/MIL Communication. These are mandatory for the program.

Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC): SEC courses are valuebased and/or skill-based and are aimed at providing hands-ontraining, competencies, skills, Indian and foreign languages etc. These courses may be chosen from a pool of courses designed to provide value-based and/or skill-based knowledge.

10.5. The students may choose Two online courses (SWAYAM, NPTEL, Etc), one during 7th & one during 8th Semester.

11. CREDITS:

- 11.1. Credit defines the quantum of contents/syllabus prescribed for a course and determines the number of hours of instruction required per week. Thus, normally in each of the courses, credits will be assigned on the basis of the number of lectures/ tutorial laboratory work and other forms of learning required, to complete the course contents in a 15-20 week schedule:
 - 1 credit = 1 hour of lecture per week (1 Credit course = 15 hours of lectures per semester)
 - 3 credits = 3 hours of instruction per week (3 Credit course = 45 hours of lectures per semester)
- 11.2. Credits will be assigned on the basis of the lectures (L) / tutorials (T) / Clinical Training (CT) / laboratory work (P) / Research Project (RP) and other forms of learning in a 15-20 week schedule

- L One credit for one hour lecture per week (1 credit course = 15 hours)
- T **One credit** for **one hour** tutorial per week (1 credit course = 15 hours)
- P/T- **One credit** forevery **twohours** of laboratory or practical (1 credit course = 30 hours)
- CT **One credit** for every **three hours** of Clinical training/Clinicalrotation/posting (1creditcourse =45hours) RP **One credit** for every **two hours** of Research Project per week

(1 credit course = 30 hours)

- All core courses should be restricted to a maximum of 4 credits
- All electives should be restricted to a maximum of 3 credits
- All ability enhancement course should be restricted to a maximum of 2 credits

12. ATTENDANCE REQUIRED FOR ADMISSION TO EXAMINATIONS

- 12.1 Candidate is required to have a minimum of 80% of attendance in each course before admission to the examination.
- 12.2 A candidate lacking in the prescribed attendance in any one course in the first appearance shall not be permitted for admission to the entire examinations of these mester.

13. CONDONATION OF LACK OF ATTENDANCE

Condonation of shortage of attendance up to a maximum of 10% in the prescribed eligible attendance for admission to the University examination rests with the discretionary power of the Vice-Chancellor. For valid reasons, a candidate lacking in attendance may submit an application in the prescribed form and remit the stipulated fee 15 days prior to the commencement of the theory examination. Head of the Institution should satisfy themselves on the reasonableness of the candidate's request while forwarding the application with their endorsements to the Controller of Examination who would obtain the Vice-Chancellor's approval for admission of the candidate to the University examination.

14. COMMENCEMENT OF EXAMINATION

Semester	Month of Examination
1 st Semester & 2 nd Semester	November / May
3 rd ,5 th &7 th Semester	October
,4 th , 6 th & 8 th Semester	April

15. CONTINUOUS INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (CIA)MARKS

- The Internal Assessment marks for 2,3 and 4 credits theory courses shall be awarded as per the scheme given below
- 15.1 A The internal mark will be calculated based on written test and Assignments / Seminar

Internal	Interr	nal mark	Internal	Total marks
Assessment (IA)	Written Assign/Seminar		marks (Max.)	(Maximum)
First IA	10	5	15	20
Second IA	10	5	15	30

- 15.2 The Internal Assessment marks for 1 and 2 credits theory courses (Internal Examination Course) shall be awarded as per the scheme given below
- 15.2 A The internal mark will be calculated based on written test and Assignments / Seminar

Internal Assessment		Internal mark		Internal mark			Final	ı	otal marks Maximum)
(IA)	Written	Assign/Seminar	marks (Max.)		Exam	Pass Min	Max Mark		
First IA	15	10	25	50	50	50	100		
Second IA	15	10	25	30	30	30			

- 15.3 The Internal Assessment marks for 4 credits practical courses shall be awarded as per the scheme givenbelow
- 15.3 A The internal marks will be calculated based on practical and Records / Log Note.

Internal	Internal n	nark	Internal	
Assessment (IA)	Practical	Record / Log note	marks (Max.)	Total marks (Maximum)
First IA	10	5	15	20
Second IA	10	5	15	30

- 15.4. The Internal Assessment marks for 2 credits practical courses shall be awarded as per the scheme given below
- 15.4 A The internal mark for will be calculated based on practical and Records / Log Note .

Internal	Internal mark		Internal	
Assessment (IA)	Practical	Record / Log Note	marks (Max.)	Total marks (Maximum)
First IA	15	10	25	50
Second IA	Second IA 15 10		25	50

- 15.5. The Internal Assessment marks for 1,2 and 3 credits practical courses (Internal Examination course) shall be awarded as per the scheme given below
- 15.5 A The internal mark will be calculated based on written test, practical and Assignments / Seminar, Log note, Records.

Internal	Internal mark		Internal		Final Exam		marks imum)
Assessment (IA)	Prac	Rec / Log	marks (Max.)	Total	Pass min	Max Mark	
First IA	15	10	25	F0		Γ0	100
Second IA	15	10	25	50	50	50	100

- 15.6. A failed candidate in any course in University examinations shall be provided an opportunity to improve his internal marks by conducting a minimum of two Improvement Mark Examinations.
- 15.7. If a failed candidate does not appear for any "Improvement Mark Examinations" in the failed course(s) the internal marks awarded for the previous examination shall be carried over for his / her subsequent appearance(s).
- 15.8. The internal assessment marks should be submitted to the University endorsed by the Head of the institution prior to the commencement of the theory examinations.
- 15.9. A candidate failed in any course in the University examination due to low internal assessment marks shall be provided an opportunity to improve his / her internal assessment marks by conducting internal assessment as per clause 15.1, 15.2, 15.3 and 15.4 in theory and practical separately with proper approval obtained from the University of ficials.

16. EVALUATION OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

16.1. Examiners Eligibility:

An internal examiner should have minimum 2 years of experiences after completion of Post-Graduation, and an external examiner should have minimum 4 years of experience after completion of Post – Graduation.

- **16.2. Theory Evaluation:** Single valuation external examiner.
- **16.3. Practical Evaluation:** Two examiner (one internal and one external examiner)
- **16.4. Clinical Training:** Two examiner (Both are Internal Examiners)

16.5. Dissertation / Project Evaluation:

- Research Project I: The students has to present their research proposal and get approval from internal review committee
- Research Project II: Two Examiners (one Internal and one External)
- 3. If a student gets a 'F' or 'Ab' grade he/she should re register the course, earn marks for research proposal and project report as applicable and then appear for the final viva. During the course the student shall choose a new project topic (other than the one he/she had been associated with earlier) under the guidance of the allotted faculty member
- 16.2 **REVALUATION:** –After publication of results the candidate can apply for re-evaluation within one week to the university in a prescribed application form along with re-evaluation fees.

17. MARKS QUALIFYING FOR PASS

- 17.1. Minimum marks for passing examination: A student shall not be declared to have passed examination unless he or she secures at least 50% marks in Theory or Practicalandan aggregate of 50% in IA and the university examinations put together.
- 17.2. A candidate fails to secure a pass in a particular course; it is mandatory that he / she shall register and reappear for the examination in that course during the next semester. He/she should continue to register and reappear for the examination till he/she securesapass. However, theinternalassessmentmarksobtained by thecandidate in thefirst attempt shall beretained and considered valid for all subsequentattempts.
- 17.3. The Improvement exams for improving the internal assessment marksmay beconducted asperclause 15. The approval should be obtained from the university during the current semester.

18. PROMOTION CRITERIA

18.1 The candidate shall be promoted to V semester only after obtaining pass in all the courses in I and II semester.

- 18.2 The candidate shall be promoted to VII semester only after obtaining pass in all the courses in III and IV semester.
- 18.3 There would not be any add batch in any of the semester and candidate who got break or detention should follow the re admissionprocedureand enrollthenextsemesterwhen it willbe offered in the university.
- 18.4. The candidate shall be eligible for internship program only after successfulcompletion of all the courses till eights emesters as per the curriculum.

19. READMISSION AFTER BREAK OF STUDY

Break of the study and readmission will be done according to the Guidelines of SRMIST.

20. READMISSION DURING INTERNSHIP

Internship re admission after the break of internship training shall be done as per the rules & regulations of the SRMIST.

21. GRADING:

The total of the internal evaluation marks and final University examination marks in each course will be converted to a letter grade on to confirm as per the following scheme as recommended by UGC:

Letter Grade	Grade Points	Mark Range
O(Outstanding)	10	91 – 100
A+(Excellent)	9	81 – 90
A(Very good)	8	71 – 80
B+(Good)	7	61 – 70
B(Above	6	56 – 60

average)		
C(Average)	5	50 – 55
F(Fail)	0	< 50 Failure due to insufficient marks in the course
Ab (Absent)	0	Failure due to non-appearance in examination

Astudentobtaining Grade F(or)Gradepoint'0'shallbe considered failed and will be required to reappear in the examination.

22. COMPUTATION OF SGPA AND CGPA:

The UGC recommends the following procedure to compute the Semester Grade Point

Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):

• The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student, i.e $\mathbf{SGPA}(\mathbf{Si}) = SGPA = \sum_{i} \mathcal{C}_{i} \times (GP)_{i}$

SGPA (Si) =
$$SGPA = \frac{\sum_{1} C_{i} \times (GP)_{i}}{\sum_{1} C_{i}}$$

where Ci is thenumberofcreditsoftheithcourseand Gi is the grade point scored by the student in the ith course.

The CGPA is also calculated in the same manner taking into account all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a programme excluding internship i.e.

$$CGPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{r} S_{i} \times (SGPA)_{i}}{\sum_{i} S_{i}}$$

where Si is the SGPA of the ith semester and Ci is the total number of credits in that semester.

- The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.
- Credit Earned in Internship and online courses will not be considered for SGPA and CGPA

23. INTERNSHIP:

There shall be six months (24 weeks) of Internship after successfully completing the eighth semester examination for candidates and had been declared to have passed the examination in all the subjects. No candidate shall be awarded degree certificate without successfully completing six months of Internship.

The Internship should be rotatory and cover clinical branches concerned with Physiotherapy such as Orthopaedics, Cardiothoracic including ICU, Neurology, Paediatrics, General Medicine, General Surgery, Obstetrics and Gynaecology, Leprosy, Sports, Fitness and etc, in both inpatient and outpatient services. On completion of all postings, the students will be assessed based on their satisfactory attendance, performance in the postings / research labs and duly completed logbooks will be submitted to the Principal/Head of the program to be considered as having successfully completed the internship program.

24. AWARD OF DEGREE:

Every student of the programme who fulfills the following criteria will be eligible for the award of the degree provided

- He/She should have earned at least minimum of 191 credits (Excluding online Courses) as prescribed in course structure.
- He/She should have cleared all internal and external evaluation components in every course,
- He/She should have successfully completed the internship with minimum of 24 credits.
- He/She should have secured a minimum CGPA of 5.00 at the end of the programme.

25. AWARD OF CLASS:

The class awarded to a student in the programme is decided by the final CGPA as per the following scheme:

Category	CGPA(From I -VIII semesters)	Class/Distinction
Students who	≥5.0&<6.0	Second class
successfully complete	≥6.0 &<7.5	First class
the program within the	≥7.5 &<10.0	First class with
time duration of 8	(Without F or AB in	distinction
semesters	any semester)	
	≥6.0 &<10.0	First class
	(With F in any	
	semester but obtained	
	pass grade	
	(O to P) subsequently)	
	>E 0.0 .C 0	C
	≥5.0 & <6.0	Second class
Candidates who could	≥6.0 &<10	First class
not Successfully	≥5.0&<6.0	Second class
complete the program		
in normal duration but		
completed within the		
maximum duration.		

UNIVERSITY EXAM QUESTION PAPER PATTERN:

All the university theory examination will be conducted for 70 marks with 3 hours duration.

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	

SECTIO	N A	
1.	MCQ (2 MCQ 's from Each Units)	10×1=10 Marks
SECTIO	N B	
2	Essay (2 out of 3)	2×10=20 Marks
SECTIO	DN C	
3	Short Notes (8 out of 10) (2 Short notes from Each Units)	8×5=40Marks
Total		70 Marks



BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY (BPT SEMESTER PATTERN)

CURRICULUM AND SYLLABUS 2019

For the students admitted from 2019-2020

FACULTY OF MEDICINE & HEALTH SCIENCES SRM INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

(Deemed tobe University u/s 3 of UGCAct, 1956)
SRM NAGAR, KATTANKULATHUR,
KANCHEEPURAM DISTRICT-603203.

1. OVERALL OBJECTIVES

An undergraduate course in Physiotherapy is to impart knowledge and skill to a student to become competent in the physical diagnosis, treatment techniques and develop the proper attitude required for the practice of Physiotherapy par with International standards.

2. OBJECTIVES

The graduate of Physiotherapy programme must have the following quality.

- Acquire adequate knowledge of the basic medical subjects in the practice of physiotherapy.
- Develops skills and techniques of therapeutic Exercise, Massage and electrotherapeutic modalities for the management of various medical and surgical conditions.
- c) Develops proper attitude for compassion and concern for the individuals and welfare of the physically handicapped in the community.
- d) Demonstrates skill in teaching, management, research, guidance and counseling.
- e) Practices moral and ethical values.

SEMESTER - 3

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE			H	HOUF	RS		
	Core Course	DSE	Enhancement Course	Total hours	L	Т	Р	С
BPT19101	Human Anatomy – I	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19102	Human Physiology – I	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19103	Clinical Biochemistry	-	-	45	2	1		3
BPT19104	Sociology	-	-	45	2	1		3
BPT19105	-	-	English & Communication Skills	30	2			2
BPT19106	Human Anatomy Practical –I	-	-	60			4	2
BPT19107	Human Physiology Practical-I	-	-	30			2	1
BPT19108*	-	-	Basic Computer Applications	30	2			2
BPT19109*	-	-	Disaster Management	30	2	-	-	2
BPT19110*	Clinical Training - I	-	-	90			6	2
	Library	-	-	45		3		
		Tota	al			35		25

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the University

SEMESTER - 4

COURSE	COURS	E TIT	LE		H	IOUF	RS	
CODE	Core Course	DSE	Enhancement Course	Total Hours		Т	Р	С
BPT19201	Human Anatomy – II	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19202	Human Physiology –II	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19203	Biomechanics I	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19204	Psychology	-	-	45	2	1		3
BPT19205	Human Anatomy Practical – II	-	-	60			4	2
BPT19206	Human Physiology Practical –II	-	-	60			4	2
BPT19207*	-	ı	First Aid & BLS	45	1		2	2
BPT19208*	-	1	Environmental Science	15	1			1
BPT19209*	T19209*		Introduction To Healthcare delivery System In India	15	1			1
BPT19210*	Clinical Training - II	-	-	90			6	2
_	Library	-	_	15		1		
	Total					35		25

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the University

SEMESTER - III

COURSE	COURS	SE TITLE	Ē		Н	OURS)	
CODE	Core Course	DSE	Enhancement Course	Total Hours	L	T	P	С
BPT19301	Biomechanics – II	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19302	Exercise therapy -I	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19303	Pathology		-	45	2	1		3
BPT19304	Microbiology		-	45	2	1		3
BPT19305	Pharmacology		-	30	1	1		2
BPT19306	Biomechanics - II Practical	-	-	60			4	2
BPT19307	Exercise therapy -I Practical	-	-	120			8	4
BPT19308*	Clinical Training -III	-	-	90			6	2
-	Library			15		1		
	Total 35						24	

^{*}End semester examination willbeconducted at thedepartment and mark will be submitted to the University

SEMESTER - IV

COURSE CODE	COUF	RSE TIT	LE		НС	OURS	;	
	Core Course DSE E		Enhancement	Total	Г	T	Р	С
			Course	Hours				
BPT19401	Exercise therapy - II	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19402	Electrotherapy (LMHF)	1	-	60	ω	1	!	4
BPT19403	Bio Physics	-	i	45	2	1		3
BPT19404	Ethics and Management in Physiotherapy	1	-	45	2	1	- 1	3
BPT19405	Exercise therapy Practical II	1	-	120			8	4
BPT19406	Electrotherapy LMHF Practical	ı	ı	120		1	8	4
BPT19407*	Clinical Training - IV	-	-	45			3	1
-	Library			30		2		
	Total					35		23

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the University

SEMESTER - V

COURSE CODE	COUR	SE TIT	LE		Н	OUR	S	
	Core Course	DSE	Enhancement Course	Total Hours	L	Т	Р	С
BPT19501	Evaluation Measurements and Outcome measures	-	-	45	2	1	1	3
BPT19502	Orthopedic conditions for Physiotherapist	-	-	60	3	1	ı	4
BPT19503	General Surgery, Plastic Surgery & OBG	-	-	60	3	1	ı	4
BPT19504	General Medicine, Pediatrics & Psychiatry	-	-	60	3	1	-	4
BPT19505	Community Medicine		-	45	2	1	-	3
BPT19506*	-	-	Diagnostic Imaging for Physiotherapist	30	2		1	2
BPT19507*	-	-	Human science for yoga practice	60	2		2	3
BPT19508*	Clinical Training - V	-	-	90	-	-	6	2
	Library			75				
	Total				35	52	25	25

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the University

SEMESTER - VI

COURSE	COUF	RSE TIT	LE		НО	URS		
CODE	Core Course	DSE	Enhance- ment Course	Total Hours	L	Т	P	С
BPT19601	PT in Orthopedic Conditions	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19602	PT in General Medicine & General Surgery	-	-	60	3	1	1	4
BPT19603	Neurological Conditions for Physiotherapist		-	60	3	1	1	4
BPT19604	Research Methodology & BioStatistics		-	30	1	1	1	2
BPT19605	Pain mechanisms and Management of Pain for Physiotherapists	-	-	30	1	1	1	2
BPT19606	PT in Orthopedic conditions – Practical	-	-	60			4	2
BPT19607	Work Physiology	-	-	45	2	1		3
BPT19608*	-		Medical Terminology and Record Keeping	15	1			1
BPT19609*	Clinical Training- VI	-	-	90			6	2
-	Library				75			
	Total				35	52	25	24

^{*}End Semester exam will be conducted atthedepartmentand mark will be submitted to the University

SEMESTER - 8

COURSE	COURS	E TITLE			Н	OUR	S	
CODE	CORE COURSE	DSE	ENHANCE MENT COURSE	Total Hours	L	T	Р	С
BPT19701	PT in Neurological disorders	1	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19702	Community Based Physiotherapy– I	ı	1	60	3	1		4
BPT19703	Health Promotion and Fitness	-	-	30	1	1		2
BPT19704	Cardiovascular & Pulmonary Conditions for Physiotherapist			60	3	1	1	4
BPT19705	PT in Neurological Disorders Practical	-	-	60			4	2
BPT19706*	Research Project I	ı	ı	90	-		6	2
BPT197E1	Tele Rehabilitation			45	2	1		3
BPT197E2	Hospital and Healthcare Services Marketing			45	2	1	1	3
BPT19707*	Clinical Training- VII	-	-	90			6	2
	Library			30	_	2		
	Total				3	5	525	23

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the university

SRM INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY SEMESTER – VIII

COURSE	cou	RSE TITLE			НО	URS		
CODE	Core Course	DSE	Enhance ment Course	Total Hours	L	T	P	С
BPT19801	PT in Cardio Pulmonary Diseases	1	-	60	3	1	- 1	4
BPT19802	Community Based Physiotherapy - II	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19803	PT in Cardio Pulmonary Diseases& ICU Practical	1	-	60			4	2
BPT19804	Community Based Physiotherapy -II Practical	-	-	60		-	4	2
BPT198E1	-	Pediatric Physiothe rapy		45	2	1		3
BPT198E2	-	PT in Hand Condition		45	2	1		3
BPT19805	Evidence Based Practice			45	2	1		3
BPT19806	Research Project - II	=	-	90	-	-	6	2
BPT19807*	Clinical Training- VIII	-	-	90			6	2
	Library			15	1			
	Total				35	5	25	22

 $^{{\}bf ^*Endsemester examination\ will be conducted at the department and mark\ will\ be submitted\ to\ the\ University}$

STATEMENT OF MARKS

			Theo	heory Practical			cal	Total I	Marks
Course Code	Course Name	Inter nal		_	nal	Pass Min	Maxi mum marks	Aggregated passing Minimum	Maximum total marks
				SEIV	IESTE	R - I			
BPT19101	Human Anatomy – I	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19102	Human Physiology – I	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19103	Clinical Biochemistry	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19104	Sociology	30	35	70	N/A	•	N/A	50	100
BPT19105	English & Communication Skills	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19106	Human Anatomy Practical –I	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	25	50	50	100
BPT19107	Human Physiology Practical-I	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	25	50	50	100
BPT19108*	Basic Computer Applications	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19109*	Disaster Management	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19110*	Clinical Training - I	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100
			SEI	MESTER	l II				
BPT19201	Human Anatomy – II	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19202	Human Physiology–II	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19203	Biomechanics I	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19204	Psychology	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19205	Human Anatomy Practical – II	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	25	50	50	100
BPT19206	Human Physiology Practical –II	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	25	50	50	100
BPT19207*	First Aid & BLS	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19208*	Environmental Science	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100

	BITCHEEGK OF THIS OTHER IT								
BBPT19209*	Introduction to	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
	Healthcare Delivery								
	System In India								
BBPT19210*	Clinical Training-II	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100
			SEN	VIESTER	Ш				
BPT19301	Biomechanics – II	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19302	Exercisetherapy-I	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19303	Pathology	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19304	Microbiology	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19305	Pharmacology	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19306	Biomechanics - II Practical	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	25	50	50	100
BPT19307	Exercise therapy	N/A	N/A	N/A	30	35	70	50	100
	Practical -I		-						
BPT19308*	Clinical Training -III	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100

			Theo	ry		Marks			
Course Code	Course Name	Inter nal	Pass Min	Maxi mum Marks	Inter nal	Pass Min	Maximum marks	Aggregated passing Minimum	Maximum total marks
					SEMES	TER IV			
	Exercise therapy - II	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19402	Electrotherapy (LMHF)	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19403	Bio Physics	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19404	Ethics and Management in Physiotherapy	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19405	Exercise therapy Practical - II	N/A	N/A	N/A	30	35	70	50	100
BPT19406	Electrotherapy LMHF Practical	N/A	N/A	N/A	30	35	70	50	100
BPT19407*	Clinical Training - IV	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100
					SEMES	TER V			
BPT19501	Evaluation Measurements and Outcome measures	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19502	Orthopedic conditions for Physiotherapist	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19503	General Surgery, Plastic Surgery & OBG	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19504	General Medicine, Pediatrics & Psychiatry	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19505	Community Medicine	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19506*	Diagnostic Imaging for Physiotherapist	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19507*	Human science for yoga Practice	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19508*	Clinical Training – V	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100

				SEMES	TER VI	1011111		11 SIOTHEKA	
BPT19601	PT in Orthopedic Conditions	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19602	PT in General Medicine & General Surgery	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19603	Neurological Conditions for Physiotherapist	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19604	Research Methodology & Bio Statistics	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19605	Pain mechanisms and Management of Pain for Physiotherapists	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19606	PT in Orthopedic conditions – Practical	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	25	50	50	100
BPT19607	Work Physiology	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19608*	Medical Terminology and Record Keeping	100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100
BPT19609*	Clinical Training - VI	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100

	Theory					Practi		Total Marks		
Course Code	Course Name	Inter nal	Pass Min	Maximum Marks	Internal	Pass Min	Maxi mum marks	Aggregated passing Minimum	Maximum total marks	
			S	EMESTER	VII					
BPT19701	PT in Neurological Disorders	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT19702	Community Based Physiotherapy – I	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT19703	Health Promotion and Fitness	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT19704	Cardiovascular & Pulmonary Conditions for Physiotherapist	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT19705	PT in Neurological disorders Practical.	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	25	50	50	100	
BPT19706*	Research Project I*	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT197E1	Tele Rehabilitation	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT197E2	Hospital and Healthcare services Marketing	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT19707*	Clinical Training - VII	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100	
			S	EMESTER '	VIII					
BPT19801	PT in Cardio Pulmonary Diseases	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT19802	Community Based Physiotherapy -II	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT19803	PT in Cardio Pulmonary Diseases & ICU Practical	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	25	50	50	100	
BPT19804	Community Based Physiotherapy – II Practical	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	25	50	50	100	
BPT198E1	Pediatric Physiotherapy	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT198E2	PTin Hand Conditions	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT19805	Evidence Based Practice	30	35	70	N/A	N/A	N/A	50	100	
BPT19806	Research Project II	50	N/A	N/A	N/A	25	50	50	100	
BPT19807*	Clinical Training- VIII	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	N/A	N/A	50	100	

SEMESTER – I

Course Code	C	ourse	Title		Credit				
	Core Course	DSE	Enhancement Course	Total hours	L	Т	P	С	
BPT19101	Human Anatomy – I		-	60	3	1		4	
BPT19102	Human Physiology –I		-	60	3	1		4	
BPT19103	Clinical Biochemistry		-	45	2	1		3	
BPT19104	Sociology		-	45	2	1		3	
BPT19105	-		English & Communication Skills	30	2	-	-	2	
BPT19106	Human Anatomy Practical –I		-	60			4	2	
BPT19107	Human Physiology Practical-I		-	30			2	1	
BPT19108*	-		Basic Computer Applications	30	2			2	
BPT19109*	-	-	Disaster Management	30	2	-	-	2	
BPT19110*	Clinical Training - I		-	90			6	2	
	Library			45		3			
		Tota	nl .			35		25	

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the University

BRUILEON OF THE STOTILE IN T										
	COURSETITLE: HUMAN ANATOMY – I									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19101									
					С	OURSE CRE	DIT			
HOURS / WEEK			TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER			CREDITS			S	
L	Т	Р	L	T	р	TOTAL HOURS	L	T	P	тот
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Classify tissues, joints and muscles.
- 2. Describe the embryological development of tissues of various systems.
- 3. Discuss about various components and contents of the Head, Neck & Thorax.
- 4. Define, state, list & discuss about musculatures of upper extremity.
- 5. Define, state, list & discuss about bones and joints of upper extremity.
- 6. Define and discuss about neuro anatomy.
- 7. Define and discuss about Cardio Vascular System.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	INTRODUCTION	12
	Histology:	
	General Histology, study of the basic tissues of the	
	body; Microscope, Cell, Epithelium, Connective	
	Tissue, Cartilage, Bone, Muscular tissue, Nerve	
	Tissue – TS & LS, Circulatory system – large sized	
	artery, medium sized artery, large sized vein,	
	lymphoid tissue, Skin and its appendages.	
	Embryology	
	a. Ovum, Spermatozoa, fertilization and formation of	
	the Germ layers and theirderivations.	
	b. Development of skin, Fascia, blood vessels,	
	lymphatic,	
	c. Developmentofbones, axial and appendicular	
	skeleton and muscles,	
	d. Neural tube, brain vessels and spinal cord,	
	e. Development of brain and brain stem structures	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING / LEARNING
2	Musculo Skeletal Anatomy-(Allthetopics to be taught in detail) a. Anatomical positions of body, axes, planes, common anatomical terminologies (Groove, tuberosity, trochanters etc) b. Connective tissue classification. c. Bones- Composition & functions, classification and types according tomorphology and development. d. Joints-definition-classification, structure of fibrous, cartilaginous joints, blood supply and nerve supply of joints. e. Muscles – origin, insertion, nerve supply and actions.	12
3	Upper Extremity i. Osteology: Clavicles, Scapula, Humerus, Radius, Ulna, Carpals, Metacarpals, Phalanges. ii. Soft parts: Breast, pectoral region, axilla, front of arm, back of arm, cubitalfossa, frontofforearm, back offorearm, palm, dorsumofhand, muscles, nerves, blood vessels and lymphatic drainage of upper extremity. Joints: Shoulder girdle, shoulder joint, elbow joints,	16
4	radio ulnar joint, wrist joint and joints of the hand. Arches ofhand, skinofthepalm and dorsumofhand. Head and Neck:	08
	 i. Osteology: Mandible and bones of the skull. ii. Soft parts: Muscles of the face and neck and their nerve and blood supply-extra ocular muscles, triangles of the neck. iii. Gross anatomy ofeyeball, nose, ears and tongue. 	
5	Neuro Anatomy Organization of Central Nervous system - Spinal nerves and autonomic nervous system mainly pertaining to cardiovascular, respiratory and urogenital system, Cranial nerves, Peripheral nervous system, Peripheral nerve,	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	Thorax:	
	Cardio – Vascular System Mediastinum:	
	i. Respiratory system - Outline of respiratory	
	passages:	
	ii. Diaphragm: Origin, insertion, nervesupply and	
	action, openings in the diaphragm.	
	iii. Intercostal muscles and Accessory muscles of respiration: Origin, insertion, nerve supply and action.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 Williams & Warwick, Gray's Anatomy-Churchill Livingstone.
- 2 B.D. Chaurasia, Human Anatomy-Volume 1, 2, 3 CBS Publishers & Distributors.
- 3 Snell-Clinical Anatomy-Lippincott.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY - I									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19102									
	COURSE CREDIT									
	OURS WEEK	•	TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CREDITS			
L	Т	P	L	T	P	тот				TOTAL CREDITS
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to :

- 1. Describe physiology of blood.
- 2. Discuss nerve muscle physiology.
- 3. Define and describe physiological functions of cardio vascular and respiratory system.
- 4. Define and describe physiological functions of Digestive system.
- 5. Define and describe physiological functions of Endocrine system.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	General Physiology a. Cell: Morphology. Organelles: their structure and functions b. Transport Mechanisms across the cell membrane c. Body fluids: Distribution, composition. Blood a. Introduction: Composition and functions of blood. b. Plasma: Composition, formation, functions. Plasma proteins. c. RBC: count and its variations. Erythropoiesis- stages, factors regulating. Reticulo-endothelial system (in brief) Haemoglobin – structure, function and derivatives Anemia (in detail), types of Jaundice. Blood indices, PCV, ESR. d. WBC: Classification. Morphology, functions, count, its	•
	variation of each. Immunity e. Platelets: Morphology, functions, count, its variations f. Hemostatic mechanisms: Blood coagulation—factors, mechanisms. Their disorders. Anticoagulants. g. Blood Groups: Landsteiner's law. Types, significance, determination, Erythroblastosis foetalis. h. Blood Transfusion: Cross matching. Indicationsand complications. i. Lymph: Composition, formation, circulation and functions.	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
Oitiis	THE OF CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING
2	Nerve Muscle Physiology a. Introduction: Resting membrane potential. Action potential – ionic basis and properties. b. Nerve: Structure and functions of neurons. Classification, Properties and impulse transmission ofnerve fibers. Nerve injury – degeneration and regeneration. c. Neuroglia: Types and functions. d. Muscle: Classification. Skeletal muscle: Structure. Neuromuscular junction: Structure. Neuromuscular transmission, myasthenia gravis. Excitation- Contraction coupling. Rigormortis.	08
3	Cardiovascular System Introduction: Physiological anatomy and nerve supply of the heart and blood vessels. Organisation of CVS. Cardiac muscles: Structure. Ionic basis of action potential and pacemaker potential. Properties of Conducting system, Cardiac Output, Arterial Blood Pressure, Regional Circulation, Cardiovascular changes during exercise.	08
4	Respiratory System - a. Introduction: Physiological anatomy — Pleura, tracheobronchialtree, alveolus, respiratory membrane and their nerve supply. Functions of respiratory system. Respiratory muscles. b. Mechanics of breathing: Intrapleural and Intrapulmonary pressure changes during respiration. Chest expansion. Lung compliance: Normal value, pressure-volume curve, factors affecting compliance and its variations. Surfactant — Composition, production, functions. Respiratory Distress Syndrome. c. Spirometry: Lung volumes and capacities. Timed vital capacity and its clinical significance. Maximum ventilation volume. Respiratory minute volume. d. Dead Space: Types and their definition. e. Pulmonary Circulation. Ventilation-perfusion ratio and its importance. f. Transport of respiratory gases: Diffusion across the respiratory membrane. Oxygen transport — Different forms, oxygen-haemoglobin dissociation curve. Factors affecting it. P50, Haldane and Bohreffect. Carbon dioxidetransport: Different forms, chloride shift. g. Regulation of Respiration: Neural Regulation. Hering-breuer's reflex. Voluntary control. Chemical Regulation.	16

1101170	BACHELOR OF PE							
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING						
	h. Hypoxia: Effects of hypoxia. Types of hypoxia. Hyperbaric oxygen therapy. Acclimatization Hypercapnoea. Asphyxia. Cyanosis – types and features. Dysbarism i. Disorders of Respiration: Dyspnoea. Orthopnoea. Hyperpnoea, hyperventilation, apnoea, tachypnoea. periodic breathing – types Artificial respiration j. Respiratory changes during exercise.							
5	Digestive System - a. Introduction: Physiology, anatomy and nerve supplyof alimentary canal. Enteric nervous system b. Salivary Secretion: Saliva: Composition. Functions. Regulation. Mastication (in brief) c. Swallowing: Definition. Different stages. Function. d. Stomach: Functions. Gastric juice: Gland, composition, function, regulation. Gastrin: Production, function and regulation. Peptic ulcer. Gastric motility. Gastric emptying. Vomiting. e. Pancreatic Secretion: Composition, production, function. Regulation. f. Liver: Functions of liver. Bile secretion: Composition, functions and regulation. Gall bladder: Functions. g. Intestine: Succusentericus: Composition, function and regulationof secretion. Intestinal motility and its function and regulation. h. Mechanism of Defecation.	16						
	Endocrine System: Major endocrine glands. Hormone: classification, mechanism of action. Functions of hormones a. Introduction: Major endocrine glands. Hormone: classification, mechanism of action. Functions of hormones b. PituitaryGland: Anterior Pituitary and PosteriorPituitary hormones: Secretory cells, action on target cells, regulation of secretion of each hormone. Disorders: Gigantism, Acromegaly, Dwarfism, Diabetes insipidus. Physiology of growth and development: hormonal and otherinfluences. c. Pituitary-Hypothalamic Relationship. d. Thyroid Gland: Thyroidhormone and calcitonin: secretory cells, synthesis, storage, action and regulation of secretion. Disorders: Myxedema, Cretinism, Grave's disease.							

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	e. Parathyroid hormones: secretory cell, action, regulation of	
	secretion. Disorders: Hypoparathyroidism. Hyperthyroidism.	
	Calcium metabolism and its regulation.	
	f. Adrenal Gland: Adrenal Cortex: Secretory cells, synthesis,	
	action, regulation of secretion of Aldosterone, Cortisol, and	
	Androgens. Disorders: Addison's disease, Cushing's syndrome,	
	Conn's syndrome, Adrenogenital syndrome.	
	g. Adrenal Medulla: Secretorycells, action, regulation of	
	secretion of adrenaline and noradrenaline. Disorders:	
	Phoechromocytoma.	
	h. EndocrinePancreas: Secretorycells, action, regulation of	
	secretion of insulin and glucagon. Glucose metabolism and its	
	regulation. Disorder: Diabetes mellitus.	
	i. Calcitrol, Thymus and Pineal gland (very brief).	
	j. Local Hormones. (Briefly) .	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Text book on Medical Physiology-By Guyton
- 2 Text Book of Medical Physiology Sembulingam Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers
- 3 Text book of physiology for physiotherapy Prof. A. K Jain.

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	Discribed of This other in									
	COURSE TITLE : CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY									
				(COURSE (CODE: BPT1	9103			
					cou	RSE CREDIT				
Н	OURS	/ WEEK	TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER			CREDITS				
L	Т	Р	Г	Т	Р	тот	L T		Р	тот
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to -

- 1. Describe structures & functions of cell in brief.
- 2. Describe biochemistry of connective tissues.
- 3. Discuss acid base balance.
- 4. Define nutrition, balance diet & nutritional disorders.
- 5. Describe Nucleotide and Nucleic acid Chemistry
- 6.Discuss role of enzymes.
- 7. Describe Carbohydrate Chemistry, Amino-acid Chemistry & Vitamins.
- 8. Discuss Carbohydrate Metabolism, Lipid Metabolism, Amino acid and Protein Metabolism

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Cell Biology - a. Introduction, Cell structure, Cell membrane structure and function, various typesofabsorption. Intracellularorganelles and their functions, briefly oncytoskeleton. b.Muscle Contraction - Contractile elements in muscle, briefly on the process of muscle contraction, Energy for muscle contraction. Biochemistry of Connective tissue - a. Introduction, various connective tissue proteins: Collagen, elastin - Structure and associated disorders. Glycoproteins, Proteoglycans. Acid-Base balance - a. Acids, bases andbuffers, pH. Buffersystemsofthebody, bicarbonate buffer system Role of lungs and kidneys in acid base balance, Acid base imbalance. Water balance — b. Water distribution in the body, Body water, water turnover, Regulation of water balance: role of ADH and thirst centre.	9

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	Electrolyte balance -	
	c. Osmolarity. Distribution of electrolytes.	
	d. Electrolytebalance: Roleof aldosterone, rennin angiotensin	
	system and ANF.	
	Clinical Biochemistry -	
	e. Normal levels of blood and urine constituents, Relevance of	
	blood and urine levels of Glucose, Urea, Uric acid, Creatinine,	
	Calcium, Phosphates, pH and Bicarbonate. Liver function	
	tests, Renal function tests	
2	Nutrition –	9
	a. Introduction, Importance of nutrition Calorific values,	
	Respiratory quotient – Definition, and its significance Energy	
	requirement of a person - Basal metabolic rate. Definition,	
	Normal values, factor affecting BMR Special dynamic action of	
	food.	
	b. Physical activities - Energy expenditure for various activities.	
	Calculation of energy requirement of a person	
	c. Balanced diet	
	i. Recommended dietary allowances	
	ii. Role of carbohydrates in diet: Digestible carbohydrates and	
	dietary fibers	
	iii. Role of lipids in diet	
	iv. Roleofproteins in diet: Quality ofproteins - Biological	
	value, net protein utilization, Nutritional aspects of proteins-	
	essential and non- essential amino acids. Nitrogen balance	
	v. Nutritional disorders.	-
3	Enzymes	5
	Definition, Active site, Cofactor (Coenzyme, Activator), Proenzyme. Classification with examples, Factors effecting	
	enzyme activity, Enzyme inhibition and significance,	
	Isoenzymes, Diagnostic enzymology (clinical significance of	
	enzymes)	
	Nucleotide and Nucleic acid Chemistry -	
	a. Nucleotide and indicate acid Chemistry -	
	free nucleotides in body.	
	b. Nucleic acid (DNA and RNA) chemistry: Difference between	
	DNA and RNA, Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model),	
		l .

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
ONTI	THE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	Functions of DNA. Structure and functions of tRNA, rRNA,	
	mRNA.	
4	Vitamins -	12
	a. Definition, classification according tosolubility,	
	b. Individual vitamins - Sources, Coenzyme forms, functions,	
	RDA, digestion, absorption and transport, deficiency and	
	toxicity.	
	Mineral Metabolism-	
	a. Definition, Sources, RDA, Digestion, absorption, transport,	
	excretion, functions, disorder of Individual minerals - Calcium,	
	phosphate, iron, Magnesium, fluoride, selenium, molybdenum,	
	copper. Phosphate, calcium and iron in detail.	
	Carbohydrate Chemistry –	
	a. Definition, general classification with examples, Glycosidic	
	bond	
	b. Structures, composition, sources, properties and functions	
	of Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Oligosaccharides and	
	Polysaccharides.	
	c. Glycosaminoglycan (mucopolysaccharides)	
	3. Lipid Chemistry –	
	a. Definition, general classification	
	b. Definition, classification, properties and functions of Fatty	
	acids, Triacylglycerol, Phospholipids, Cholesterol	
	c. Essential fatty acids and their importance	
	d. Lipoproteins: Definition, classification, properties, Sources	
	and function Ketone bodies	
	Amino-acid Chemistry –	
	a. Amino acid chemistry: Definition, Classification, Peptide	
	bonds	
	b. Peptides: Definition, Biologically important peptides	
	c. Proteinchemistry: Definition, Classification, Functions of	
	proteins	
5	Digestion and Absorption -	10
	a. General characteristics of digestion and absorption,	
	Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, proteins and lipids.	
	Disorders of digestion and absorption—Lactose intolerance.	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING / LEARNING
	Carbohydrate Metabolism - a. Introduction, Glycolysis – Aerobic, Anaerobic Citric acid cycle, Substrate level phosphorylation. b. Glycogenmetabolism – Glycogenesis, Glycogenolysis, Metabolic disorders glycogen, Gluconeogenesis, Cori cycle c. Hormonal regulation of glucose, Glycosuria, Diabetes mellitus.	
	Lipid Metabolism - a. Introduction to lipid metabolism, Lipolysis, Oxidation of fatty acids -oxidation of fatty acids, b. Lipogenesis - Denovo synthesisoffatty acids, chain elongation, desaturation, triacylglycerol synthesis, fat metabolism in adipose tissues d. Cholesterol metabolism: synthesis, degradation, cholesterol transport e. Hypercholesterolemia and its effects (atherosclerosis and coronary heart diseases) Hypocholesterolemic agents, Common hyperlipoproteinemia, Fatty liver Amino acid and Protein Metabolism - a. Catabolism of amino acids - Introduction, transamination, deamination, Fate of ammonia, transport of ammonia, Urea cycle b. Specialized products formed from amino acids - from glycine, arginine, methionine, phenylalanine and tyrosine.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Biochemistry-by-Dr. Satyanarayan
- 2 Text book of Biochemistry for Medical students by-Dr Vasudevan/ Shrikumar

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	Ditcheed of This other it									
	COURSE TITLE : SOCIOLOGY									
				COU	RSE CO	DE: BPT1910	04			
					COURS	E CREDIT				
H	HOURS / TOTAL HOURS PER SEMSTER CREDITS WEEK									
L	T	P	L	Т	P	тот	L	Т	P	тот
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

- 1. Define sociology
- 2. Describe sociological factors in health and diseases.
- 3. Define socialization.
- 4. Discuss the influence of family and community on health.
- 5. Discuss relationship between culture and health.
- 6. Describe social problems of disabled.
- 7. Discuss about social security.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Introduction: a. Meaning- Definition and scope ofsociology b. Its relation to Anthropology, Psychology, Social Psychology. c. Methods of Sociological investigations- Case study, social survey, questionnaire, Interview and opinion poll methods. d. Importance of its study with special reference to Health Care Professionals. Social Factors in Health and disease situations: a. Meaning of social factors b. Role of social factors in health and illness	9
2	Socialization: a. Meaning and nature of socialization. b. Primary, Secondary and Anticipatory socialization. c. Agencies of socialization.	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT					
	Social Groups: a. Concepts of social groups, influence of formal and informal groups on health and sickness. The role of primary groups and secondary groups in the hospital and rehabilitation setup.					
	Family: a. The family, meaning and definitions. b. Functions of types of family c. Changing family patterns d. Influence of family on the individuals health, family and nutrition, the effects of sickness in the family and psychosomatic disease and their importance to physiotherapy. Community: a. Rural community: Meaning and features – Health hazards of ruralities, health hazards to tribal community. b. Urban community: Meaning and features- Health hazards of urbanities.					
3	Culture and Health: a. Concept of Health b. ConceptofCulture c. Culture and Health d. Culture and Health Disorders Social change: a. Meaning of social changes. b. Factors of social changes. c. Human adaptation and social change d. Social change and stress. e. Social change and deviance. f. Social change and health programme g. The role of social planning in the improvement of health	10				
4	and rehabilitation. Social Problems of disabled: Consequences of the following social problems in relation to sickness and disability, remedies toprevent these problems. a. Population explosion b. Poverty and unemployment	9				

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	c. Beggary	
	d. Juvenile delinquency	
	e. Prostitution	
	f. Alchoholism	
	g. Problems of women in employment	
	h. Geriatric problems	
	i. Problems of underprivileged.	
5	Social Security:	5
	a. Social security and social legislation in relation to the	
	disabled.	
	Social worker:	
	a. Meaning of Social Work	
	b. The role of a Medical Social Worker	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Textbook of Sociology for Physiotherapy Students by Neeraja KP
- 2. Textbook OfSociology (For Physiotherapy And Bmlt Students) As PerThe Syllabus Prescribed By Mlt Council Of India By Neelam Kumari And Madhu Sharma
- 3. A Textbook of Sociology by <u>James Quayle Dealey</u>&<u>Lester Frank Ward</u>

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE: ENGLISH& COMMUNICATION SKILLS									
				COU	RSE C	ODE: BP	T1910	5		
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOUF	RS / W			HOURS	PER			CF	REDITS	
			SEMES	IEK						
L	T	Р	L	T	Р	тот	L	T	Р	тот
2	-	-	2	-	-	30	2	-	-	2

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

- 1. Develop good vocabulary skills for bettercommunication
- 2. Useeffective English topreparereport writing, letter writingand e-Correspondence.
- 3. Participate effectively in public speaking, debate & discussion.
- 4. Improve listening comprehension.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY Reading Comprehension Verb Forms, Right Words (Synonyms, Antonyms, Homonyms and One-Word Substitutes), Detection of Errors, Reported Speech & Transformation	6
2	Tenses Punctuation, Phrasesand Idioms, Precisewriting& Essay	4
3	COMPOSITION Resume Writing, Letter writing and e- Correspondence, Note-Making, Report Writing, Expansion of Proverbs and Ideas & Description of Pictures.	8
4	PHONETICS Public Speaking	4
5	Oral Report Discussion, Debate, Listening comprehension Audio, Video, Speeches	8

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Communicative English for Engineers and Professionals Kindle Edition by Nitin Bhatnagar ,Mamta Bhatnagar
- 2. English for Physiotherapy by Joanna Ciecierska

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	BITCHEEOR OF THIS OTHER I									
	COURSE TITLE : HUMAN ANATOMY PRACTICAL -I									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19106									
	COURSE CREDIT									
НО	JRS / V	VEEK	TC		OURS P	ER	CREDITS			
L	T	Р	L	Т	Р	TOT	L	Т	P	TOT
-	-	4	-	-	60	60	-	-	2	2

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

- 1. Locate various surface landmarks of body.
- 2. Identify bones of upper extremity, head and neck.
- 3. Recognize muscles, blood vessels, nerves and tissues of upper extremities in cadaver.
- 4. Recognize and identify anatomical parts of thorax.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Musculo Skeletal Anatomy - Anatomical positions of body, axes, planes, common anatomical terminologies (Groove, tuberosity, trochanters etc), Bones, Joints-definition-classification, structure of fibrous, cartilaginous joints, blood supply and nerve supply of joints. Muscles – origin, insertion, nerve supply and actions.	12
2	Upper Extremity Osteology: Clavicles, Scapula, Humerus, Radius, Ulna, Carpals, Metacarpals, Phalanges. Joints: Shoulder girdle, shoulder joint, elbow joints, radio ulnar joint, wrist joint and joints of the hand. Arches of hand, skin of the palm and dorsum of hand.	16
3	Soft parts: Breast, pectoralregion, axilla, frontof arm, back of arm, cubitalfossa, frontoffore arm, back offore arm, palm, dorsum of hand, muscles, nerves, blood vessels and lymphatic drainage of upper extremity. Thorax: Heart and blood vessels, Mediastinum, Lungs, Upperrespiratory tract, Diaphragm, Intercostal muscles and Accessory muscles of respiration	12

LIMITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
4	Head and Neck:	12
	i. Osteology: Mandible and bones of the skull.	
	ii. Soft parts: Muscles of the face and neck and their nerve	
	and blood supply-extra ocularmuscles, trianglesofthe	
	neck.	
	iii. Gross anatomy of eyeball, nose, ears and tongue.	
5	Neuro Anatomy	80
	Spinal nerves and autonomic nervous system, Cranial	
	nerves, Peripheral nerve, Central Nervous System, Spinal	
	segments and areas, Brain Stem, Cerebellum, Inferior	
	colliculi, Superior Colliculi, Thalamus, Hypothalamus,	
	Corpus striatum, Cerebral hemisphere, Lateral ventricles,	
	Blood supply to brain, Basal Ganglia, The pyramidal	
	system, Pons, medulla, extra pyramidal systems,	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Williams & Warwick, Gray's Anatomy-Churchill Livingstone.
- 2 B.D. Chaurasia, Human Anatomy-Volume 1, 2, 3 CBSPublishers & Distributors.
- 3 Snell-Clinical Anatomy-Lippincott.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION PRACTICALS

Sl. No	Components	Marks
1	10 Spotters (10 X 3=30)	30
2	Viva voce	20

	COURSE TITLE : HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY PRACTICAL – I									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19107									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER						(CREDIT	S	
L	T	Р	L	Т	P	TOT	L	T	Р	TOT
-	-	2	-	-	30	30			1	1

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate procedures to determine hematology findings.
- 2. Recognize the abnormalities in the hematology findings.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Study of Microscope and its uses Determination of WBC count	04
2	Differential leukocyte count Determination of RBC count	06
3	Determination of blood groups Estimation of hemoglobin	08
4	Determination of clotting time Determination of bleeding time	06
5	Determination of ESR Determination of PCV	06

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

PRACTICALS

Sl. No	Components	Marks
1	Spotters (10X3=30)	30
2	Viva voce	20

	BITCHEEOR OF THIS OTHER HIT									
	COURSE TITLE: BASIC COMPUTER APPLICATIONS									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19108									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER			_	CREDITS					
L	Т	Р	L	T	Р	тот	٦	Р	P	тот
2	-	-	30	-	-	30	2	-	-	2

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

- 1. Acquire knowledge about basics of computerapplications.
- 2. Get familiarity in Word Processing software, Spread sheet , Database creation & Powerpoint Presentations.
- 3. Develop skills in internet accessibility and download the relevant Subject Matter files/documents.
- 4. Learn the use of Internet services for Research and Documentation.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Introduction to Computers – Generations Of Computers - Data representation - Classifications of Computers - Computer Peripherals - Input and Output devices - Central Processor Unit (CPU) - Architecture of a digital computer - Memory unit ALU - Control Unit-Data Processing Systems & Stages	2
2	Introduction to windows:- Operating System-Basic functions-DOS and basic DOS commands- The windows (all versions)and start menu-windows features –Windows Accessories-Windows Desktop	6
3	Introduction to programming, Msword&Excel: - Introduction to Programming Languages - Data processing techniques - Modes of data processing Flowcharting techniques- Features of MS-WORD- Creationofnewdocuments & formattingtext-working with table. Intruduction to Excel-Opening a Worksheet- Formatting and editing cells-Entering & editing formulas-Creation of various types of charts.	6

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING / LEARNING
4	Introduction to Computer Networks & Multimedia: Computer Networks-Different Types-Local Area & Wide Area Networks-Types of WANS-Internet and Intranet-Web Page& Browser-URI-Search Engines and Emails. Definition & types of Multimedia-Hardware Requirements-Multimedia Irearning advantages- Computer Aided Teaching-Other applications of Multimedia	8
5	Introduction to Powerpoint-Different Presentations- Slide views-Working with Access-Creation of Database-different data types-Primary -Secondary Keys-Creation of tables & queries. Accessing Physio-therapy related websites and downloading documents and information, citing references from web sites. Preparing essays, summaries of Physio & Occupational therapy topics. Introduction to Statistical Packages-Features & Types of Statistical softwares Basics of Hospital Management System-Use for patient care	80

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- Basic Computer Knowledge Paperback December 29, 2016 by John Monyjok Maluth
- 2. A New Approach to Basic Computer Education, 2/e by D P Nagpal

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

Sl. No	Components	Marks
1	2 Skills (2 X 15=30)	30
2	Viva voce	20

Bitcheeok of This of the kin i											
COURSE TITLE : DISASTER MANAGEMENT											
	COURSE CODE: BPT19109										
	COURSE CREDIT										
HOURS	HOURS / WEEK			TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CREDITS			
L	Т	P	L	Т	Р	TOT	L	T	Р	TOT	
2	-	-	30	-	-	30	2	-	-	2	

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

- 1. Describe basic concepts in Disaster Management
- 2. Definetheterminologies usedin Disaster Management
- 3. Classify the types and Categories of Disasters
- 4. Discuss components of Disasters Relief.
- 5. Explain International aid in disaster management.
- 6.Describe Disaster Risk Management In India

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
1	Introduction to Disasters	6
	Concepts of Hazard, Vulnerability, Risks, Natural Disasters	
	(earthquake, Cyclone, Floods, Volcanoes), and Man Made	
	Disaster (Armed conflicts and civil strip, Technological	
	disasters, Human Settlement, Slow Disasters (famine, draught,	
	epidemics) and Rapid Onset Disasters(Air Crash, tidal waves,	
	Tsunami) Risks,	
2	Difference between Accidents and Disasters, Simple and	6
	Complex Disasters, Refugee problems, Political, Social	
	Economic impacts of Disaster. Disaster Risk Reduction	
	Strategies, Disaster Cycle, Phases of Disaster, Preparedness	
	Plans, Action Plans and Procedures, Early warning Systems	
	Models in disaster preparedness,	
3	Components of Disaster Relief-(Water, food, sanitation,	4
	shelter, Health and Waste Management), Community based	
	DRR, Structural non structural measures in DRR, Factors	
	affecting Vulnerabilities, Policies for Disaster Preparedness	
	Programs, Preparedness Planning, Roles and Responsibilities,	
	Public Awareness and Warnings, Conducting a participatory	
	capacity and vulnerability analysis, Survey of Activities During	
	Disasters, DRR Master Planning for the Future, Capacity	

	BACHELUK OF PHYSIC	
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	Building, Sphere Standards. Rehabilitation measures and long	
	term reconstruction. Psychosocial care provision during the	
	different phases of disaster.	
4	Disaster Risk Management In India	6
	Hazard and Vulnerability Profile India,, Disaster Management	
	Indian scenario, India's vulnerability profile, Disaster	
	Management Act 2005 and Policy guidelines, National Institute of	
	Disaster Management, , National Disaster Response Force	
	(NDRF)National Disaster Management Authority, States	
	Disaster Management Authority, District Disaster Management	
	Authority Cases Studies : Bhopal Gas Disaster, Gujarat Earth	
	Quake, Orissa Super-cyclone, south India Tsunami, Bihar	
	floods, Plague- Surat, Landslide in North East, Heat waves of	
	AP& Orissa, Cold waves in UP.	
5	Public Health Response And International Cooperation	8
	Principles of Disaster Epidemiology , Rapid Health	
	Assessment, Rapid Health needs assessment. Preventive and	
	prophylactic measures including , water, supply, food	
	fortification, food supplements, International cooperation in	
	fundingonpublichealth duringdisaster. Potential publichealth	
	problems before, during and after disasters. International	
	Health Regulation, United Nation International Strategy for	
	Disaster Risk Reduction (UNISDR), United Nation Disaster	
	Management Team, International Search and Rescue Advisory	
	Group, (INSARAG, Global Facility for Disaster Risk Reduction	
	(GFDRR), Asean Region Forum (ARF), Asian disaster	
	Reduction Centre (ADRC), SAARC 277 Disasters Management	
	Centre (SDMC), USAID), UNDAC,UNOCHA,USAR	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- Alexander david, Introduction in Confronting Catastrophe Oxford University Press,2000
- 2. CopplaPDamon, Introduction to International Diaaster management, 2007
- 3. Govt.of India: 2009 National Diaster Management Policy

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : CLINICAL TRAINING-I									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19110									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CREDITS					
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L	T	Р	тот
	-	6		-	90	90	-	-	6	2

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Collect demographical datas of patients in OPD and wards.
- 2. Identify the socioeconomic status of patients in OPD and wards.
- 3. Identify the Psycho social status of patients in OPD and wards.
- 4. Collect behavioral, personal& family history.
- 5. Understand operating system of hospital.

S.NO	TOPIC		HOURS
	1.	Organizational chart of PT department	
	2.	IP / OP Rules and Regulation	
	3.	Self Introduction	
	4.	Demographic data Collection	
	5.	Socioeconomic history collection	
	6.	Social behavior and its influence on health	

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

FINAL EXAMINATION WRITTEN EXAMINATION (50 MARKS)

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	Case presentation (2X 25= 50)	50

SEMESTER - II

COURSE	COU	RSE TI	TLE		Н	OU	RS	
CODE	Core Course	DSE	Enhancement Course	Total Hours	L	T	Р	С
BPT19201	Human Anatomy –II		-	60	3	1		4
BPT19202	Human Physiology – II		-	60	3	1		4
BPT19203	Biomechanics I		-	60	3	1		4
BPT19204	Psychology		-	45	2	1		3
BPT19205	Human Anatomy Practical – II		-	60			4	2
BPT19206	Human Physiology Practical –II		-	60			4	2
BPT19207*	-		First Aid & BLS	45	1		2	2
BPT19208*	-		Environmental Science	15	1			1
BPT19209*			Introduction To healthcare delivery System in India	15	1	-	-	1
BPT19210*	Clinical Training - II			90			6	2
Library				15	•	1		
	Total					35		25

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the University

	Bitchebox of Thistothern 1									
	COURSE TITLE : HUMAN ANATOMY -II									
			COU	RSE C	ODE	: BPT19	201			
				COU	RSE (CREDIT				
но	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CRE	DITS				
Т	Т	Р	Т	T	Р	тот	L	Т	P	тот
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

At the end of the course student will be able to :

- 1.Define, state, list& discuss about musculatures of Lower extremity.
- 2. Define, state, list & discuss about bones and joints of Lower extremity.
- 3. Define and discuss about Endocrine glands.
- 4. Discuss about various components and contents of abdomen and pelvis.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Lower Extremity Osteology: Hip bone, femur, tibia, fibula, patella, tarsals, metartarsals and phalanges	14
2	Muscle of Lower Limb: Origin, Insertion, Nerve supply and Action ofall themuscle of lower limb	14
3	Joints: Hip Joint, Knee joint, Ankle joint, joints of the foot	14
4	.Soft parts: Gluteal region, front and back of the thigh (Femoral triangle, femoral canal and inguinal canal), media side of the thigh (Adductor canal), lateral side of the thigh, popliteal fossa, anterior and posterior compartment of leg, sole of the foot, lymphatic drainage of lower limb, venous drainage ofthelowerlimb, arterial supplyofthelowerlimb, arches of foot, skin of foot. Pelvis: Position, shape, size, features, blood supply and nerve supply of the male and female reproductive system.	
5	Abdomen : Peritoneum: Parietal peritoneum, visceral peritoneum, folds ofperitoneum, functions ofperitoneum, Large blood vessels of the gut,Location, size, shape, features, blood supply, nerve supply and functions of the	10

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	following: stomach, liver, spleen, pancreas, kidney, urinary	
	bladder, intestines, gall bladder.	
	Endocrine Glands: Position, shape, size, function, blood	
	supply and nerve supply of the following glands:	
	Hypothalamus and pituitary gland, thyroid glands,	
	parathyroid glands, Adrenal glands, pancreatic islets,	
	ovaries and testes, pineal glands, thymus.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 Williams & Warwick, Gray's Anatomy-Churchill Livingstone.
- 2 B.D. Chaurasia, Human Anatomy-Volume 1, 2, 3 CBS Publishers & Distributors.
- 3 Snell-Clinical Anatomy-Lippincott.

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY- II COURSE CODE: BPT19202									
				COU	RSE C	REDIT				
НО	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CRE	DITS				
L	Т	Р	L	T	Р	тот	L T P T		тот	
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Describe physiology of special senses.
- 2.Discuss Exercise physiology.
- 3. Define and describe physiological functions of Nervous system.
- 4. Define and describe physiological functions of Renal system.
- 5. Define and describe physiological functions of Reproductive system.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	a. Vision: Introduction: Functional anatomy ofeyeball. Functions of cornea, iris, pupil, aqueous humor — glaucoma, lens—cataract, vitreoushumor, rods and cones. Photopic vision. Scotopic vision. b. Visual Pathway and the effects oflesions. c. Refractive Errors: myopia, hypermetropia, presbyopia and astigmatism. d. Visual Reflexes: Accommodation, Pupillary and Light. Visual acuity and Visual field. Light adaptation. Dark adaptation.Color vision — color blindness. Nyctalopia. e. Audition: Physiological anatomy of the ear. Functions ofexternal ear, middleear and innerear. Structure of Cochlea and organ of corti. Auditory pathway. Types of Deafness. Tests for hearing. Audiometry. f. Taste: Taste buds. Primary tastes. Gustatory pathway. g. Smell: Olfactory membrane. Olfactory pathway. h. Vestibular Apparatus: Crista ampullaris and macula. Funcions. Disorders	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING / LEARNING
		ELANIMO
2	NERVOUS SYSTEM -	16
	a. Introduction: Organisation of CNS – central and	
	peripheral nervous system. Functions of nervous system.	
	Synapse: Functional anatomy, classification, Synaptic transmission. Properties.	
	b. Sensory Mechanism: Sensory receptors: function,	
	classification and properties. Sensory pathway: The	
	ascending tracts – Posterior column tracts, lateral	
	spinothalamic tract and theanteriorspinothalamic tract –	
	their origin, course, termination and functions. The	
	trigeminal pathway. Sensory cortex. Somatic sensations:	
	crude touch, fine touch, tactile localization, tactile	
	discrimination, stereognosis, vibration sense, kinesthetic	
	sensations. Pain sensation: mechanism of pain.	
	Cutaneous pain —slow and fast pain, hyperalgesia. Deep	
	pain. Visceral pain – referred pain. Gate control theory of	
	pain. tabes dorsalis, sensory ataxia.	
	c. Motor Mechanism: Motor Cortex. Motor pathway: The	
	descendingtracts– pyramidal tracts, extrapyramidal	
	tracts – origin, course, termination and functions. Upper	
	motor neuron and lower motor neuron. Paralysis,	
	monoplegia, paraplegia, hemiplegia and quadriplegia. d. Reflex Action: components, Bell-Magendie law,	
	classification and Properties. Monosynaptic and	
	polysynaptic reflexes, superficial reflexes, deep	
	reflexes.Stretch reflex– structure of muscle spindle,	
	pathway, highercontroland functions. Inversestretch	
	reflex. Muscletone– definition, and propertieshypotonia,	
	atonia and hypertonia. UMNL and LMNL	
	e. Spinal cord Lesions: Complete transection and	
	Hemisection of the spinal cord.	
	f. Cerebellum: Functions. Cerebellar ataxia.	
	g. Posture and Equilibrium: Postural reflexes – spinal,	
	medullary, midbrain and cerebral reflexes.	
	h. Thalamus and Hypothalamus: Nuclei. Functions.	
	Thalamic syndrome	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	i. Reticular Formation and Limbic System: Components	
	and Functions.	
	j. Basal Ganglia: Structures included and functions.	
	Parkinson's disease.	
	Cerebral Cortex: Lobes. Brodmann's areas and their	
	functions. Higher functions of cerebral cortex – learning, memory and speech.	
	l. EEG:Waves and features. Sleep: REMand NREMsleep.	
	m. CSF: Formation, composition, circulation and	
	functions. Lumbar puncture and its significance. Blood	
	brain barrier. Hydrocephalus.	
	n. ANS: Features and actions of parasymapathetic and	
	sympathetic nervous system.	
3	RENAL SYSTEM -	08
	a. Introduction: Physiological anatomy. Nephrons -	
	cortical and juxtamedullary. Juxta-glomerular apparatus.	
	Glomerular membrane. Renal bloodflow and its regulation.	
	Functions of kidneys.	
	b. Mechanism of Urine Formation: Glomerular Filtration	
	Mechanism of glomerular filtration. GFR – normal value	
	and factors affecting. Renal clearance. Inulin clearance Creatinine clearance.	
	c. Tubular Reabsorption: Reabsorption of Na+, glucose,	
	HCO3-, urea and water. Filtered load. Renal tubular	
	transport maximum. Glucose clearance: TmG. Rena	
	threshold for glucose.	
	d. Tubular Secretion: Secretion of H+ and K+. PAH	
	clearance.	
	e. Mechanism of concentrating and diluting the Urine	
	Counter-current mechanism. Regulation of water	
	excretion. Diuresis. Diuretics.	
	f. Micturition: Mechanism of micturition. Cystometrogram.	
	Atonic bladder, automatic bladder.	
	g. Acid-Base balance (very brief)	
	h. Artificial Kidney: Principle ofhaemodialysis.	
	i. Skin and temperature regulation.	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
4	REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM -	08
	a. Introduction: Physiological anatomy reproductive	
	organs. Sex determination. Sex differentiation. Disorder	
	b. Male Reproductive System: Functions oftestes. Pubertal	
	changes in males. Spermatogenesis. Testosterone: action.	
	Regulation of secretion. Semen.	
	c. Female Reproductive System: Functions of ovaries and	
	uterus. Pubertal changes in females. Oogenesis	
	Hormones: estrogen and progesterone-action. Regulation	
	of secretion. Mentrual Cycle: Phases. Ovarian cycle	
	Uterine cycle. Hormonal basis. Menarche. Menopause	
	Pregnancy: Pregnancy tests. Physiological changes during	
	pregnancy. Functionsofplacenta.Lactation. Contraception	
	methods	
5	PHYSIOLOGY OF EXERCISE –	16
	a. Effects of acute and chronic exercise on	
	i. O2 transport	
	ii. Muscle strength/power/endurance	
	iii. B.M.R. /R.Q.	
	iv. Hormonal and metabolic effect	
	v. Cardiovascular system	
	vi. Respiratory system	
	vii. Body fluids and electrolyte	
	b. Effect of gravity / altitude /acceleration / pressure on	
	physical parameters	
	c. Physiology of Age	
	Pulmonary Functions	
1	a. Properties of gases, Mechanics of respiration, Diffusion	
	capacity, special features of pulmonary circulation and	
	their application.	
1	b. Respiratory adjustments in exercises.	
1	c. Artificial respiration	
	d. Breath sounds.	
	Cardio vascular Functions	
	a. Blood flow through arteries, arterioles, capillaries, veins	
1	and venuoles.	
	b. Circulation of Lymph, Oedema	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
Oitiis	THE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	c. Factors affecting cardiac output.	
	d. Circulatory adjustment in exercise and in postural and	
	gravitational changes,	
	e. Pathophysiology of fainting and heart failure.	
	Muscles and Nervous System Functions	
	a. Peripheral nervous system, neuromuscular	
	transmission, Types of nerve fibers.	
	b. Action potential, Strength-duration curve, ECG, EMG,	
	VEP, NCV	
	c. Degeneration and regeneration of nerve, Reactions of denervations.	
	d. Synaptic transmission, Stretch reflex- Mechanism and	
	factors affecting it.	
	e. Posture, Balance and Equilibrium/Coordination of	
	voluntary movement.	
	f. Voluntary motor action, clonus, Rigidity, incoordination.	
	g. Special senses- Vision, taste, hearing, vestibular,	
	Olfaction	
	h. Sympathetic and Parasympathetic regulation,	
	Thermoregulation.	
	4. Blood functions	
	a. Thalassemia Syndrome, Hemophilia, VWF	
	b. Anemia, Leukocytosis	
	c. Bone marrow transplant	
	5. Metabolic Functions	
	a. Diabetes Mellitus, Physiological basis of Peptic Ulcer,	
	Jaundice, GIT disorders and Dietary fiber, Thyroid	
	functions, Vitamins deficiency.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Text book on Medical Physiology-By Guyton
- 2 Text Book of Medical Physiology Sembulingam
- 3 Text book of physiology for physiotherapy Prof. A. K Jain.

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

Bitcheed of This other i										
COURSE TITLE : BIOMECHANICS - I										
	COURSE CODE: BPT19203									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER							C	REDITS	
T	T T P L T P TOT				L	T	Р	TOT		
3	1	-	45	15	•	60	3	1	-	4

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Define and describe basic concepts in Biomechanics.
- 2. Classify joints and describe joint structures & its functions.
- 3. Discuss biomechanics of movements at joints related to planes and axis.
- 4. Classify muscle and describe muscle structures & its functions.
- 5. Discuss biomechanics of muscle related to force production.
- 6. Describe Biomechanics of the Thorax and Chest wall.
- 7. Describe Biomechanics of The Temporo mandibular Joint.
- 8. Describe Biomechanics of vertebral column.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Basic Concepts in Biomechanics: Kinematicsand Kinetics a. Types of Motion b. Location of Motionc. Direction of Motion d. Magnitude of Motion e. Definition of Forces f. Force of Gravity g. Reaction forces h. Equilibrium i. Objects in Motion j. Force of friction k. Concurrent force systems I. Parallel force system,m. Work n. Moment arm of force o. Force components p. Equilibrium of levers	08
2	Joint structure and Function - a. Joint design b. Materials used in human joints c. General properties of connective tissues d. Human joint design e. Joint function f. Joint motion g. Generaleffects ofdisease, injuryandimmobilization.	12
3	Muscle structure and function - a. Mobility and stability functions ofmuscles b. Elements of muscle structure c. Muscle function d. Effects of immobilization, injury and aging	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
4	Biomechanics of the Thorax and Chest wall -	12
	a. General structure and function	
	b. Rib cage and the muscles associated with the rib cage	
	c. Ventilatory motions: its coordination and integration	
	d. Developmental aspects of structure and function	
	e. Changes in normal structure and function in relation to	
	pregnancy, scoliosis and COPD	
	The Temporomandibular Joint-	
	a. General features, structure, function and dysfunction	
5	The Vertebral Column	16
	a. Describe the general structure and function of the	
	vertebral column,.	
	b. Describe factors affecting stability and mobility.	
	c. Regional structure and function of cervical, dorsal,	
	lumbar and sacral vertebrae.	
	d. Motions of the vertebral column.	
	e. Lumbar-pelvic rhythm.	
	f. Rotation of the vertebrae in each region.	
	g. Movements of the ribs duringrotation.	
	h. Describe the muscles of the vertebral column, flexors,	
	extensor, rotators and lateral flexors.	
	i. Describe the effects of injury, developmental deficits,	
	defects in vertebrae	
	j. 10. Forces acting on the vertebral column during	
	specific motions.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 Joint structure and function Cynthia Norkin
- 2 Textbook of Biomechanics by Subrata Pal
- 3 Kinesiology and Biomechanics by Bhartendu Kumar

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : PSYCHOLOGY										
	COURSE CODE: BPT19204										
	COURSE CREDIT										
F	IOURS / WI	EEK	TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CREDITS				
L	Т	P	L T P TOT L T				Р	тот			
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3	

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to

- 1. Define psychology of attention, perception and motivation.
- 2. Describe causes and management of frustration and conflict.
- 3. Discuss about intelligence, thinking and learning.
- 4. Describe personality and methods to assess personality.
- 5. Classify and describe social psychology and clinicalpsychology.
- 6. List importance of psychology in physiother apymanagement of patients.

	T	
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
1	Introduction To Psychology: Schools: Structuralism	07
	functionalism, behaviorism, Psychoanalysis. Methods	
	Introspection, observation, inventory and experimenta	
	method. Branches: pure psychology and applied psychology	
	Psychology and physiotherapy	
	Growth and Development: Life span: Different stages of	
	development (Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood	
	middle age, old age). Heredity and environment: role of	
	heredity and environment in physical and psychological	
	development, "Nature v/s Nurture controversy".	
2	Sensation, Attention And Perception	08
	Sensation: Vision, Hearing, Olfactory, Gustatory and	
	Cutaneous sensation, movement, equilibrium and visceral	
	sense.	
	Attention: Types of attention, Determinants of attention	
	(subjective determinants and objective determinants).	

LIMITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
UNITS	ITTLE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
	Perception: Gestalt principles of organization of perception (principle of figure ground and principles of grouping) factors influencing perception (past experience and context). Illusion and hallucination: different types. Motivation Motivation cycle (need, drive, incentive, reward), Classification of motives. Abraham Maslow's theory of need hierarchy	LEARNING
3	Frustration And Conflict Frustration: sources of frustration. Conflict: types of conflict. Management of frustration and conflict Emotions Three levels of analysis of emotion (physiological level subjective state, and overt behavior), Theories of emotion, Stress and management of stress. Intelligence: Theories of intelligence, Distribution of intelligence &Assessment of intelligence Thinking: Reasoning: deductive and inductive reasoning, Problem solving: rules in problem solving (algorithm and heuristic) &Creative thinking: steps in creative thinking, traits of creative people	10
4	Learning: Factors effecting learning, Theories of learning trial and error learning, classical conditioning, Operant conditioning, insight learning, social learning theory, The effective ways to learn: Massed/Spaced, Whole/Part Recitation/Reading, Serial/Free recall, Incidental/Intentional learning, Knowledge of results, association, organization, and mnemonic methods. Personality: Approaches to personality: type & trait behavioristic, psychoanalytic and humanistic approach Personality assessment: observation, situational test questionnaire, rating scale, interview, and projective techniques. Defense Mechanisms: denial of reality rationalization, projection, reaction formation, identification, repression, regression, intellectualization, undoing, introjection, acting out.	

	BACHELOR OF THE	SIOTHERAL I
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
5	Social Psychology: Leadership: Different types of leaders.	80
	Different theoretical approaches to leadership. Attitude:	
	development of attitude. Change of attitude.	
	Clinical Psychology: Models of training, abnormal behavior	
	assessment, clinical judgment, psychotherapy, self-	
	management methods, physiotherapist patient interaction,	
	aggression, self-imaging, stress management, assertive	
	training, Group therapy, Body awareness, Pediatric, child	
	and geriatric clinical psychology.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 General Psychology S.K. Mangal
- 2 Foundations and applications of Indian psychology by Matthijs Cornelissen , Girishwar Misra
- 3 Psychology For Physiotherapists by Ramalingam Thangamant

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	BREHELOR OF THIS OTHER HT									
	COURSE TITLE: HUMAN ANATOMY PRACTICAL-II									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19205									
	COURSE CREDIT									
Н	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER							CREI	OITS	
L	T	P	L	Т	Р	TOT	L T P TOT			
-	•	4	-	-	60	60	-	-	2	2

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to

- 1. Locate various surface landmarks of body.
- 2. Identify bones of lower extremity, abdomen andpelvis.
- 3. Recognizemuscles, bloodvessels, nerves and tissues of lower extremities in cadaver.
- 4. Recognize and identify anatomical parts of abdomen.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Lower Extremity Osteology: Hip bone, femur, tibia, fibula, patella, tarsals, metartarsals and phalanges	12
2	Muscle of Lower Limb : Origin, Insertion, Nerve supply and Action of all the muscle of lowerlimb	12
3	Joints : Hip Joint, Knee joint, Ankle joint, joints of the foot.	14
4	Soft parts: Gluteal region, front and back of the thigh (Femoral triangle, femoral canal and inguinal canal), medialsideofthethigh (Adductor canal), lateralsideof the thigh, popliteal fossa, anterior and posterior compartment of leg, sole of the foot, lymphatic drainage of lower limb, venous drainage of the lower limb, arterial supply of the lower limb, arches of foot, skin of foot.	08
5	Abdomen: i. Large blood vessels of the gut. ii. Location, size, shape, features, blood supply, nerve supply and functionsofthefollowing: stomach, liver, spleen, pancreas, kidney, urinary bladder, intestines, gall bladder. Pelvis: Position, shape, size, features, bloodsupply and nerve supply of the male and female reproductive system.	14

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 Williams & Warwick, Gray's Anatomy-Churchill Livingstone.
- 2 B.D. Chaurasia, Human Anatomy-Volume 1, 2, 3 CBS Publishers & Distributors.
- 3 Snell-Clinical Anatomy-Lippincott.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

PRACTICALS

Sr. No	Components	Marks
1	10 Spotters (10 X 3=30)	30
2	Viva voce	20

	COURSE TITLE : HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY PRACTICAL - II COURSE CODE: BPT19206									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS/WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTI			/IESTER	R CREDITS						
L	T	Р	L	T	P	тот	L	T	P	тот
-	-	4	-	-	4	60	-	-	4	2

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to

- 1. Demonstrate procedures to determine pulses and blood pressure.
- 2. Demonstrate procedures to examine sensory system & motor system
- 3. Demonstrate procedures to examine respiratory system & cardio vascular system.
- 4. Recognize the abnormalities in the ECG and spirometry findings.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Clinical Examination Examination of Radial pulse. Recording of bloodpressure	12
2	Examination of CVS Examination of Respiratory system	14
3	Examination of Sensory system Examination of Motor System	14
4	Examination of reflexes Examination of cranial nerves	12
5	Spirometry Artificial Respiration ECG	08

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Text book on Medical Physiology-By Guyton
- 2 Text Book of Medical Physiology Sembulingam
- 3 Text book of physiology for physiotherapy Prof. A. K Jain.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

PRACTICALS

Sr. No	Components	Marks
1	Spotters (10X3=30)	30
2	Viva voce	20

	BACHELOR OF THIS OTHERALL									
	COURSE TITLE : FIRST AID & BLS									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19207									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER					STER		CREE	DITS		
L	Т	P	L	Т	Р	TOT	L	Т	Р	TOT
1	-	2	15	-	30	45	1	-	1	2

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to

- 1. Define first aid and describe first aid emergencies.
- 2. Describerespiratory emergencies and community emergencies.
- 3. Describe first aid for Skeletal injuries, Wounds and Hemorrhage.
- 4. Define shock and unconsciousness.
- 5. Describe and demonstrate transportation of theinjured.
- 6. Describe and demonstrate Basic Life Support.

LIBUTO	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
1	Introduction Definition of first aid. Importance of first aid,	10
	Golden rules of first aid, Scope and concept of emergency.	
	First aid emergencies	
	1. Burns & Scalds: Causes, Degrees of burns, First aid	
	treatment, General treatment.	
	2. Poisoning: Classification (irritants, acid, alkali, narcotics),	
	Signsandsymptoms. Firstaidtreatment, General treatment.	
	3. Trauma due to foreign body intrusion: Eye, ear, nose,	
	throat, stomach and lungs.	
	4. Bites: First aid, signs, symptoms and treatment.	
	a) Dog bite : rabies	
	b) Snake bite : neurotoxin, bleedingdiathesis	
2	Skeletal injuries	10
	Definition: Types offracturesofvarious parts ofthebody	
	Causes, Signs and Symptoms. Rules of treatment	
	Transportation of patient with fracture and spinal cord	
	injuries. First aid measures in dislocation of joints	
	Treatment of muscle injuries.	
	,	

	BACHELOR OF PHY	<u>SIUTHEKAPY</u>
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	Respiratory emergencies: 1. Asphyxia: Etiology, Signs & Symptoms, rules of treatment. 2. Drowning: Definition and management. 3. Artificial respiration: Types andtechniques.	
3	Wounds and Hemorrhage 1. Broad outline of Anatomy and Physiology of the circulatory system. 2. Wounds: Classification, management. 3. Hemorrhages: Classification, signs and symptoms, rules for treatment of hemorrhage. 4. Treatment of hemorrhage from special areas (Scalp, mouth, nose, ear, palm and various veins). 5. Internal hemorrhages: Visible and concealed. Shock and unconsciousness Definition: Types of shock, Common causes of shock, signsandsymptomsofshock (assessment ofestablished shock). General and special treatment of established shock.	10
4	Transportation of the injured 1. Methods of transportation: Single helper, Hand seat, Stretcher, Wheeled transport (ambulance). 2. Precautions taken: Blanket lift, Air and Sea travel. Community emergencies Role of first aider (immediate and late) in fires, explosions, floods, earthquakes. Community resources Police Assistance, Voluntary agencies (local, National, International). Ambulance services (Functions).	10
5	Basic Life Support – AHA Guidelines	5

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Physiotherapy, Health, First Aid and Kinesiology in Physical Education by Dr. Md. Ataullah Jagirdar
- 2 First Aid and Emergency Management by Surabhi Arya

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL FXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

FINAL EXAMINATION WRITTEN EXAMINATION (20 MARKS)

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	MCQ	10×1=10 Marks
2	Short Notes (3 out of 4)	5×2=10 Marks

PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (30 MARKS)

S.NO.	COMPONENT	MARKS
1	Practical (Two Situations)	2×15=30 Marks

	COURSE TITLE : ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE COURSE CODE: BPT19208									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CRE	DITS					
L	T	Р	L	T	P	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
1	1	-	15	-	-	15	1	-	-	1

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to

- 1. Define environmental science and its multidisciplinary nature.
- 2. Classify natural resources and its methods of preservations.
- 3. Describe the Structure and function of an ecosystem.
- 4. Describe environment ethics and Acts to preserve environment.
- 5. Discuss environment and human health.
- 6. Describe Role of Information Technology in Environment and Human health

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	The Multidisciplinary Nature Of Environmental Studies Definition, Scope and importance Need for public awareness.	2
2	Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources: Natural resources and associate problem Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. timber extraction, mining, dams and theireffectson forest and tribal people. Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams benefits and problems. Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modernagriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources. use of alternate energy sources, case studies. Role of individual in conservation of natural resources.	4

LIMITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
ONITS	THE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
		LEARNING
3	Ecosystems	3
	Concept of an ecosystem.	
	Structure and function of an ecosystem.	
	Producers, consumers and decomposers.	
	Energy flow in the ecosystem.	
	Ecological succession.	
	 Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. 	
	introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and	
	function of	
	the following ecosystem :-	
	a. Forest ecosystem	
	b. Grassland ecosystem	
	c. Desert ecosystem	
	d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans,	
	estuaries)	
4	Social Issues And The Environment	4
	a) Urban problems related to energy	
	b) Water conservation. rain water harvesting, watershed	
	management	
	Environmental ethics: issues and possible solutions.	
	Climate change. global warm inc_ acid rain, ozone laver	
	depiction.	
	nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case studies.	
	Wasteland reclamation.	
	a) Consumerism and aste products.	
	b) Environment Protection Act	
	Air(Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act.	
	a) Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act	
	b) Wildlife Protection Act	
	c) Forest Conservation Act	
	d) Issues involved in enforcementofenvironmental	
	legislation.	
	e) • Public awareness.	
5	Human Population And The Environment	2
	a) Population growth, variation among nations.	
	b) Population explosion — Family Welfare Programme.	
	c) Environment and human health.	
	d) Human Rights.	
	Role of Information Technology in Environment and Human	
	health.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 Agarwal, K.C.2001 Environmental Biology, Nidi Publ. Ltd. Bikaner
- Bharucha Erach, The Biodiversity of India, Mapin Publishing Pvt. Ltd. , Ahmedabad — 380 013, India
- 3 Jadhay. 11 & Bhosale, V.M. 1995. Environmental Protection and Laws. Himalaya Pub. House, Delhi 284 p.
- 4 Trivedi R.K., Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and Standards, Vol I and II, Enviro Media (R)

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

C	COURSE TITLE: INTRODUCTION TO HEALTHCARE DELIVERY SYSTEM IN									
	INDIA									
			C	OURSI	E CODE: E	3PT19	209			
	COURSE CREDIT									
НО	URS	S / WEEK	TOTAL HO	OURS F	PER SEME	STER		(CREDITS	;
L	Т	Р	L	T	Р	TOT	L	T	Р	тот
1	-	-	15	-	-	15	1	-	-	1

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to

- 1. Describe Indian healthcare delivery system of India.
- 2. Describe National Health Programme of India.
- 3. Discuss health scenario of India.
- 4. Explain concepts of demography.
- 5. List recording of vital statistics.
- 6. Describe Principles of Epidemiology.
- 7. Describe Epidemiologyofcommunicable& non-communicablediseases

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Introduction to healthcare delivery system a. Healthcare delivery system in India at primary, secondary and tertiary care b. Community participation in healthcare delivery system c. Health system in developed countries. d. Private Sector e. National Health Mission f. National Health Policy g. Issues in Health Care Delivery System in India	4
2	National Health Programme- Backgroundobjectives, action plan, targets, operations, achievements and constraints in various National Heath Programme.	3
3	Health scenario of India- past, present and future	2
4	Demography & Vital Statistics- a. Demography – its concept b. Vital events of life & its impact on demography c. Significance and recording of vitalstatistics	4

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	d. Census & its impact on health policy	
5	Epidemiology e. Principles of Epidemiology f. Natural History of disease g. Methods of Epidemiological studies h. Epidemiology of communicable & non-communicable diseases, disease transmission, host defense immunizing agents, cold chain, immunization, disease monitoring and surveillance.	2

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- Introduction to Healthcare Delivery Organizations: Functions and Management, Fourth Edition Hardcover – August 1, 1999 by Beverly LeBov Sloane
- 2 Healthcare Services Delivery in India: Special Reference to Mother and Child Health Ajith Paninchukunnath

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

COURSE TITLE : CLINICAL TRAINING-II COURSE CODE: BPT19210										
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	RS / W	EEK	_		HOURS PER CREDITS MESTER			S		
L	T	P	L	T	Р	TOT L P SPT T			тот	
-	-	6	-	-	90	90	-	-	6	2

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1.Collect demographical datas of patients in OPD and wards.
- 2. Indentify the socioeconomic status of patients in OPD and wards.
- 3. Indentify the Psychosocial status of patients in OPD and wards.
- 4. Collect behavioral, personal & family history.
- 5. Understand operating system of hospital.

S.NO	TOPIC	HOURS
1.	Organizational chart of PT department	
2.	IP / OP Rules and Regulation	
3.	Self Introduction	
4.	Demographic data Collection	
5.	Socioeconomic history collection	
6.	Social behavior and its influence on health	

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

FINAL EXAMINATION

WRITTEN EXAMINATION (50 MARKS)

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	Case presentation (2X 25= 50)	50

SEMESTER - III

COURSE	COURS	SE TITLI	E	CREDITS				
CODE	Core Course	Core Course DSE Enhancement Course		Total Hours	L	Т	Р	С
BPT19301	Biomechanics – II	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19302	Exercise therapy -I	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19303	Pathology		-	45	2	1		3
BPT19304	Microbiology		-	45	2	1		3
BPT19305	Pharmacology		-	30	2			2
BPT19306	Biomechanics - II Practical	-	-	60			4	2
BPT19307	Exercise therapy -I Practical	-	-	120			8	4
BPT19308*	Clinical Training -III	-	-	90			6	2
-	Library			15		1		
	Total		3!	5	2	4		

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the University

	COURSE TITLE : BIOMECHANICS -II									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19301									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOUR	s/w	EEK	TOTAL	HOURS	PER SEM	ESTER		CRED	ITS	
L	T	Р	L	Т	Р	TOT	L T P TOT			TOT
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	4	-	-	4

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Describe Biomechanics of the shoulder complex.
- Describe Biomechanics of the elbow Joint.
- 3. Describe Biomechanics of wrist joint and hand complex.
- 4. Describe Biomechanics of the hip Joint.
- 5. Describe Biomechanics of the knee and ankle complex.
- 6. Define and discuss biomechanical analysis of human gait.
- 7. Define and discuss biomechanical analysis of human posture.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	The shoulder complex and The elbow complex a. The shoulder complex: Structure and components of the shoulder complex and their integrated function b. The elbow complex: Structure and function of the elbow joint – humeroulnar and humeroradial articulations, superior and inferiorradioulnar joints; mobility and stability of the elbow complex; the effects of immobilization and injury.	12
2	The wrist and hand complex: Structural components and functions of the wrist complex; structure of the hand complex; functional position of the wrist and hand.	08
3	The Hip Complex: structure and function of the hip joint; hip joint pathology- arthrosis, fracture, bony abnormalities of the femur: The Knee Complex: structure and function of the knee joint – tibiofemoral joint and patellofemoral joint; effects of injury and disease	14
4	THE ANKLE AND FOOT COMPLEX.: structure and function of the ankle joint, subtalar joint, talocalcaneonavicular joint, transverse tarsal joint, tarsometatarsal joints, metatarsophalangeal joints, interphalangeal joints, structure and function of the plantar arches, muscles of the ankle and foot, deviations from normal structure and function – Pes Planus and Pes Cavus	12

	BACHELUR OF PH	1010111111111111
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
5	Analysis Of Posture And Gait — Static and dynamic posture, postural control, kinetics and kinematics of posture, ideal posture analysis of posture, effects of posture on age, pregnancy, occupation and recreation; generalfeatures ofgait, gait initiation, kinematicsand kinetics of gait, energy requirements, kinematics and kinetics of the trunk and upper extremities in relation to gait, stair case climbing and running, effects of age, gender, assistive devices, disease, muscle weakness, paralysis, asymmetries of the lower extremities, injuries and malalignments ingait; Movement Analysis: ADL activities like sitting — to standing, lifting, various grips, pinches.	14

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Joint structure and function Cynthia Norkin
- 2 Textbook of Biomechanics by Subrata Pal
- 3 Kinesiology and Biomechanics by Bhartendu Kumar

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

COURSE TITLE : EXERCISE THERAPY - I COURSE CODE: BPT19302										
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK TO			TOTAL HO	URS PER	SEMES	TER		C	REDITS	
L	T	Р	L	T	Р	TOT	L	T	P	TOT
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to

- 1. Define principle of exercise applications.
- 2. Describe methodsoftesting goniometry, manual muscletesting, Anthropometric Measurements, Measurement of Limb Length and functional tests.
- 3. Classify and describe active movements and passive movements.
- 4. Define and describe free exercises and resisted exercises.
- 5. Describe relaxation techniques.
- 6. Define and describe therapeutic massage.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Introduction To Exercise Therapy – The aims of Exercise Therapy, The techniques of Exercise Therapy, Approach to patient's problems, Assessment of patient's condition – Measurements of Vital parameters, Starting Positions – Fundamental positions & derived Positions, Planning of Treatment	08
2	Methods OfTesting a. Functional tests b. Measurement of Joint range: ROM-Definition, Normal ROM for all peripheral joints & spine, Goniometer-parts, types, principles, uses, Limitations of goniometry, Techniques for measurement of ROM for all peripheral joints	14
	Tests for neuromuscular efficiency i. Electrical tests ii. Manual Muscle Testing: Introduction to MMT, Principles & Aims, Indications & Limitations, Techniques of MMT for group & individual: Techniques of MMT for upperlimb/ Techniques of MMT for lower limb / Techniques of MMT for spine. iii. Anthropometric Measurements: Muscle girth—biceps, triceps, forearm, quadriceps, calf iv. Static power Test v. Dynamic power Test	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	vi. Endurance test	LEARING
	vii. Speed test	
	Tests for Co-ordination	
	e. Tests for sensation	
	f. Pulmonary Function tests	
	g. Measurement of Limb Length: truelimblength, apparent limb	
	length, segmental limb length	
	h. Measurement of the angle of Pelvic Inclination	
3	Passive Movements	14
	a.Causesofimmobility, ClassificationofPassive movements,	
	Specific definitions related to passive movements, Principles of	
	giving passive movements, Indications, contraindications,	
	effects of uses, Techniques of giving passive movements.	
	Active Movements	
	a. Definition of strength, power & work, endurance, muscle	
	actions.	
	b. Physiology of muscle performance: structure of skeletal	
	muscle, chemical & mechanical events during contraction	
	&relaxation, musclefibertype, motorunit, forcegradation.	
	c. Causes of decreased muscle performance	
	d. Physiologic adaptation totraining: Strength& Power,	
	Endurance.	
	e. Types of active movements	
	Free Exercise: Classification, principles, techniques,	
	indications, contraindications, effects and uses	
	Active Assisted Exercise:	
	principles, techniques, indications, contraindications, effects	
	and uses Assisted-Resisted Exercise:	
	principles, techniques, indications, contraindications, effects and	
	uses	
4	Resisted Exercise: Definition, principles, indications,	12
	contraindications, precautions & techniques, effects and uses	
	Types of resisted exercises:	
	Manual and Mechanical resistance exercise, Isometric exercise,	
	Dynamic exercise: Concentric and Eccentric, Dynamic exercise:	
	Constant versus variable resistance, Isokinetic exercise, Open-	
	Chain and Closed-Chain exercise.	
	Specific exercise regimens	

	BACHELOR OF TH	ISIOTHERALI
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	a. Isotonic: de Lormes, Oxford, MacQueen, Circiut weight training b. Isometric: BRIME (Brief Resisted Isometric Exercise), Multiple Angle c. Isometrics Isokinetic regimens Relaxation a. Definitions: MuscleTone, Posturaltone, Voluntary Movement, Degrees ofrelaxation, Pathologicaltension in muscle, Stress mechanics, types of stresses, Effects of stress on the body mechanism, Indications of relaxation, Methods & techniques of relaxation-Principles & uses: General, Local, Jacobson's, Mitchel's, additional methods	
5	.Massage History and Classification of Massage Technique ,Principles, Indications and Contraindications ,Technique of Massage Manipulations & Physiological and Therapeutic Uses of Specific Manipulations	12

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Therapeutic Exercise (English, Lynn Allen Colby, Carolyn Kisner)
- 2 Therapeutic Exercise by Carrie M Hall and Lori Thein Brody
- 3 Muscles: Testing and Function, with Posture and Pain by Florence Peterson Kendall

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL					
30	70	100					

Discribed of This of the first										
	COURSE TITLE : PATHOLOGY									
			C	OURSE (CODE: B	PT19303	;			
				cou	RSE CRE	DIT				
НО	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER CREDITS									
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	TOT	L	T	Р	TOT
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to

- 1. Define cell injuries.
- 2. Describe inflammation and wound healing.
- 3. Discuss about immuno pathology.
- 4. Describe pathology of infectious diseases.
- 5. Describe Growth Disturbances and Neoplasia.
- 6. Explain pathology of Nutritional Disorders and genetic disorders.
- 7. Describe the pathology of various systems of human body.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Introduction to Pathology Cell injuries — a. Aetiology and Pathogenesis with a brief recall of important aspects of normal cell structure. Reversible cell injury: Types, Sequential changes, Cellular swellings, vacuolation, Hyaline changes, Mucoid changes. Irreversible cell injury: Types of Necrosis & Gangrene, Autolysis. Pathologic calcification: Dystrophic and Metastatic. Intracellular Accumulations - Fatty changes, Protein accumulations, Glycogen accumulations, b. Pigments - Melanin / Hemosiderin. c. Extra cellular accumulations: Amyloidosis -Classification, Pathogenesis, Pathology including special stains. Inflammation and Repair — a. Acute inflammation: features, causes, vascular and cellular events. b. Inflammatory cells and Mediators. Chronic inflammation: Causes, Types, Classification nonspecific and granulomatous with examples. c. Repair, Wound healing by primary and secondary union, factors promoting and delaying the process. d. Healing in specific site including bone healing.	08
2	Immunopathology – a. Immune system: General concepts. b. Hypersensitivity: type and examples, antibody and cell mediated tissue injury with examples Secondary immunodeficiency	09

	BACHELOR OF PHY	
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	including HIV infection. Auto-immune disorders: Basic concepts and	
	classification, SLE.	
	c. AIDS-Aetiology, Modes of transmission, Diagnostic procedures,	
	handling of infected material and health education.	
	Infectious diseases –	
	a. Mycobacterial diseases: Tuberculosis, Leprosy and Syphilis.	
	b. Bacterial disease: Pyogenic, Diphtheria, Gram negative infection,	
	Bacillary dysentery.	
	c. Viral diseases: Poliomyelitis, Herpes, Rabies, Measles, Rickttsia,	
	Chlamydial infection, HIV infection.	
	,	
	d. Fungal disease and opportunistic infections.	
	e. Parasitic diseases: Malaria, Filaria, Amoebiasis, Kala-azar,	
	Cysticercosis, Hydatid cyst.	
	Circulatory Disturbances –	
	a. Hyperemia/Ischemia and Haemorrhage Edema: Pathogenesis and	
	types. Chronic venous congestion: Lung, Liver, Spleen, Systemic	
	Pathology Thrombosis and Embolism: Formation, Fate and Effects.	
	b. Infarction: Types, Common sites.	
	c. Shock: Pathogenesis, types, morphologic changes.	
3	Growth Disturbances and Neoplasia	10
	a. Atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Aplasia, Hypoplasia,	
	Metaplasia, Malformation, agenesis, dysplasia.	
	b. Precancerous lesions.	
	c. Neoplasia: Definition, classification, Biological behaviour : Benign	
	and Malignant, Carcinoma and Sarcoma.	
	d. Malignant Neoplasia: Grades and Stages, Local & Distant spread.	
	e. Carcinogenesis: Environmental carcinogens, chemical, viral,	
	occupational. Heredity and cellular oncogenesand prevention of	
	cancer.	
	f. Benign & Malignant epithelial tumours Eg. Squamous papilloma,	
	Squamous cell carcinoma, Malignant melanoma. Benign &	
	Malignant mesenchymal tumours Eg: Fibroma, Lipoma,	
	Neurofibroma, Fibrosarcoma, Liposarcoma, Rhabdo-myosarcoma,	
	Teratoma.	
	Nutritional Disorders –	
	a. Proteinenergymalnutrition: Marasmus, Kwashiorkor, and Vitamin	
	deficiency disorders, classification with specific examples.	
	Genetic Disorders –	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	a. Basic concepts of genetic disorders and some common examples and congenital malformation.	
4	Hematology – a. Constituents ofblood and bonemarrow, Regulation of hematopoiesis. Anemia: Classification, clinical features & lab diagnosis.	08
	b. Nutritional anemias: Iron deficiency anemia, Folic acid,Vit. B 12 deficiency anemia including pernicious anemia. Hemolytic Anaemias: Classification and Investigations. Hereditary hemolytic anaemias: Thalessemia, Sickle cell anemia, Spherocytosis and Enzyme deficiencies. c. Acquired hemolytic anaemias i. Alloimmune, Autoimmune ii. Druginduced, Microangiopathic Pancytopenia - Aplastic anemia. d. Hemostatic disorders, Vascular and Platelet disorders & lab diagnosis.	
	Coagulopathies — i. Inherited ii. Acquired with lab diagnosis. e. Leukocytic disorders: Leukocytosis, Leukopenis, Leukemoid reaction. f. Leukemia: Classification, clinicalmanifestation, pathology and Diagnosis. Multiple myelomaand disproteinemias. g. Blood transfusion; Grouping and cross matching, untoward reactions, transmissible infections including HIV & hepatitis, Blood-components & plasma-pheresis.	
	Respiratory System a. Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Bronchiectasis, Asthma, Tuberculosis, Carcinoma of lungs, Occupational lung diseases	

LINITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
OIVITS	ITTLE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
		LEARNING
5	Cardiovascular Pathology	10
5	a. Congenital Heart disease: Atrial septal defect, Ventricular septal	10
	defect, Fallot's tetralogy, Patent ductus arteriosus.	
	b. Endocarditis. Rheumatic Heart disease.	
	c. Vascular diseases: Atherosclerosis, monckeberg's medial	
	calcification, Aneurysm and Arteritis and tumours of Blood vessels.	
	d. Ischemicheart Disease: Myocardial infarction. Hypertension and	
	hypertensive heart Disease.	
	Alimentary tract:	
	a. Oral Pathology: Ulcers, leukoplakia, Carcinoma, oral cavity	
	diseases and tumour of salivary gland & esophagus and	
	precancerous lesions, Esophagus inflammatory, functional disorders	
	and tumours.	
	b. Stomach: Gastritis, Ulcer & Tumours.	
	c. Tumours and tumour like condition of the small and large	
	Intestine: Polyps, carcinoid, carcinoma, Lymphoma.	
	d. Pancreatitis and pancreatic tumours : i) Exocrine, ii) Endocrine	
	Salivary gland tumours : Mixed, Warthin's	
	Hepato – biliary pathology.	
	a. Jaundice: Types, aetio-pathogenesis and diagnosis. Hepatitis:	
	Acute, Chronic, neonatal.	
	b. Alcoholic liverdisease	
	c. Cirrhosis: Postnecrotic, Alcoholic, Metabolic and Portal	
	hypertension Liver abscesses; Pyogenic, parasitic and Amoebic.	
	Tumours of Liver	
	Lymphatic System	
	a. Diseasesof thegallbladder: Cholecystitis, Cholelithiasis,	
	Carcinoma. Lymphadenitis - Nonspecific and granulomatous.	
	Causes of Lymph Node enlargements. Reactive	
	Causes of Lymph Node emargements, neactive	
	Hyperplasia, Primary Tumours - Hodgkin's and Non hodgkin's	
	Lymphomas, Metastatic Tumours.	
	b. Causes of Splenic Enlargements.	
	Musculoskeletal System	
	a. Osteomyelitis, acute, chronic, tuberculous, mycetoma	
	b. Metabolic diseases: Rickets/Osteomalacia, osteoporosis,	
	Hyperparathyroidism, Paget's disease.	

NITS TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
c. Tumours Classification: Benign, Malignant, Metastatic and synovial sarcoma. Arthritis: Suppurative, Rheumatoid. Osteoarthritis, Gout, Tuberculous. d. Tumours of Thyroid: Adenoma, Carcinoma: Papillary, Follicular, Medullary, Anaplastic. Adrenal diseases: cortical hyperplasia, atrophy, tuberculosis, tumours of cortex and medulla. Neuropathology a. Inflammations and Infections: TBMeningitis, Pyogenic Meningitis, viral meningitis and Brain Abscess b. Tuberculosis, Cysticercosis c. CNSTumors, Astrocytoma, Neuroblastoma, Meningioma, Medulloblastoma	LEARNING
Dermatopathology a. Skintumors: Squamos cellcarcinoma, Basal cellcarcinoma, Melanoma	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Text book of Pathology (5th Edition) Harsh Mohan
- 2 Text book of Pathology (2nd Edition) Datta
- 3 Robbins Basic pathology by Kumar, Abbas & Aster

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

BHCHEECK OF THIS OTHER IT										
	COURSE TITLE : MICROBIOLOGY									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19304									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	RS / WEE	K	TOTAL	HOUR	S PER SE	MESTER		CREE	DITS	
L T P L T P TOT L T P				TOT						
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Define infection, routes of infection and spread.
- 2. Describe Sterilization, disinfection and universal precautions in relation to infection.
- 3. Discuss basic principles of immunity.
- 4. Describe general properties of bacteria and bacteriology.
- 5. Describe general properties of viruses and virology.
- 6. Describe general properties of fungi and mycology.
- 7. Discuss clinical microbiology.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	General Microbiology - a. Definitions: infections, parasite, host, vector, fomite, contagious disease, infectious disease, epidemic, endemic, pandemic, Zoonosis, Epizootic, Attack rate. b. Normal flora of the human body. c. Routes of infection and spread; endogenous and exogenous infections; source at reservoir of infections. d. Bacterial cell. Morphologylimitedto recognizing bacteria in clinical samples Shape, motility and arrangement. Structures, which are virulence, associated. e. Physiology: Essentials of bacterial growth requirements. f. Sterilization, disinfection and universal precautions in relation to patient care and disease prevention. Definition of asepsis, sterilization, disinfection. g. Antimicrobials: Mode of action, interpretation of susceptibility tests, resistance spectrum of activity.	09
2	Immunology a. Basic principles of immunity immunobiology: lymphoid organs and tissues. Antigen, Antibodies, antigen and antibody reactions with relevance to pathogenesis and serological diagnosis. b. Humoralimmunityanditsroleinimmunity Cell mediated immunity and its role in immunity. Imunology of hypersensitivity, Measuring immunefunctions.	05

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
ONITS	THE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
		LEARNING
3	Bacteriology -	11
3	a. To be considered under the following headings	11
	b. Morphology, classification according to pathogenicity, mode	
	of transmission, methods of prevention, collection and	
	transport of samples for laboratory diagnosis, interpretation of	
	, , , ,	
	laboratory reports.	
	c. Staphylococci, Streptococci and Pneumococci.	
	d. Mycobacteria:Tuberculosis, M.leprae, atypical	
	mycobacteria, Enterobacteriaceae,	
	e. Vibrois: V. cholerae and other medically important vibrios,	
	Campylobacters and Helicobacters, Pseudomonas.	
	f. Bacillus anthracis, Sporing and non-sporing anaerobes:	
	Clostridia, Bacteroides and Fusobacteria.	
4	General Virology -	11
	General properties: Basic structure and broad classification of	
	viruses. Pathogenesis and pathology of viral infections.	
	Immunity and prophylaxis of viral diseases. Principles of	
	laboratory diagnosis of viral diseases. List of commonly used	
	antiviral agents.	
	Mycology -	
	a. General properties of fungi. Classification based on disease:	
	superficial, subcutaneous, deep mycosel opportunistic	
	infections including Mycotoxins, systemic mycoses. General	
	principles of fungal diagnosis, Rapid diagnosis. Method of	
	collection of samples. Antifungal agents	
5	Clinical/Applied Microbiology -	10
	a. Streptococcal infections: Rheumatic fever and Rheumatic	
	heart disease, Meningitis.	
	b. Tuberculosis,	
	c. Pyrexia of unknown origin, leprosy,	
	d. Sexually transmitted diseases, Poliomyelitis,	
	e. Hepatitis,	
	f. Acute-respiratory infections, Central nervous System	
	infections, Urinary tract infections,	
	g. Pelvic inflammatory disease, Wound infection, Opportunistic	
	infections, HIV infection,	
	h. Malaria, Filariasis, Zoonotic diseases.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Text book of Microbiology C.K.J. Paniker
- 2 Text book of Microbiology Logeswari Selvaraj
- 3 Essentials of Medical Microbiology Apurba sankar satry sandhya bhat k
- 4 Medical Microbiology: by Patrick R. Murray PhD, Ken S. Rosenthal PhD, Michael A. Pfaller MD

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : PHARMACOLOGY									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19305									
	COURSE CREDIT									
НО	URS / W	/EEK			HOURS MESTER		CREDITS			
L	T	P	L	T	Р	TOT	L	Т	P	TOT
1	1	-	15	15	-	30	1	1	-	2

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Describe Pharmacological effects of commonly used drugs by patients referred for Physiotherapy, list their adversereactions, precautions to be taken contraindications, Formulation route of administration.
- 2. Identify whether the pharmacological effect of the drug interferes with the Therapeutic response of Physiotherapy & vice-versa
- 3. Indicate the use of analgesics & anti-inflammatory agents with movement disorders with consideration of cost, efficiency & safety for individual needs.
- 4. Get the awareness of other essential &commonly used drugs by patients-The bases for their use & common as well as serious adverse reactions.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Introduction— a., Definitions, Classification of drugs, Sources of drugs, Routes of drugadministration, Distribution ofdrugs, Metabolism and Excretion of drugs Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics, Factors modifying drug response, Adverse effects.	
	Autonomic Nervous system – a. General considerations – The Sympathetic and Parasympathetic Systems, Receptors, Somatic Nervous System b. Cholinergic and Anti-Cholinergic drugs, Adrenergic and Adrenergic blocking drugs, Peripheral muscle relaxants.	
2	Cardiovascular Pharmacology — a. Drugs used in the treatment of heart failure: Digitalis, Diuretics, Vasodilators, ACEinhibitors Antihypertensive Drugs: Diuretics, Beta Blockers, Calcium Channel Blockers, ACE Inhibitors, Central Acting Alpha Agonists, Peripheral Alpha Antagonists, Direct acting Vasodilators b. Antiarrhythmic Drugs c. Drugs used in the treatment of vascular disease and tissue ischemia: Vascular Disease, Hemostasis Lipid-Lowering agents, Antithrombotics, Anticoagulants and Thrombolytics Ischemic Heart	10

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
ONITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
		LEARNING /
	Discosa Nituatos Deta Blackova Calsium Channal Blackova Cavahual	LEARIVING
	Disease – Nitrates, Beta-Blockers, Calcium Channel Blockers, Cerebral	
	Ischemia Peripheral Vascular Disease.	
	Neuropharmacology –	
	a. Sedative-Hypnotic Drugs: Barbiturates,Benzodiazepines	
	b. Antianxiety Drugs: Benzodiazepines, Other Anxiolytics	
	c. Drugs Used in Treatment of Mood Disorders: Monoamine Oxidase	
	Inhibitors, Tricyclic Antidepressants, Atypical Antidepressants, Lithium	
	d. Antipsychotic drugs	
3	Movement Disorders	6
	a. Drugs used in Treatment of Parkinson 's disease	
	b. Antiepileptic Drugs	
	c. Spasticity and Skeletal Muscle Relaxants	
4	Inflammatory/Immune Diseases -	10
	a. Non-narcotic Analgesics and Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs:	
	Acetaminophen, NSAIDs, Aspirin, Nonaspirin NSAIDs, drug Interactins	
	with NSAIDs	
	b. Glucocorticoids: Pharmacological Uses of Glucocorticoids, adverse	
	effects, Physiologic Use of Glucocorticoids	
	c. Drugs Used in Treatment of Arthritic Diseases: Rheumatoid Arthritis,	
	Osteoarthritis, Gout	
	d. Drugs Used in the Treatment of Neuromuscular	
	Immune/Inflammatory Diseases: Myasthenia gravis, Idiopathic	
	Inflammatory Myopathies, systemiclupus Erythematous,	
	Scleroderma, Demyelinating Disease	
	e. Respiratory Pharmacology: Obstructive Airway Diseases, Drugs	
	used in Treatment of Obstructive airway Diseases, Allergic Rhinitis	
5	Digestion And Metabolism -	9
	a. Gastrointestinal Pharmacology: Peptic Ulcer Disease, Constipation,	
	Diarrhea Drugs Used in Treatment of Diabetes Mellitus: Insulin, Oral	
	Hypoglycemic	
	Geriatrics -	
	a. Pharmacology and the geriatric Population: Adverse effects of	
	special concern in the Elderly, Dementia, Postural hypotension.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

1. Essential of Medical Pharmacology – Tripathi

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

Diffine Bolt of This profite in										
COURSE TITLE : BIOMECHANICS – II PRACTICAL										
	COURSE CODE: BPT19306									
	COURSE CREDIT									
НО	URS / W	/EEK	_	L HOUR	-	CREDITS				
L	T	Р	L	Т	Р	TOT	L	T	P	TOT
-	-	4	-	-	60	60	-	-	2	2

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate movements of joints in all planes of movement. .
- 2. Identify missing component of movement.
- 3. Analysis posture and recognize presence of abnormality.
- 4. Analysis gait and recognize presence of abnormality.
- 5. Analysis activities of daily living and interpretthe findings in functional activities.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Joint movements and analysis Movements of joints of upper extremity ,lower extremity andvertebralcolumnanalysisfromthreeplanesofaction	14
2	Analysis of posture. Normal posture, abnormal posture, posture analysis from different planes of action.	14
3	Analysis of Gait Components of gait, abnormal gait and analysis of gait cycle in lateral view & anterior view.	12
4	Analysis for activities ofdaily living – ADL – (like sitting to standing, throwing, lifting etc.)	08
5	Analysis of Functional Activities.	12

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 Joint structure and function Cynthia Norkin
- 2 Textbook of Biomechanics by Subrata Pal
- 3 Kinesiology and Biomechanics by Bhartendu Kumar

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONPRACTICAL EXAMINATION (50 MARKS)

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	Spotters (4)	5×4=20 Marks
2	Biomechanical analysis of Functions(2)	15×2=30Marks

	BACHELOR OF THIS OTHERAL									
	COURSE TITLE : EXERCISE THERAPY PRACTICAL - I									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19307									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS /WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER						CR	EDITS			
			SLIVI	LJILIN						
L	Т	Р	L	T	Р	TOT	L	Т	Р	TOT
-	-	8	-	-	120	120	-	-	4	4

Learning Outcomes s:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1.Demonstrate passive movements in terms of various Anatomical planes.
- 2. Demonstrate various starting and derivedpositions.
- 3. Acquire a skill of assessment of sensations, superficial and deep reflexes, pulse rate/Blood pressure, Chest expansion/respiratory rate, and limb length/girth measurement on Models.
- 4. Demonstrate the skills of relaxation.
- 5. Demonstrate the skill of measuring ROM with goniometer.
- 6. DemonstrateTechniques of Massage Therapy & Soft Tissue Manipulations.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Starting Positions – Fundamental positions & derived Positions,	24
	Methods of Testing	
	Measurement of Joint range: ROM for all peripheral joints & spine,	
	Techniques for measurement of ROM for all peripheral joints Anthropometric Measurements: Muscle girth – biceps triceps, forearm, quadriceps, calf	
	Static power Test ,Dynamic power Test, Endurance test Speed test	
	Tests for Co-ordination	
	Tests for sensation	
	Free exercise, Active Assisted Exercise, Resisted Exercise, Types of resisted exercises:	
	Manual and Mechanical resistance exercise, Isometric exercise, Dynamic exercise: Concentric and Eccentric,	

	BACHELOK OF THISIOTHERAT						
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF					
		TEACHING /					
		LEARNING					
	Dynamic exercise: Constant versus variable resistance,						
	Isokinetic exercise, Open-Chain and Closed-Chain exercise.						
2	Manual Muscle Testing: Techniques of MMT for group &	33					
	individual: Techniques of MMT forupperlimb/ Techniquesof						
	MMT for lower limb / Techniques of MMT for spine.						
3	Measurement ofLimb Length:truelimblength, apparentlimb	33					
	length, segmental limb length						
	Measurement of the angle of Pelvic Inclination						
	Passive Movements						
	Techniques of giving passive movements. &Active						
	Movements						
4	Relaxation	10					
	Methods & techniques of relaxation- General, Local,						
	Jacobson's, Mitchell's, additional methods.						
5	Techniques of Massage Therapy & Soft Tissue	20					
	Manipulations.						

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 Therapeutic Exercise (English, Lynn Allen Colby, Carolyn Kisner)
- 2 Therapeutic Exercise by Carrie M Hall and Lori Thein Brody
- 3 Muscles: Testing and Function, with Posture and Pain by Florence Peterson Kendall

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (70 MARKS)

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	Exercise Therapy Techniques (3)	20×3=60 Marks
2	Massage Techniques(1)	10×1=10Marks

	BREHELOR OF THIS FOTHER IT									
	COURSE TITLE : CLINICAL TRAINING- III									
				COL	JRSE COD	E: BPT19308	3			
					COURSE	CREDIT				
HOU	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CI	REDITS				
L	Т	Р	L	L T P TOT			L	Т	Р	тот
-	-	6	-	-	90	90	-	-	6	2

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Collect demographical data's of patients in OPD and wards.
- 2. Assess muscle performance, joint range and limb length of patients in OPD and wards and record it .
- 3. Assess posture and gait of patients in OPD and wards and record it
- Administer exercises to patients in OPD and wards under supervision of clinical staffs.
- Administer soft tissue manipulations to patients in OPD and wards under supervision of clinical staffs.
- 6. Maintain clinical log note.

S.NO	то	PIC	HOURS
	1.	Demographic data Collection	
	2.	Socioeconomic history collection	
	3.	Social behavior and its influence on health	
	4.	Assess the ROM of the patients	
	5.	Assess and record the Manual Muscle testing	
		of the patients	
	6.	Applythesofttissuemanipulation topatients	
		under supervision	

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	~	
IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

FINAL EXAMINATION

WRITTEN EXAMINATION (50 MARKS)

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	Case presentation (2X 25= 50)	50

SEMESTER - IV

COURSE	COURS	SE TITL	.E		CREDITS			
CODE	Core Course	DSE	Enhancement	Total	L	Т	Р	С
			Course	Hours				
BPT19401	Exercise therapy - II	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19402	Electrotherapy (LMHF)	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19403	Bio Physics	-	1	45	2	1		3
BPT19404	Ethics and Management in Physiotherapy	-	-	45	2	1		3
BPT19405	Exercise therapy II Practical	-	-	120		-	8	4
BPT19406	Electrotherapy LMHF Practical	1	-	120	-		8	4
BPT19407*	Clinical Training - IV	-	-	45	-	-	3	1
-	Library			30		2		
	Total					35		23

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the University

COURSE TITLE : EXERCISE THERAPY - II COURSE CODE: BPT19401										
	COURSE CREDIT									
НО	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER CREDITS					5				
L T P L T P TOT L T P					TOT					
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to

- 1. Define principle of PNF and describe patterns, techniques of PNF.
- 2. Classify types of suspension and Describe methods of applying it.
- 3. Describe functional reeducation.
- 4. Define and describe Aerobic exercises.
- 5. Describe stretchingtechniques and classify the types of stretching.
- 6. Define principle of hydrotherapy and describe its various applications.
- 7. Describe mobilization of peripheral joints.
- 8. Discuss balance& coordination exercises.
- 9. Describe different walking aids and its uses.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Proprioceptive Neuromuscular Facilitation Basic neurophysiologic principles of PNF: Muscular activity, Diagonals patterns ofmovement: upperlimb, lowerlimb Procedure: components of PNF, Techniques of facilitation, Mobility:Contract relax, Holdrelax, Rhythmicinitiation,. Strengthening: Slowreversals, repeatedcontractions, timing for emphasis, rhythmic stabilization Stability: Alternating isometric, rhythmic stabilization, Skill: timing for emphasis, resisted progression Endurance: slowreversals, agonist reversal	12
2	Suspension Therapy a. Definition, principles, equipments & accessories, Indications & contraindications, Benefits of suspension therapy b. Types of suspension therapy: axial, vertical, pendular Techniques of suspension therapy for upper limb Techniques of suspension therapy for lower limb Stretching	15

	BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY					
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING /				
		LEARNING				
	a. Definition of terms related to stretching; Tissue response					
	towards immobilization and elongation, Determinants of					
	stretching exercise, Effects of stretching, Inhibition and					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	relaxationprocedures, Precautionsandcontraindications of					
	stretching, Techniques of stretching					
3	Aerobic Exercise	10				
	a. Definition and key terms; Physiological response to					
	aerobic exercise, Examination and evaluation of aerobic					
	capacity – Exercise Testing, Determinants of an Exercise					
	Program, The Exercise Program, Normal and abnormal					
	9 .					
	response to acute aerobic exercise, Physiological changes					
	that occur with training, Application of Principles of an					
	Aerobic conditioning program for patients – types and					
	phases of aerobic training					
	Hydrotherapy					
	a. Definitions, Goals and Indications, Precautions and					
	Contraindications, Properties of water, Use of special					
	equipment, techniques, Effects and uses, merits and					
	demerits					
	Individual and Group Exercises					
	a. Advantages and Disadvantages, Organization of Group					
L	exercises, Recreational Activities and Sports					
4	Manual Therapy & Peripheral Joint Mobilization	15				
.	a. Schools of Manual Therapy, Principles, Grades,					
	Indications and Contraindications, Effects and Uses –					
	· ·					
	Maitland, Kaltenborn, Mulligan					
	b. Biomechanical basis for mobilization, Effects of joint					
	mobilsation, Indications and contraindications, Grades of					
	mobilization, Principles of mobilization, Techniques of					
	mobilization forupperlimb, lowerlimb, Precautions.					
	Functional Re-education					
	a. Lying to sitting: Activities on the Mat/Bed,					
	Movement and stability at floor level; Sitting					
	,					
	activities and gait; Lower limb and Upper limb					
	activities					

	BACHELUR OF PHY	SIGIIIEKALI
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
5	Balance Exercises. Components of balance (sensory, musculoskeletal, biomechanical), Causes of impaired balance, Examination & evaluation of impaired balance, Activities for treating impaired balance: mode, posture, movement, Precautions & contraindications, Types Balance retraining.	80
	Co-ordination Exercise Causes for Inco-ordination, Test for co-ordination: equilibrium test, non-equilibrium test Principles of co- ordination exercise. Frenkel's Exercise: uses of Frenkel's exercise, technique of Frenkel's exercise, progression, home exercise. Postural correction Principles of re-education: corrective methods and techniques, Patient education Walking Aids a. Types: Crutches, Canes, Frames; Principles and training with walking aids	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Therapeutic Exercise (English, Hardcover, Lynn Allen Colby, Carolyn Kisner)
- 2 Therapeutic Exercise by Carrie M Hall and Lori Thein Brody
- 3 Muscles: Testing and Function, with Posture and Pain by Florence Peterson Kendall
- 4. The Principles of Exercise Therapy. M. Deena Gardiner

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

COURSE TITLE : ELECTROTHERAPY (LMHF)										
COURSE CODE: BPT19402										
COURSE CREDIT										
HOURS / WEEK			TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CREDITS			
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	TOT	L	T	Р	TOT
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

Learning Outcomes:

At end of course candidate able to:

- 1. Describe the types of currents
- 2. Describe the electro diagnosis.
- 3. Describe the about modalities of heat
- 4. Describe the application of electrotherapy.

UNIT	STITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Nerve Muscle Physiology: Action Potential, Resting membrane potential, Propagation of Action Potential, Motor unit, synapse, Accommodation, Stimulation of Healthy Muscle, Stimulation of Denervated Muscle, Stimulation for Tissue Repair	12
	Low frequency Currents	
	1. Basic types of current	
	a. Direct Current: types, physiological &therapeutic effects.	
	b. Alternating Current	
	Types of Current used in Therapeutics Modified D.C.	
	i. Faradic Current	
	ii. Galvanic Current	
	b. Modified A.C	
	i. Sinusoidal Current	
	ii. Diadynamic Current.	
	3. Faradic Current: Definition, Modifications, Techniquesof	
	Application of Individual, Muscle and Group Muscle	
	stimulation, Physiological & Therapeutic effects of Faradic	
	Current, Precautions, Indications & Contra-Indications,	
	Dangers.	
	4. Galvanic Current: Definition, Modifications, Physiological & Therapeuticeffectsof Galvanic Current, Indications& Contra-Indications, Dangers, Effect of interrupted galvanic	

LINUT	STITLE OF CONTENT	
UNII	STITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	currentonnormallyinnervated and denervated muscles and	
	partially denervated muscles.	
	5. Sinusoidal Current & Diadynamic Current in Brief.	
	6. HVPGS – Parameters & its uses	
	7.Ionization / Iontophoresis: Techniques of Application of	
	Iontophoresis, Indications, Selection of Current, Commonly	
	used lons (Drugs) forpain, hyperhydrosis, wouldhealing.	
	8. Cathodal / Anodal galvanism.	
	9. Micro Current & Macro Current	
		10
2	Electro-diagnosis	12
	1. FG Test	
	2. SD Curve: Methodsof Plotting SD Curve, Apparatus	
	selection, Characters of Normallyinnervated Muscle,	
	Characters of Partially Denervated Muscle, Characters of	
	Completely denervated Muscle, Chronaxie & Rheobase.	
	3. Nerve conduction velocity studies	
	4. EMG: Construction of EMG equipment.	
	5. Bio-feed back.	
	Types of Electrical Stimulators	
	a. NMES- Construction component.	
	b. Neuro musculardiagnosticstimulator- construction	
	component.	
	c. Components and working Principles	
	Principles of Application: Electrode tissue interface, Tissue	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Impedance, Types of Electrode, Size & Placement of	
	Electrode– Waterbath, Unipolar, Bi-polar, Electrodecoupling,	
	Current flow in tissues, Lowering of Skin Resistance	
	Pain: Define Pain, Theories of Pain (Outline only), Pain Gate	
	Control theory in detail.	
	TENS: Define TENS, Types of TENS, Conventional TENS,	
	Acupuncture TENS, Burst TENS, Brief & Intense TENS,	
	Modulated TENS. Types of Electrodes & Placement of	
	Electrodes, Dosage parameters, Physiological & Therapeutic	
	effects, Indications & Contraindications.	
_		

LIMITE	NITS TITLE OF CONTENT					
OIVITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING /				
		LEARNING /				
3	Medium Frequency	12				
	Interferential Therapy: Define IFT, PrincipleofProduction					
	of IFT, Static Interference System, Dynamic Interference					
	system, Dosage Parameters for IFT, Electrode placement in					
	IFT, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications &					
	Contraindications.					
	2. Russian Current					
	3. Rebox type Current					
	Superficial heating Modalities					
	1. Wax Therapy: Principle of Wax Therapy application – latent					
	Heat, Composition of Wax Bath Therapy unit, Methods of					
	application of Wax, Physiological & Therapeutic effects,					
	Indications & Contraindication, Dangers.					
	2. Contrast Bath: Methods of application, Therapeutic uses,					
	Indications & Contraindications.					
	3. Moist Heat Therapy: Hydro collatorpacks – in brief,					
	Methods of applications, Therapeutic uses, Indications &					
	Contraindications.					
	4. Cyclotherm: Principles of production, Therapeutic uses,					
	Indications & Contraindications.					
	5. Fluidotherapy: Construction, Method of application,					
	Therapeuticuses, Indications & Contraindications.					
	6. Whirl Pool Bath: Construction, Methodof Application,					
	Therapeutic Uses, Indications & Contraindications.					
	7. Magnetic Stimulation, Principles, Therapeutic uses,					
	Indications & contraindication.					
	8. Cryotherapy: Define- Cryotherapy, Principle- Latent heat of					
	fusion, Physiological & Therapeuticseffects, Techniquesof					
	Applications, Indications & Contraindications, Dangers,					
	Methods of application with dosages.					
	9. Traction: Describe principles, Types, Procedure, Indication,					
	Contraindication, therapeutic effect of traction					
4	High Frequency Currents:	12				
	Electro Magnetic Spectrum.					

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	 SWD: Define short wave, Frequency & Wavelength of SWD, Principle of Production of SWD, Circuit diagram & Production of SWD, Methods of Heat Production by SWD treatment, Types of SWD Electrode, Placement & Spacing of Electrodes, Tuning, Testing of SWD Apparatus, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications & Contraindications, Dangers, Dosage parameters. Pulsed Electro Magnetic Energy: Principles, Production & Parameters of PEME, Uses of PEME. 	
	4. Micro Wave Diathermy: Define Microwave, Wavelength& Frequency, Production of MW, Applicators, Dosage Parameters, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Indications & Contraindications, Dangers of MWD. [2 Hours]	
	5. Ultrasound: Define Ultrasound, Frequency, Piezo Electric effects: Direct, Reverse, Production of US, Treatment Dosage parameters: Continuous& Pulsed mode, Intensity, US Fields: Near field, Far field, Half value distance, Attenuation, Coupling Media, Thermal effects, Non-thermal effects, Principles& Application of US: Direct contact, Waterbag, Water bath, Solid sterile gel pack method for wound. Uses of US, Indications & Contraindications, Dangers of Ultrasound. Phonophoresis: Define Phonophoresis, Methods of application, commonly used drugs, Uses. Dosages of US.	
5	6. IRR:Define IRR, wavelength & parameters, Types of IR generators, Production of IR, Physiological & Therapeutic effects, Duration & frequency of treatment, Indication & Contraindication.	12
	7. UVR: Define UVR, Types of UVR, UVR generators: High pressure mercury vapour lamp, Water cooled mercury vapour lamp, Kromayer lamp, Fluorescent tube, Theraktin tunnel, PUVA apparatus. Physiological & Therapeutic effects. Sensitizers & Filters. Test dosage calculation. Calculation of E1, E2, E3, E4 doses. Indications, contraindications.	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	Dangers. Dosages for different therapeutic effects, Distance	
	in UVR lamp	
	8. LASER: Define LASER. Types of LASER. Principles of	
	Production. Productionof LASER byvarious methods.	
	Methods of application of LASER. Dosage of LASER.	
	Physiological & Therapeutic effects of LASER. Safety	
	precautions of LASER. Classifications of LASER. Energy	
	density & power density	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Electrotherapy Explained: Principles and Practice by john low and ann read, Val Robertson and Alex ward
- 2 Therapeutic Modalities for Physical Therapists, William E. Prentice,
- 3 Clayton's Electrotherapy: Theory and Practice: by Angela Forster
- 4 Therapeutic Modalities, Chad Starkey

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

BACHELOR OF THIS OTHERALL										
	COURSE TITLE : BIO PHYSICS									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19403									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOUR	s/w	/EEK	TOTAL HO	URS PE	R SEMI	ESTER		CRED	ITS	
L	T	Р	L T P TOT L T				Т	Р	TOT	
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to

- 1. Define and classify types of electricity.
- 2. Define units of electricity and laws of electricity.
- 3. Describe magnetism and its application.
- 4. Describe working of electrical devices and its parts.
- 5. Dscribe First aid and initial management of electric shock and Precaution-safety devices

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	PHYSICAL PRINCIPLES a. Structure and properties of matter -solids, liquids and gases, adhesion, surface tension, viscosity, density and elasticity. b. Structure of atom, molecules, elements and compound c. Electricity: Definition and types. Therapeutic uses. Basic physics of construction. Working d. Importance of currents in treatment. e. Static Electricity: Production of electric charge. Characteristic of a charged body. f. Characteristics oflinesofforces. Potential energy and	12
2	factors on which it depends. Potential difference and EMF CURRENT ELECTRICITY: Units of Electricity: farad, Volt, Ampere, Coulomb, Watt a. Condensers: Definition, principle, Types- construction and working, capacity & uses. b. Magnetism: Definition. Properties of magnets. Electromagnetic induction. Transmission by contact. Magnetic field and magnetic forces. Magnetic effects of an electric field.	10

UNITS		HOURS OF
514113	THE ST CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING
	c. Conductors, Insulators, Potential difference, Resistance	
	and intensity	
	d. Ohm's law and its application to DC and AC currents.	
	Fuse: construction, working andapplication.	
	e. Transmission of electrical energy through solids, liquids,	
	gases and vacuum.	
3	RECTIFYING DEVICES-	05
	Thermionic valves, Semiconductors, Transistors,	
	Amplifiers, transducer and Oscillator circuits.	
	Display devices and indicators-analogue and digital.	
	Transformer: Definition, Types, Principle, Construction,	
	Eddy current, working uses	
	Chokes: Principle, Construction and working, Uses	
4	EFFECTS OF CURRENT ELECTRICITY	09
	a. Chemical effects-lons and electrolytes, lonisation,	
	Production of an EMF by chemical actions.	
	b. Ionization: Principles, effects of various technique of	
	medical ionization.	
	c. Electromagnetic Induction.	
	d. Electromagnetic spectrum.	00
5	ELECTRICAL SUPPLY	09
	a. Brief outline of main supply of electric current b. Dangers-short circuit, electric shocks: Micro/ Macro	
	shocks	
	c. Precaution-safety devices, earthing, fusesetc.	
	d. First aid and initial management of electric shock	
	e. Burns: electrical & chemical burns, prevention and	
	management	
	Various agents	
	a. Thermal agents: Physical Principles of cold, Superficial	
	and deep heat.	
	b. Ultrasound: Physical Principles of Sound	
	c. Electro- magnetic Radiation: Physical Principles and	
	their Relevance to Physiotherapy Practice	
	d. Electric Currents: Physical Principles and their Relevance to Physiotherapy Practice.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Fundamentals of Biophysics by Andrey B. Rubin
- 2 Introduction to Biophysics, by P K Banerjee

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	BACHELOR OF THE SHOTHER T									
(COURSE TITLE: ETHICS AND MANAGEMENT IN PHYSIOTHERAPY									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19404									
					COL	JRSE CREDIT	1			
HOU	RS/	WEEK		TOTA	AL HOU	JRS PER	CREDITS			
	SEMESTER					TER				
L	Т	Р	L	T	Р	TOT	L T P TOT			
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to

- 1. Describe Medical and Physiotherapy ethics.
- 2. Discuss Laws affecting physiotherapy practice
- 3. Describe Theories of management
- 4. Describe Resource and quality management

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Medicalethicsversusmedicallaw - Definition - Goal - Scope	09
	 Introduction to Code of conduct Basic principles of medical ethics – Confidentiality Malpractice and negligence - Rational and irrational drug therapy 	
	5. Autonomy and informed consent - Right of patients6. Care of the terminally ill- Euthanasia7. Organ transplantation	
	8. Medical diagnosis versus physiotherapy diagnosis. 9. Medico legal aspects of medical records – Medico legal case and type- Records and document related to MLC - ownershipofmedicalrecords- Confidentiality Privilege communication - Release of medical information - Unauthorized disclosure - retention of medical records - other various aspects	
2	Professional Indemnity insurance policy Development of standardized protocol to avoid near miss or sentinel events Obtaining an informed concept	09
	Obtaining an informed consent. Biomedical ethical principles	
3	Code of ethics for physiotherapists	09

BACHELOR OF PHY	DIOTHERAL I
TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
	TEACHING /
	LEARNING
Ethics documents for physiotherapists	
Laws affecting physiotherapy practice	
Management studies for Physiotherapy	09
Definition - Branches ofmanagement - Principles ofhealth	
sector management.	
General principles of management - Theories of	
management.	
Professionalism:	
Five roles of physiotherapist; Physiotherapist as consultant,	
critic inquirer, clientmanager, educator, administrator.	
Personnel management - Polices and procedure basic	09
•	
Organization of a department - planning, space, manpower,	
materials, basic requirements.	
Resource and quality management - planning with change	
<u> </u>	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Ethics documents for physiotherapists Laws affecting physiotherapy practice Management studies for Physiotherapy Definition - Branches ofmanagement - Principles ofhealth sector management. General principles of management - Theories of management. Professionalism: Five roles of physiotherapist; Physiotherapist as consultant, critic inquirer, clientmanager, educator, administrator. Personnel management - Polices and procedure basic concepts and theories. Financial issues including budget and income generation. Principles of an organizational chart. Organization of a department - planning, space, manpower,

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Physical Therapy Ethics 2nd Editionby Donald L. Gabard PTPhD, Mike W. Martin PhD
- 2 Textbook of Medical Ethics by Loewy, Erich H.
- 3 Management In Physiotherapy by Robert Jones
- 4 Professionalism in Physical Therapy: History, Practice, and Development, Laura Lee Swisher

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	BACHELOR OF THIS SOTHERALL									
	COURSE TITLE: EXERCISE THERAPY PRACTICAL - II									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19405									
					COURSE C	REDIT				
HOL	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER					SEMESTER		(CREI	DITS
L	Т	Р	L	L T P TOT			L	Т	Р	TOT
-	-	8	-	-	120	120	•	-	4	4

At the end of this course candidate able to :

- 1. Demonstrate PNF techniques.
- 2. Demonstrate Suspension therapy
- 3. Demonstrate mobilization of peripheral jonts.
- 4. Demonstrate balance and coordination exercises.
- 5. Demonstrate usage of walking aids.
- 6. Demonstrate various techniques of stretching.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Specific exercise regimens a. Isotonic: de Lormes, Oxford, MacQueen, Circiut weight training b. Isometric: BRIME (Brief Resisted Isometric Exercise), Multiple Angle Isometrics Isokinetic regimens	40
	Proprioceptive Neuromuscular Facilitation a. Definitions & goals b. Basic neurophysiologic principles of PNF: Muscular activity, Diagonals patternsof movement: upper limb, lower limb c. Procedure: components of PNF d. Techniques of facilitation e. Mobility: Contract relax, Holdrelax, Rhythmic initiation f. Strengthening: Slow reversals, repeated contractions, timing for emphasis, rhythmic stabilization Stability: Alternating isometric, rhythmic stabilization	

	BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERA						
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING					
	g. Skill: timing for emphasis, resisted progression Endurance: slow reversals, agonist reversal						
2	Suspension Therapy a. Types of suspension therapy: axial, vertical, pendular Techniques of suspension therapy for upper limb Techniques of suspension therapy for lower limb Functional Re-education a. Lying to sitting: Activities on the Mat/Bed, Movementandstability at floorlevel; Sitting activities and gait; Lower limb and Upper limb activities.	20					
3	Aerobic Exercise Examination and evaluation of aerobic capacity – Exercise Testing, Determinants of an Exercise Program, The Exercise Program,. Stretching: Techniques of stretching.	20					
4	Manual Therapy & Peripheral Joint Mobilization a Maitland, Kaltenborn, Mulligan Balance Examination & evaluation of impaired balance, Activities for treating impaired balance: mode, posture, movement, Precautions & contraindications, Types Balance retraining.	20					
5	Co-ordination Exercise Test for co-ordination: equilibrium test, non-equilibrium test c. Frenkel's Exercise: uses of Frenkel's exercise, technique of Frenkel's exercise, progression, home exercise. Walking Aids a. Types: Crutches, Canes, Frames; Principles and training with walking aids	20					

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1 Therapeutic Exercise (English, Hardcover, Lynn Allen Colby, Carolyn Kisner)
- 2 Therapeutic Exercise by Carrie M Hall and Lori Thein Brody
- 3 Muscles: Testing and Function, with Posture and Pain by Florence Peterson Kendall

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (70 MARKS)

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	Exercise Therapy Techniques (5)	14×5=70 Marks

	COURSE TITLE : ELECTROTHERAPY LMHF PRACTICAL COURSE CODE: BPT19406									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER CREDITS									
L	T	Р	L	T	Р	TOT	L T P TOT			
-	-	8	-	-	120	120	-	-	4	4

At the end of this course candidate able to:

- 1. Demonstrate electrical stimulation
- 2. Demonstrate SWD & UST application
- 3. Demonstrate superficial heat modalities
- 4. Demonstrate checking of electrical equipments.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	Demonstrate the technique for patient evaluation – receiving the patient and positioning the patient for treatment using electrotherapy. 1. Collection of materials required for treatment using electrotherapy modalities and testing of the apparatus. 2. Demonstrate placement of electrodes for various electrotherapy modalities	10
2	Electrical stimulation for the muscles supplied by the peripheral nerves Faradism under Pressure for UL and LL Plotting of SD curve with chronaxie and rheobase 1. Demonstrate FG test	40
	Application of Ultrasound for different regions-various methods of application 1. Demonstrate treatmenttechniquesusingSWD, IRR and Microwave diathermy	30
	Demonstrate the technique of UVRexposure for various conditions — calculation of test dose DemonstratetreatmentmethodusinglFTforvarious regions Calculation of dosage and technique of application of LASER	30

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
5	1.Techniqueoftreatment and application of Hydrocollator	10
	packs, cryotherapy, contrast bath, wax therapy	
	2.Demonstrate the treatment method using whirl pool bath	
	3. Winding up procedure after any electrotherapy treatment	
	method.	
	4.Traction: Lumbar, Cervical, Bedside traction	
	Performa:	
	1. Checking of equipments	
	2. Arrangement ofexercisetherapyandelectrotherapy	
	equipment.	
	3. Calibration of equipment	
	4. Purchase, billing, document ofequipment.	
	5. Safety handling of equipments.	
	6. Research lab equipment maintenance.	
	7. Stock register, movement register maintenance	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 Electrotherapy Explained: Principles and Practice by john low and ann read, Val Robertson and Alex ward
- 2 Therapeutic Modalities for Physical Therapists, William E. Prentice,
- 3 Clayton's Electrotherapy: Theory and Practice: by Angela Forster
- 4 Therapeutic Modalities, Chad Starkey

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (70MARKS)

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	Low Frequency Application (2)	20×1=20 Marks
		10×1=10 Marks
2	High Frequency Application(2)	20×2=40Marks

	BECHELOR OF THE STOTHER IN									
	COURSE TITLE : CLINICAL TRAINING - IV									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19407									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER					CR	EDITS				
				SEI	MESTER					
L	Т	Р	L	T	P	TOT	L T P TOT			
-	-	3	-	-	45	45	-	-	1	1

At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Collect demographical datas of patients in OPD and wards.
- 2. Assess muscle performance, joint range and limb length of patients in OPD and wards and record it .
- 3. Assess posture and gait of patients in OPD and wards and record it
- 4.Administer exercises to patients in OPD and wards under supervision of clinical staffs.
- 5. Administer soft tissue manipulations to patients in OPD and wards under supervision of clinical staffs.
- 6. Application of electrical equipments to patients in OPD and wards under supervision of clinical staffs.
- 7. Application of superficial and deep heat modalities to patients in OPD and wards under supervision of clinical staffs
- 8. Maintain clinical log note.

S.NO	TOPIC	HOURS
1.	Demographic data Collection	
2.	Socioeconomic history collection	
3.	Social behavior and its influence on health	
4.	Apply superficial and deep heating modalities to patients	
5.	Apply electrical modalities to the patients	
6.	Record the clinical log note	

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

FINAL EXAMINATION

WRITTEN EXAMINATION (50 MARKS)

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	Case presentation (2X 25= 50)	50

SEMESTER - V

COURSE CODE	COL	URSE	TITLE	HOURS				
	Core Course	DSE	Enhancement Course	Total Hours	L	Т	Р	С
BPT19501	Evaluation Measurements and Outcome measures	1	P	45	2	1	I	3
BPT19502	Orthopedic conditions for Physiotherapist	ı	1	60	3	1	ı	4
BPT19503	General Surgery, Plastic Surgery & OBG	ī	ı	60	3	1	1	4
BPT19504	General Medicine, Pediatrics & Psychiatry	1	-	60	3	1	1	4
BPT19505	Community Medicine		-	45	2	1	1	3
BPT19506*	-	-	Diagnostic Imaging for Physiotherapist	30	2			2
BPT19507*	-	-	Human science for yogapractice		2		2	3
BPT19508*	Clinical Training - V	-	-	90	-	-	6	2
	Library			75	5	-	-	
	Total				35	52	25	25

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the University

cc	COURSE TITLE:EVALUATION MEASUREMENTS AND OUTCOMEMEASURES COURSE CODE: BPT19501									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOUI	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMSTER			CREDITS						
L	Т	Р	L	T	T P TOT		L	Т	Р	тот
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2 1 - 3			3

Learning Objectives:

By the end of the course the candidate will be able

- 1. Classifythe Functional Diagnosisusing ICF and Interpretation of X-ray of extremities & spine, routine, bio-chemical investigation
- 2. Interpretation of Electrodiagnostic findings, routine Biochemical investigations.
- 3. Demonstratethe assessment techniques of musculoskeletal, neurological cardiovascular conditions, Hand conditions and Posture.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
1	ASSESSMENT OF MUSCULO SKELATAL FUNCTION	09
	SOAP Format of Assessment :	
	a) Demographic Data Collection	
	b) Chief Complaint	
	c) History Taking	
	d) ASSESSMENT OF PAIN	
	e) Intensity & quality	
	f) Body Diagram	
	g) Objective assessment & documentation – VAS, Mc Gill's	
	modified questionnaire, Numerical Rating Scale	
2	Assessment of Posture	09
	a) Assessment of Gait	
	b) Palpation: Limb Lengthand Girthmeasurement	
	c) Selective Tissue Tension Testing: Examination ofjoint	
	integrity (Contractile tissNon contractile tissues)	
	d) Active movement	
	e) Passive movement : Assessment of accessory	
	movement & End feel	
	f) Resisted isometric contraction	
	g) Tightness Testing	
	h) Assessment of Muscle Strength (Group and Individual)	

LINUTC	BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHI					
UNITS	TITI	LE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF			
			TEACHING /			
			LEARNING			
	i)	SpecialTests				
	j)	Observational Movementanalysis and Analysis of Muscle				
		Work				
	k)	Assessment of articular & extra- articular soft tissue				
		status				
	I)	Myofascial assessment				
	m)	Acute & Chronic muscle hold				
	n)	Outcome Measures				
	o)	Functional Diagnosis using ICF				
	p)	Interpretation of X-ray of extremities &spine, routine, bio-				
		chemical investigation				
3	ASS	ESSMENT OF NEUROMUSCULAR FUNCTION	09			
	Hig	her functions				
	a)	Cranial nerves				
	b)	Sensations & sensory organization (Dermatome,				
		Myotome and Sclerotome)				
	c)	Joint mobility				
	d)	Body image				
	e)	Tone				
	f)	Reflexes-Superficial &Deep				
	g)	Voluntary control				
	h)	Muscle Strength				
	i)	Co-ordination				
	j)	Balance				
	k)	Endurance				
	I)	Trick movements				
	m)	Limb Length				
	n)	Posture				
	o)	Gait				
	p)	Scales-Berg's Balance, Ashworth, Glasgow Coma, DGI				
	q)	Functional Diagnosis using ICF				
	r)	☐ Interpretation of Electro diagnostic findings, routine				
		Biochemical investigations.				
4	ASS	ESSMENT OF CARDIO VASCULAR & PULMONARY	09			
	DYS	FUNCTION				
	Der	mographic Data				
	a)	Chief complaint				
	1.,	1 1 1	l .			

LINUTS	BACHELOR OF PHY	
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	b) HOPI	
	c) History of Symptoms	
	d) Past Relevant Histories	
	e) Vital Parameters	
	f) Examinatiom: Head and Neck, Chest and Extremities	
	g) Palpation: Head and Neck, Chest and Extremities	
	h) Measurements: Chest Expansion, symmetry of chest	
	movement	
	i) Auscultation: Normal and Abnormal Breath Sounds	
	j) Special tests: Breath Holding Test etc.	
	k) Outcome Measures & Investigations:	
	l) Quality of life questionnaire	
	m) BORG and Modified BORG scale for Ratingof	
	Perceived Exertion (RPE)	
	n) Exercise Tolerance – six minutes walk test,	
	Theoretical bases of Bruce's protocol.	
	o) Peak Flow Meter	
	p) ABG, PFT, ECG- (Normal & Variations incommon	
	pathologic conditions)	
	q) X-ray Chest	
	r) Tests for Peripheral Arterial & Venous circulation	
	s) Ankle Brachial Index	
5	ASSESSMENT OF HAND	09
	a) Sensations	
	b) Mobility of joints	
	c) Strength	
	d) Special Testslike Froment's Sign, Bunnel–Litter's	
	Test, Phalen's Test, Tinels Sign, Wartenberg's Sign	
	e) Hand Function – Precision and Powergrips	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Orthopedic Physical Assessment. David J Magee, Sixth Edition
- 2. Physical rehabilitation, Susan B O 'Sullivan, 6th edition

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE: ORTHOPEDIC CONDITIONS FOR PHYSIOTHERAPIST									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19502									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOUI	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER		PER	CREDITS						
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

- Discuss the Patho-physiology, clinical manifestations and conservative/ surgical management of various traumatic cases of the Musculo-skeletal conditions
- Describe the skill of clinical examination and interpretation of the pre-operative cases and post-operative cases
- 3. Discuss the investigation used in musculoskeletalconditions
- 4. Discuss Pathological/biochemical studiespertaining to orthopedicconditions
- 5. Identify the radiological findings with the clinical findings

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Introduction	5
	a. Introduction to orthopaedics.	
	b. Clinical examination in an Orthopedic patient.	
	c. Common investigative procedures.	
	d. Radiological and Imaging techniques in Orthopeadics.	
	e. Inflammation and repair, Soft tissue healing.	
	2. Traumatology	
	a. Fracture: definition, types, signs and symptoms.	
	b. Fracture healing.	
	c. Complications of fractures.	
	d. Conservative and surgical approaches.	
	e. Principles of management – reduction (open/closed,	
	immobilization etc).	
	f. Subluxation/ dislocations – definition, signs and	
	symptoms, management (conservative and operative)	
2	Fractures and Dislocations of Upper Limb	13
	Fractures of Upper Limb - causes, clinical features,	
	mechanism of injury, complications, conservative and	
	surgical management for the following fracture:	
	a) Fractures of clavicle and scapula.	

UNITS		TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
			TEACHING /
			LEARNING
	b)	Fractures of greater tuberosity and neck of	
		humerus.	
	c)	Fracture shaft of humerus.	
	d)	Supracondylar fracture of humerus.	
	e)	Fractures ofcapitulum, radial head, olecranon,	
		coronoid, and epicondyles.	
	f)	Side swipe injury of elbow.	
	g)	Both bone fractures of ulna and radius.	
	h)	Fracture of forearm – monteggia, galaezzi	
		fracture – dislocation.	
	i)	Chauffer's fracture.	
	j)	Colle's fracture.	
	k)	Smith's fracture.	
	l)	Scaphoid fracture.	
	m)	Fracture of the metacarpals.	
	n)	Bennett's fracture.	
	0)	Fracture of the phalanges. (Proximal and	
		middle.)	
	Dislocat	ions of Upper Limb –	
	a)	Anterior dislocation of shoulder – mechanism	
	,	of injury, clinical feature, complications,	
		conservative management (Kocher's and	
		Hippocrates maneuver), surgical management	
		(putti plat, bankart's) etc.	
	b)	Recurrent dislocation of shoulder.	
	c)	Posterior dislocation of shoulder – mechanism	
		ofinjury, clinicalfeatures and management.	
	d)	Posterior dislocation of elbow – mechanism of	
		injury, clinical feature, complications &	
		management.	
	Regional	Conditions: Definition, Clinical features and	
	_	nent of the following regional conditions	
	_	der: Periarthritic shoulder (adhesive capsulitis).	
		cuff tendinitis. Supraspinatus Tendinitis.	
	1	1 1	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	Infraspinatus Tendinitis. Bicipital Tendinitis. Subacromial Bursitis. b. Elbow: Tennis Elbow. Golfer's Elbow. Olecranon	
	Bursitis (student's elbow). Triceps Tendinitis.	
	c. Wrist and Hand: De Quervain's Tenosynovitis.	
	Ganglion. Trigger Finger/ Thumb. Mallet Finger, Carpal	
	Tunnel Syndrome, Dupuytren'sContracture.	
	Fracture of Spine	
	a. Fracture of Cervical Spine - Mechanism of injury,	
	clinical feature, complications (quadriplegia); Management- immobilization (collar, cast, brace,	
	traction); Management for stabilization, management of	
	complication (bladder and bowel, quadriplegia).	
	a. Clay shoveller'sfracture.	
	b. Hangman's fracture.	
	c. Fracture odontoid.	
	d. Fracture of atlas.	
	Fracture of Thoracic and Lumbar Regions - Mechanism	
	of injury, clinical features, and management—	
	conservative and surgical of common fractures around	
	thoracic and lumbar regions.	
	Fracture of coccyx. d. Fracture of Rib Cage - Mechanism ofinjury, clinical	
	features, management for Fracture Ribs, Fracture of	
	sternum.	
3	Fractures and Dislocations of Lower Limb	12
	a. Fracture of Pelvis and Lower Limb - causes, clinical	
	features, mechanism of injury, complications,	
	conservative and surgical management ofthe following fractures:	
	a. Fracture of pelvis.	
	b. Fracture of pelvis.	
	classification, clinical features,	
	complications, management -	
	conservative and surgical.	
	c. Fractures of trochanters.	

UNITS		HOURS OF	
00		TITLE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
			LEARNING
	d.	Fracture shaft femur—clinical	
		features, mechanism of injury,	
		complications, management-	
		conservative and surgical.	
	e.	Supracondylar fracture of femur.	
	f.	Fractures of the condyles of femur.	
	g.	Fracture patella.	
	h.	Fractures of tibial condyles.	
	i.	Both bones fracture of tibia and	
		fibula.	
	j.	Dupuytren's fracture	
	k.	Maisonneuve's fracture.	
	l.	Pott's fracture – mechanism of	
		injury, management.	
	m.	Bimalleolar fracture	
	n.	Trimalleolar fracture	
	0.	Fracture calcaneum – mechanismof	
		injury, complications and	
		management.	
	p.	Fracture of talus.	
	q.	Fracture ofmetatarsals—stress	
		fractures jone's fracture.	
	r.	Fracture of phalanges.	
		ower Limb - mechanism ofinjury,	
		omplications, management ofthe	
	following disloca	tions of lower limb.	
	a.	Anterior dislocation of hip.	
	b.	Posterior dislocation of hip.	
	C.	Central dislocation ofhip.	
	d.	Dislocation of patella.	
	e.	Recurrent dislocation of patella.	
		es - Define terms such as sprains,	
		tendinitis, rupture, tenosynovitis,	
	tendinosis, bursi		
		ury of each, clinical features,	
	_	nservative and surgical of the	
	following soft tis	sue injuries:	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTI		HOURS OF
			TEACHING /
			LEARNING
	a. Meniscal injuries		
	b. Cruciate injuries		
		al collateral injuries	
	of knee.		
	d. Lateral ligamen	t of ankle.	
	e. Wrist sprains.		
	f. Strains- quadrice		
	calf, biceps, tri	•	
	_	driceps, gluteal, calf,	
	deltoid etc.		
		Achilles, rotator cuff	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	s, pectorals etc.	
	Hand Injuries - mechanism of injur	•	
	and management of the following	g –	
	a. Crush injuries.		
	b. Flexor and extensor injuries.		
	c. Burn injuries of hand		
	Pelvis and Hip: IT Band Syndrome.	Diriformis	
	Syndrome. Trochanteric Bursitis.	1 11110111113	
	Knee: OsteochondritisDissecans	Prenatellar and	
	Suprapatellar Bursitis. Popliteal	•	
	Tendinitis. Chondromalacia Patella.		
	Pad Syndrome (Hoffa's syndrome	•	
	(
	Ankle and Foot: Ankle Sprains. Pla	ntar Fasciitis /	
	Calcaneal Spur. Tarsal Tunnel Sync		
	Tendinitis. Metatarsalgia. Morto	n's Neuroma	
4	Amputations - Definition, levels ofa	mputation ofboth	15
	lower and upperlimbs, indication	•	
	Traumatic Spinal Cord Injuries - (•	
	complications, medical and surgical	management of	
	Paraplegia and Quadriplegia.		
	Deformities - clinical features, com	•	
	and surgical management of the fo	llowing Congenital	
	and Acquired deformities.		

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	a. Congenital Deformities –	
	a) CTEV.	
	b) CDH.	
	c) Torticollis.	
	d) Scoliosis.	
	e) Flat foot.	
	f) Vertical talus.	
	Hand anomalies- syndactyly, polydactyly and	
	ectrodactly. Arthrogryposis multiplex congenita	
	(amyoplasiacongenita).	
	Limb deficiencies- Amelia and Phocomelia. Klippelfeil	
	syndrome. Osteogenesisimperfecta(fragile ossium).	
	Cervical rib.	
	Acquired Deformities –	
	\	
	a) Acquired Torticollis	
	b) Scoliosis.	
	c) Kyphosis.	
	d) Lordosis.	
	e) Genu valgum	
	f) Genu valgum. g) Genu recurvatum	
	g) Genu recurvatum h) Coxavara.	
	i) Pescavus.	
	j) Hallux rigidus.	
	k) Hallux valgus.	
	I) Hammer toe.	
	m) Metatarsalgia.	
	Disease of Bones and Joints: Causes, Clinical features,	
	Complications, Management- medical and surgical of	
	the following conditions:	
	a. Infective conditions: Osteomyelitis (Acute / chronic).	
	Brodie's abscess. TB spine and major joints like	
	shoulder, hip, knee, ankle, elbow etc.	
	b. Arthriticconditions: Pyogenic arthritis. Septic arthritis.	
	Syphilytic infection of joints.	

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UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	c. Bone Tumors: classification, clinical features,	
	management - medical and surgical of the following	
	tumors: Osteoma. Osteosarcoma, Osteochondroma.	
	Enchondroma. Ewing'ssarcoma. Gaintcelltumor.	
	Multiple myeloma. Metastatic tumors.	
	d. Perthes disease, Slipped Capital Femoral Epiphysis	
	and Avascular Necrosis.	
	e. Metabolic Bone Diseases: Rickets. Osteomalacia,	
	Osteopenia. Osteoporosis.	
	Orthopedic Surgeries: Indications, Classification, Types,	
	Principlesofmanagement of the following Surgeries: a. Arthrodesis.	
	b. Arthroplasty (partial and total replacement).	
	c. Osteotomy,	
	d. External fixators.	
	e. Spinal stabilization surgeries (Harrington's, Luque's,	
	Steffi plating) etc ,	
	f. Limb re attachments.	
5		15
	Inflammatory and Degenerative Conditions: causes,	
	clinical feature, complications, deformities, radiological	
	features, management- conservative and surgical for the	
	following conditions:	
	a. Osteoarthritis. Rheumatoid arthritis. Ankylosing	
	spondylitis Gouty arthritis. Psoriatic arthritis. Hemophilic	
	arthritis. Still's disease (juvenile rheumatoid arthritis).	
	Charcot's joints.	
	b. Connective Tissue Disorders- Systemic Lupus	
	Erythematosis, Scleroderma, Dermatomyositis,	
	Poliomyelitis, Mixed connective tissue Disease (MCTD)	
	Syndromes: Causes, Clinical features, complications,	
1	management- conservative and surgical of the	
	following:	
	a. Cervico brachial syndrome. Thoracic outlet	
	syndrome. Vertebro- basilar syndrome. Scalenus	
	Syndromes: Causes, Clinical features, complications, management- conservative and surgical of the following: a. Cervico brachial syndrome. Thoracic outlet	

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UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	syndrome. Costoclavicular syndrome. Levator scapulae	
	syndrome. Piriformis syndrome.	
	Neuromuscular Disorders: Definition, causes, clinical	
	feature, complications, management. (Multidisciplinary	
	approach) medical and surgical of the following	
	conditions:	
	a. Cerebral palsy.	
	b. Poliomyelitis.	
	c. Spinal Dysraphism.	
	d. Leprosy.	
	a. Espirosy.	
	Cervical and Lumbar Pathology: Causes, clinical feature,	
	patho-physiology, investigations, management-Medical	
	and surgical for the following:	
	a. Prolapsed interverbral disc (PID),	
	b. Spinal Canal Stenosis.	
	c. Spondylosis (cervical and lumbar)	
	d. Spondylolysis.	
	e. Spondylolisthesis.	
	f. Lumbago/ Lumbosacral strain.	
	9 '	
	g. Sacralisation.	
	h. Lumbarisation.	
	i. Coccydynia.	
	j. Hemivertebra.	

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Essential of Orthopedics and applied Physiotherapy- Jayanth Joshi, Prakash Kotwal
- 2. Natarajan's Textbook of Orthopaedics & Traumatology, Natarajan, 7th Edition

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	BitchEdok of ImigrothEkin I									
	COURSE TITLE : GENERAL SURGERY , PLASTIC SURGERY & OBG COURSE CODE: BPT19503									
				COU	NOE CO	JDE. DELT	7505			
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER CREDITS										
L	L T P L T P TOT				L	Т	Р	тот		
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

- Describe various surgical indications of abdominal, thoracic, neuro surgical and peripheral vascular conditions
- Describe surgical steps & Approaches in short and should be able to describe components of soft tissues cut to reach target tissue and complications
- Recognize the post-operative complications and its implications inward treatment, Prognosis, Morbidity and mortality
- 4. Describe effects of Surgical trauma and anesthesia in post operative course
- Understand, classify, clinically assess, evaluate and describe surgical management in brief in a) Wounds and ulcers b)burns c)head injuries
- 6. Identify and interpret findings of x-ray chest and abdomen, CT-Scan, USG
- Describe the normal and abnormal physiological event during the puberty, pregnancy, labour, purpeuriun and pre, peri and post menopause

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base disturbances — diagnosis and management; Nutrition in the surgical patient; Wound healing — basic process involved in wound repair, basic phases in the healing process, clinical management of wounds, factors affecting wound healing, Scars — types and treatment. Hemostasis — components, hemostatic disorders, factors affecting bleeding during surgery. Transfusion therapy in surgery — blood components, complications of transfusion; Surgical Infections; General Post — Operative Complications and its management.	12
	Reasons for Surgery; Types of anaesthesia and its affects on the patient; Types of Incisons; Clips Ligatures and Sutures; General Thoracic Procedures – Radiologic Diagnostic procedures, Endoscopy – types, Biopsy –	

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UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	uses and types. Overview and Drainage systems and tubes used in Surgery.	
	Causes, Clinical Presentation, Diagnosis and treatment ofthefollowing Thoracic Traumasituations – Airway obstruction, Pnuemothorax, Hemothorax, Cardiac Tamponade, Tracheobronchial disruption, Aortic disruption, Diaphragmatic disruption, Esophageal disruption, Cardiac and Pulmonary Contusions.	
2	Surgical Oncology – Cancer – definition, types, clinical manifestations ofcancer, Staging of Cancer, surgical procedures involved in themanagement ofcancer. Disorders of the Chest Wall, Lung and Mediastinum Thoracic surgeries – Thoracotomy – Definition, Typesof Incisions with emphasis tothesiteofinsision, muscles cut and complications. Lung surgeries: Pnumonectomy, Lobectomy, segmentectomy – Indications, Physiological changes and Complications; Thoracoplasty, Pleurectomy, Pleurodesis and Decortication of the Lung. Cardiac surgeries – An overview of the Cardio-Pulmonary Bypass Machine – Extracardiac Operations, Closed Heart surgery, Open Heart surgery. Transplant Surgery – Heart, Lung and Kidney – Indications, Physiological changes and Complications.	12
3	Diseases of the Arteries and Veins: Definition, Etiology, Clinical features, signs and symptoms, complications, management and treatment of following diseases: Arteriosclerosis, Atherosclerosis, Aneurysm, Buerger's disease, Raynaud's Disease, Thrombophlebitis, Deep Vein Thrombosis, Pulmonary Embolism, Varicose Veins. 8. Definition, Indication, Incision, Physiological changes and Complications following Common operations like Cholecystectomy, Colostomy, Ileostomy, Gastrectomy, Hernias, Appendicectomy Mastectomy, Nephrectomy, Prostectomy. Burn: Definition, Classification, Causes, Prevention, Pathological changes, Complications, Clinical Features	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	and Management. Skin Grafts – Types, Grafting Procedures, Survival of Skin Graft; Flaps – Types and uses of Flaps.	
4	ENT: Common problems of ear, otitis media, Otosclerosis, functional achonia and deafness, management facial palsy classification, medical and surgical management of lower motor neuron type of facial palsy. Ophthalmology: Ophthalmologic surgical conditions, refraction's, conjunctivitis, glaucoma, cornealulcer, iritis, cataract, retinitis, detachment ofretina, defectsof extra-ocular muscles-surgical management. Principle of common gynaecological operations — hysterectomy, D&C, D&E, Papsmear . Menopause: Its effect on emotions and musculoskeletal system Urogenital dysfunction — pre and post-natal condition Sterility: Pathophysiology, investigations, management, Malnutrition and deficiencies in females. Surgical procedures involving child birth. a. Definition, Indications and Management of the following surgical procedures — pelvic repair, caesarian section, nephrectomy, Hysterosalphyngography, Dilatation and Curettage, Laproscopy, Colposcopy, Hysterectomy. Carcinoma of female reproductive organs — surgical management in brief Mastectomy — Simple, radical. Hysterectomy. Incontinence — Types, Causes, Assessment and Management.	12
5	Anatomyand physiology ofthe femalereproductive organs. Puberty dynamics Physiology of menstrual cycle – a. ovulation cycle,	12
	b. uterine cycle, c. Cx cycle, d. duration,	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	e. amount f. Hormonal regulation of menstruation, . Hormonal disorders of females-obesity and female hormones Pregnancy a. Diagnosis of pregnancy b. Abortion c. Physiological changes during pregnancy d. Importance of antenatal care exercise e. High risk pregnancy, prenatal common complications – investigation and management f. Musculoskeletal disorders duringpregnancy g. Multiple child birth h. Normal labor Childbirthcomplications, investigation and management Normalpuerperium, lactationandimportance ofpost- natal exercises Family planning. Medical Termination of Pregnancy . Infection of female genital tract including sexually transmitted diseases, low backache Prolapse of uterus and vagina	

REFERENCE BOOK:

- 1. Principles and practice of Medicine- Davidson, 23rd Edition,
- 2. Textbook of gynecology. D.C Dutta's.
- 3. Physical Rehabilitation, Susan O Sullivan 6th Edition
- 4. Manipal Manual of Surgery, K.Rajagopal Shenoy.

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : GENERAL MEDICINE, PEDIATRICS & PSYCHIATRY									
				cou	RSE CO	DE: BP	Γ19504			
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	HOURS / WEEK		TO	OTAL HO		ER		CRI	DITS	
L	T	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	T L T P TO			тот
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will

- 1. Describe Etiology, Pathophysiology, Signs & Symptoms & Management of the various Cardiovascular, Pulmonary, Gastero intestinal, Renal, Endocrinal, Metabolic, Geriatric & Nutrition Deficiency conditions.
- 2. Describe Etiology, Pathophysiology, Signs & Symptoms, and Clinical Evaluation & Management of the various Psychiatry Conditions.
- 4. Describe the principles of Management at the pediatrics conditions

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Infection: Effects of Infection on the body — Pathology — source and spread of infection — vaccinations — generalized infections — rashes and infection — food poisoning and gastroenteritis — sexually transmitted diseases — HIV infections and Aids. 2. Poisoning: Clinical features — general management — common agents in poisoning — pharmaceutical agents — drugs of misuse — chemical pesticides — Envenomation.	12
2	Food and Nutrition: Assessment – Nutritional and Energy requirements; Deficiency diseases – clinical features and treatment; Protein – Energy Malnutrition: Clinical features and treatment; Obesity and its related disorders: Causes – Complications – benefits of weight loss – management of Obesity – diet, exercise and medications. 4. Endocrine diseases: Common presenting symptoms of Endocrine disease – common classical disease presentations, clinical features and its management; Diabetes Mellitus: Etiology and pathogenesis of diabetes – clinical manifestations of the disease – management of the disease – Complications of diabetes.	12

LINUT	NITSTITLE OF CONTENT						
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF					
		TEACHING /					
		LEARNING					
	Diseases of the blood: Examinations of blood disorders –						
	Clinical manifestations of blood disease; Anemia – signs and						
	symptoms- types and management ; Hemophilia- Cause -						
	clinical features severity of disease – management –						
	complications due to repeated hemorrhages – complications						
	due to therapy.						
3	Diseases of the digestive system : Clinical manifestations of	12					
	gastrointestinal disease – Etiology, clinical features,						
	diagnosis, complications and treatment of the following						
	conditions : Reflux Oesophagitis, AchlasiaCardia, Carcinoma						
	of Oesophagus, GI bleeding, Peptic Ulcer disease,						
	Carcinoma of Stomach, Pancreatitis, Malabsorption						
	Syndrome, Ulcerative Colitis, Peritonitis, Infections of						
	Alimentary Tract;Clinicalmanifestations ofliverdiseases -						
	Aetiology, clinical features, diagnosis, complications and						
	treatment of the following conditions: Viral Hepatitis,						
	Wilson's Disease, Alpha1-antitrypsin deficiency, Tumors of						
	the Liver, Gall stones, Cholycystitis.						
	Diseases of the Skin: Examination and clinical manifestations						
	ofskindiseases; Causes, clinicalfeatures and management						
	of the following skin conditions: Leprosy, Psoriasis,						
	Pigmentary Anomalies, Vasomotor disorders, Dermatitis,						
	Coccal and Fungal Parasitic and Viral infections.						
4	Pediatrics: Problems and management of LBW infants,	12					
	Perinatal problems and management, Congenital						
	abnormalities and management, Respiratory conditions of						
	childhood, Cerebral Palsy – causes, complications, clinical						
	manifestations, treatment; Spina Bifida – management and						
	treatment, Epilepsies – types, diagnosis and treatment;						
	Recognizing developmental delay, common causes of delay;						
	Orthopedic and Neuromuscular disorders in childhood,						
	clinical features and management; Sensory disorders –						
	problems resulting from loss of vision and hearing; Learning						
	and behavioural problems – Hyperactivity, Autism,						
	Challenging behaviours, Educational delay, The Clumsy						
	Child.						
	Crinu.						

UNITS TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
Psychiatric Disorders: Classifications, Causes, Clinical manifestations and treatment methods used in Psychiatry. Modalities of psychiatric treatment, Psychiatric illness and physiotherapy, Brief description of Etio-pathogenesis, manifestations, and management of psychiatric illnesses Anxiety neurosis, Depression, Obsessive compulsive neurosis, Psychosis, Maniac-depressive psychosis, Post-traumatic stress disorder, Psychosomatic reactions: Stress and Health, theories of Stress – Illness. Etio-pathogenesis, manifestations, and management of psychiatric illness a. Drug dependence and alcoholism, b. Somatoform and Dissociate Disorders – conversion reactions, Somatization, Dissociate Amnesia, and Dissociate Fugue, c. Personality disorders d. Child psychiatry - manifestations, and management of childhood disorders -attention deficit syndrome and behavioral disorders. e. Geriatric psychiatry.	12

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Text book of Medicine, API 5thedition
- 2. Medicine for students Golwalla
- 3. Principles & Practice of Medicine by Davidson

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	Ditended of This of the terms									
	COURSE TITLE : COMMUNITY MEDICINE									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19505									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOUF	RS / WI	EEK	TO	TAL H SEM	OURS ESTER			CRE	DITS	
L	T	Р	L	T	Р	TOT	L	T	P	TOT
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

- 1. Describe the Health and Disease of the society
- 2. Describe the Epidemiology of the various disease
- 3. Discuss the public health administration of India
- 4. Discuss various Health program in India.
- 5. Discuss about Various occupational health hazards

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
1	Health and Disease: Definitions, Concepts, Dimensions and Indicators of Health, Concept of well-being, Spectrum and Determinants of Health, Concept and natural history of Disease, Concepts of disease control and prevention, Modes of Intervention, Population Medicine, The role of socioeconomic and cultural environment in health and disease. Epidemiology, definition and scope. Principles of Epidemiology and Epidemiological methods: Components and Aims, Basic measurements, Methods, Uses of Epidemiology, Infectious disease epidemiology, Dynamics and modes of disease transmission, Host defenses and Immunizing agents, Hazards of Immunization, Disease prevention and control, Disinfection. Screening for Disease Concept of screening, Aims and Objectives, Uses and types of screening	
2	Epidemiology of communicable disease: Respiratory infections, Intestinal infections, Arthropod-borne infections, Zoonoses, Surface infections, Hospital acquired infections Epidemiology of chronic non-communicable diseases and conditions: Cardio vascular diseases: Coronary heart	09

	BACHELOR OF PHY	
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	disease, Hypertension, Stroke, Rheumatic heart disease, Cancer, Diabetes, Obesity, Blindness, Accidents and Injuries.	
	Publichealth administration-an overviewofthehealth administration set up at Central and state levels. The national health programme-highlighting the role ofsocial, economicand cultural factors in theimplementation ofthe national programmes. Health problems of vulnerable groups- pregnant and lactating women, infants and preschool children, occupational groups.	
3	Health programmes in India: Vector borne disease control programme, National leprosy eradication programme, National tuberculosis programme, National AIDS control programme, National programmeforcontrolofblindness, lodine deficiency disorders (IDD) programme, Universal Immunisationprogramme, Reproductive and child health programme, National cancer control programme, National mental health programme. National diabetes control programme, National family welfare programme, National sanitation and water supply programme, Minimum needs programme. 6. Demography and Family Planning: Demographic cycle, Fertility, Family planning-objectives of national family planning programme and family planning methods, A general idea of advantage and disadvantages of the methods.	09
4	Preventive Medicine in Obstetrics, Paediatrics and Geriatrics: MCH problems, Antenatal, Intranatal and postnatal care, Care of children, Child health problems, Rights of child and National policy for children, MCH services and indicators of MCH care, Social welfare programmes for women and children, Preventive medicine and geriatrics. 8. Nutrition and Health: Classification of foods, Nutritional profiles of principal foods, Nutritional problems in public health, Community nutrition programmes.	09

	BACHELOR OF PHY	<u>SIOTHERAPY</u>
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	9. Environment and Health: Components of environment,	
	Water and air pollution and publichealth: Pollutioncontrol,	
	Disposal of waste, Medical entomology	
	Hospital waste management: Sources of hospital waste,	
	Health hazards, Waste management.	
	. Occupational Health: Occupational environment, Occupational hazards, Occupational diseases, Prevention of	
	occupational diseases. Social security and other measures	
	for the protection from occupational hazard accidents and	
	diseases. Details of compensation acts.	
5	•	09
5	Occupational Health: Occupational environment, Occupational hazards, Occupational diseases, Prevention of	09
	occupational diseases. Social security and other measures	
	for the protection from occupational hazard accidents and	
	diseases. Details of compensation acts.	
	uiseases. Details of compensation acts.	
	Mental Health: Characteristics ofa mentally healthy person,	
	Types of mental illness, Causes of mental ill health,	
	Prevention, Mental health services, Alcohol and drug	
	dependence. Emphasis oncommunity aspects ofmental	
	health. Role of Physiotherapist in mental health problems	
	such as mental retardation.	
	14. Health Education: Concepts, aims and objectives,	
	Approaches to health education, Models of health	
	education, Contents ofhealth education, Principles ofhealth	
	education, Practice of health education.	

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Text book of community medicine &Community Health – by Bhaskar Rao

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING FOR PHYSIOTHERAPIST									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19506									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOUF	HOURS / WEEK				HOUR /IESTE	S PER R	CREDITS			
L	T	Р	L	T	Р	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
2	-	-	30	-	-	30	2	-	-	2

By the end of the course the candidate will be able to:

- 1. Discuss the result of diagnostic imaging in various conditions.
- 2. Recognize the working and principles of Imaging techniques
- Identifythevarious imagingtechniques used in musculoskeletal, neuromuscular, cardiovascular condition

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	IMAGE INTERPRETATION a. History b. A New Kind of Ray c. How a Medical Image Helps d. What Imaging Studies Reveal e. Radiography(x-rays) f. Fluoroscopy g. Computed Tomography (CT) h. Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) i. Ultrasound j. Endoscopy.	06
_	RADIOGRAPHY AND MAMMOGRAPHY a. Equipment components b. Procedures for Radiography & Mammography c. Benefits versus Risks and Costs d. Indications and contraindications. 3. FLUOROSCOPY a. What is Fluoroscopy? b. Equipment used for fluoroscopy c. Indications and Contra indications d. How it helps in diagnosis e. The Findings in Fluoroscopy	06

UNIT	STITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING / LEARNING
	f. Benefits versus Risks and Costs.	
3	COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY (CT)	06
	a. What is Computed Tomography?	
	b. Equipment used for Computed Tomography	
	c. Indications and Contra indications	
	d. How it helps in diagnosis	
	e. The Findings in Computed Tomography	
	f. Benefits versus Risks and Costs.	
	MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING (MRI)	
	a. What is MRI?	
	b. Equipment used for MRI	
	c. Indications and Contra indications	
	d. How it helps in diagnosis	
	e. The Findings in MRI	
	f. Benefits versus Risks and Costs	
	g. Functional MRI.	
4	ULTRASOUND	06
	a. What is Ultrasound?	
	b. Equipment used for Ultrasound	
	c. Indications and Contra indications	
	d. How it helps in diagnosis	
	e. The Findings in Ultrasound	
	f. Benefits versus Risks and Costs.	
	ENDOSCOPY	
	a. What is Endoscopy?	
	b. Equipment used for Endoscopy	
	c. Indications and Contra indications	
	d. How it helps in diagnosis	
	e. The Findings in Endoscopy	
	f. Benefits versus Risks and Costs.	
5	NUCLEAR MEDICINE	06
	a. What is Nuclear Medicine?	
	b. Equipment used for Nuclear Medicine	
	c. Indications and Contra indications	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	d. How it helps in diagnosis.	
	e. Benefits versus Risks and Costs.	

REFERENCE BOOK:

- 1. Principles of Radiographic Imaging by Richard Carlton
- 2. Diagnostic Imaging, Includes Wiley E-Text 7th Edition by Andrea G. Rockall Andrew Hatrick Peter Armstrong Martin Wastie

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

COURSE TITLE: HUMAN SCIENCE FOR YOGA PRACTICE **COURSE CODE: BPT19507 COURSE CREDIT HOURS / WEEK** TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER CREDITS L Т L Т TOT L TOT Т 2 30 30 60 2 1

Learning Objectives:

By the end of the course the students able to

- 1. Describe the basics of yogic Sciences
- 2. Describe the yoga various postures
- 3. Demonstrate the yoga postures
- 4. Apply yoga techniques for clinical condition

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
Oiting		TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Unit – I: Yoga Introduction: Definition and typesof Yoga- Theutilityof Practiceof Yoga - Difference between Yogic & Physical Exercises - Astanga Yoga,- Philosophy Of Yoga And Its Utility- Yogic Diet & Food [Composition of Food, Drinking Water, Balanced Diet & Standard Diet] - Sat-Karma, Dhouti,Basti, Neti, Tratak Nauli,Kapalvati - Upabas [With Water Intake, Nishi Palan], Bath [Abagahan Bath, Tub Bath, Normal Bath, Ardha Bath], Prakriti- Triguna, - Panchatatta, - Bodies (Sharir), Panchakosha, - Panchapran - Pancha-Upapran	
2		
3	3 Unit-III: Practical of Yoga Postures Asanas: [Definition, Merits & Demerits] Forward Bending Asanas: ArdhaKurmasan, Vekasan,Sasangasan,Paschimottanasan, PadaHastasan, Halasan, NaviAsan, Back - Bending Asanas: Bhujangasan, Ustrasan, Dhanurasan, ArdhaChandrasan, Salavasan, Matsyasan, EkaPadaSalavasan or Ardha — Salavasan, SuptaBajrasan, PurnaBhujangasan, SetuBandhyanasan, Chakrasan Or Ardha-Chakarasan, SayanaSukhasan,	

LIMITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	
ONITS	ITTLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	Naukasan, Makarasan, - Balancing Asanas: Brikshasan,	
	Utkatasan, UtthitaPadmasan, TirjakSarbangasan,	
	Bhadrasan, Angusthasan, Tula Dandasan, Sirsasan,	
	Mayurasan-Others i.e. Lying, Side Bending, Sitting, Spinal	
	Twisting, Mixing Etc. & Also Dhyanasan: Bajrasan,	
	Padmasan, PabanMuktasan, Gomukhasan,	
	ArdhaMatsyendrasan, AakarnaDhanurasan, UtthanPadasan,	
	Sarbangasan, UpaBistwaPabanmuktasan,	
	UtthitaPaschimottanasan, ParswaChandrasan,	
	SayanaPadmasan,UtthitaPadasan By-Stages,	
	BaddhaKonasan, SayanaPaschimottanasan, Jasthiasan,	
	Singhasan, BirBhadrasan	
4	Unit – IV: Practical of Pranayamas& Mudras	15
	Pranayama (Definition with Merits & Demerits): 1.Definition	
	of Pranayama, 2.Lists of Pranayamas	
	- Yogic Deep Breathing, Bajrasan Deep Breathing,	
	ArdhaKurmasan Deep Breathing, PabanMuktasan Deep	
	Breathing, Bhujangasan Deep Breathing,	
	ArdhaSuptaBajrasan Deep Breathing ,B.NariSodhan -	
	AnulomVilomPranayamOr Alternate Nostril Breathing -	
	NariSuddhi Or NariSodhan Pranayama	
	C.Miscellaneous:Suryaveda, Ujjayii, Sitkari, Sitali- Bhastrika,	
	Bhramari, Kapalbhati, Kumbhak Pradhan Pranayam,	
	BhramanPranayam ,Urdha –	
	BhramanPranayamSahajParanayam – Moorcha, Plabini -	
	Lists of Mudras &Bandhs (Definition with Merits &	
	Demerits) - Ashwini Mudra, Yoga Mudra- With Breathe-In	
	Yoga Mudra, With Breathe-Out Yoga Mudra Mahabandh	
	Mudra, BiparitKarani Mudra, Matsya Mudra , Mulabandh	
	Mudra, Shakti Chalani Mudra, Maha Mudra, Jalandhar	
	Bandh Mudra, UddyanBandh Mudra, Tri Bandh Mudra, Nadi,	
	Kula – Kundalini - Aim of Yoga With Sat – Chakra,	
	Muladhara Chakra, Swadhisthan Chakra, Manipura Chakra -	
	Anahata Chakra, Visuddha Chakra, Ajna Chakra, Sahasrar	
	Chakra,	
	Citakia,	

	BACHELOR OF PHYS	IUTHEKAPT
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
5	Unit-V: Remedial Therapy of Diseases	10
	Alimentary System - Acidity, astritis, Constipation, Colitis,	
	Piles, - Indigestion Respiratory System: Bronchitis,	
	Bronchial Asthma Cardio – Vascular System: Ischaemic	
	Heart Disease, Myocardial Infarction - Endocrine System:	
	Hypothyroidism, Hyperthyroidism - Menstrual Disorders:	
	Amenorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, Cryptomenorrhoea,	
	Menorrhagia, Metrorrhagia- Diseases Of Bones& Joints:	
	Osteo Arthritis, Back Ache, Arthritis, Rheumatism, Sciatica,	
	Spondylosis (Lumbar & Cervical) - Other Diseases: Sprain,	
	Strain, Synovitis, Bursitis, Planter Fascitis, Tenosynovitis,	
	Sub Calcaneal Bursitis, Rotator Cuff Impringmentation	
	Syndrome (RCIS), LBP (Low Back Pain), Supra Spinatus	
	Tendinitis, Deltoid Fibrosis, Deltoid Ligament Rupture,	
	Tennis Elbow, Golfer's Elbow, Fracture & Dislocation,	
	Sinusitis, Tonsilitis, Pharyngitis, Diabetes - Mellitus	
	&InsipidusInsomnia, Obesity, TabesDorsalis, Epilepsy,	
	Parkinson Disease, Myasthenia Gravis, Friedreich's Ataxia,	
	Anaemia, Frozen Shoulder, Slipped Disc, Blood Pressure–	
	Low & High, Migraine - Viva - Voce & Project - Viva –	
	Voce.	

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. SadhguruJaggiVasudev, Inner Engineering A yogi's guide to joy, 2016
- 2. Shri Shri Ravi Shankar, The Art of stress-free Living, 2011
- 3. Swami RamdevJiYog Its Philosophy and Practice, 2008
- 4. Yogiraj Vethathiri Maharishi, Yoga for Modern Age, Tenth edition, Vethathiri Publications, 2007.

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

SCHEME OF WRITTEN EXAMINATION (25 MARKS)

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	MCQ	05×1=05 Marks
2	Short Notes (2 out of 4)	2×5=10 Marks
3	Essay (2 out of 3)	1×10=10Marks

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION FOR PRACTICAL (25 MARKS)

Sr. No	Components	Marks	
1	1. Demonstration of Five Yoga	1×15 =15	
	Postures	1×10 =10	
	2. Demonstration of five		
	Pranayamas& Mudras		

	Dittilibut of This of The Control of									
	COURSE TITLE : CLINICAL TRAINING - V									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19508									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER CREDITS						DITS				
	SEMESTER									
L	T	Р	L	T	Р	TOT	L	Т	Р	TOT
-	-	6	-	-	90	90	-	-	2	2

Learning Outcomes:

By end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Explain the various treatment techniques at the various wards in the hospital
- 2. Schedule the patient treatment according to their condition
- 3. Demonstrate the assessment techniques of various conditions

S.NO	TOPIC	HOURS
1.	Demographic data Collection	
2.	Socioeconomic history collection	
3.	Social behavior and its influence on health	
4.	Schedule the patients treatment according to their condition	
5.	Assess and diagnose the patient's condition	

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

Sr. No Components		Marks
1	2 case presentation	25 ×2=50

SEMESTER - VI

COURSE	COURSE TITLE					HOL	JRS	
CODE	Core Course	DSE	Enhancement Course	Total Hours		T	P	С
BPT19601	PT in Orthopedic Conditions	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19602	PT in General Medicine & General Surgery	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19603	Neurological Conditions for Physiotherapist	ı	-	60	3	1	ı	4
BPT19604	Research Methodology & BioStatistics	ı	1	30	1	1	ı	2
BPT19605	Pain mechanisms and Management of Pain for Physiotherapists	-	-	30	1	1		2
BPT19606	PT in Orthopedic conditions – Practical	-	-	60	1 1	-	4	2
BPT19607	Work Physiology	-		45	2	1		3
BPT19608*	-	-	Medical Terminology and Record Keeping	15	1	-		1
BPT19609*	Clinical Training - VI	-	-	90	1	-	6	2
-	Library				75			
	Total				3	5	525	24

^{*}End Semester exam will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the University.

COURSE TITLE : PT IN ORTHOPEDIC CONDITIONS COURSE CODE: BPT19601										
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER CREDITS									
L	L T P L T P TOT L T P TO							TOT		
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

Learning Objectives:

At end of the course the candidate will be able to:

- Apply the knowledge gained in clinical orthopaedics with Physiotherapy techniques
- 2. To identify disabilities due to musculoskeletal dysfunction, plan and set treatment goals
- Implement the physiotherapy treatment protocol for various musculoskeletal disorders
- 4. Prescribe appropriate Orthosis / splints & will be able to fabricate temporary protective & functional splints.
- 5. Describe treatment protocol for various musculoskeletal conditions

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	PT assessment for Orthopedic conditions - SOAP format. Subjective - history taking, informed consent, personal, past, medical and socioeconomic history, chief complaints, history of present illness. Pain assessment- intensity, character, aggravating and relieving factors, site and location. Objective- on observation - body built, swelling, muscle atrophy, deformities, posture and gait. On palpationtenderness-grades, muscle spasm, swelling-methods of swelling assessment, bony prominences, soft tissue texture and integrity, warmth and vasomotor disturbances. On examination – ROM – active and passive, resisted isometric tests, limb lengthapparent, true and segmental, girth measurement, muscle length testing-tightness, contracture and flexibility, manual muscle testing, peripheral	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING / LEARNING
	neurological examination-dermatomes, myotomes and reflexes, special tests and functional tests. Prescription ofhomeprogram. Documentation of case records, and follow up.	
	Fractures - types, classification, signs and symptoms, complications. Fracture healing - factors affecting fracture healing. Principles of fracture management - reduction - open and closed, immobilization - sling, cast, brace, slab, traction - manual, mechanical, skin, skeletal, lumbar and Cervical traction, external fixation, functional cast bracing. PT management in complications - early and late - shock, compartment syndrome, VIC, fat embolism, delayed and mal union, RSD, myositis ossificans, AVN, pressuresoresetc. Physiotherapy assessment in fracture cases. Aims of PT management in fracture cases - short and longterm goals. Principles of PT management in fractures - Guidelinesforfracturetreatmentduringperiodof immobilization and guidelines for treatment after immobilization period. Specific fractures and dislocations: PT assessment and management of upper limb fractures and dislocations. PT assessment and management of lower limb fractures and dislocations including pelvis. PT assessment and management spinal fractures. Selection and application of physiotherapeutic techniques, maneuver's, modalities for preventive,	
	curative andrehabilitativemeansinallconditions.	42
2	Degenerative and inflammatory conditions: Definition, signs and symptoms, clinical features, path physiology, radiological features, deformities, medical, surgical management. Describe the PT assessment and management and home program for the following conditions – Osteoarthritis - emphasis mainly on knee, hip and hand, Rheumatoid Arthritis,	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
5.41.5		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	Ankylosing spondylitis, Gout, Perthesdisease, Periarthritic shoulder. Infective conditions: Definition, signs and symptoms, clinical features, pathophysiology, radiological features, medical, surgical management. Describe PT assessment and management for following conditions — Osteomyelitis — acute and chronic, Septic arthritis, pyogenic arthritis, TB spine and major joints - knee and hip. Define, review the postural abnormalities of spinal column, clinical features, deformities, medical and surgical management. Describe PT assessment and	LEAKNING
	management and home program.	
3	Deformities: Review indetail thecauses, signs and symptoms, radiological features, medical and surgical management. Describe the PT. assessment and management of the following conditions: Congenital: CTEV, CDH, Torticollis, pesplanus, pes cavus and other common deformities. Acquired: scoliosis, kyphosis, coxavara, genuvarum, valgum and recurvatum. Cerebral palsy: Definition, etiology, classification, clinical features, complications, deformities, medical and surgical management and home program with special emphasis on carrying techniques. PT management after surgical corrections. Poliomyelitis: Definition, etiology, types, pathophysiology, clinical features, deformities, medical and surgical management. PT. assessment and management after surgical corrections and reconstructive surgeries - emphasis on tendon transfer and home program. Leprosy: Definition, cause, clinical features, medical and surgical management. PT assessment, aims, and management after surgical procedures such as tendon transfer both pre and post operatively.	12

LINUTC	BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY S TITLE OF CONTENT HOURS OF						
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /					
		· ·					
4	Amputations: Definition, levels, indications, types, PT assessment, aims, management pre and post operatively. PT management with emphasis on stump care and bandaging. Pre and post prosthetic training, checking out prosthesis, complications of amputations and its management. Spinal conditions: Review the causes, signs and symptoms, investigations, radiological features, neurological signs. PT assessment, aims, and management and home program of the following conditions: Cervical spondylosis, Lumbar spondylosis, Spondylolisthesis, Spinal canal stenosis, Spondylolysis, Sacro-iliac joint dysfunction, Sacralisation, Lumbarisation, Intervertebral disc prolapse, Coccydynia, Spina bifida occulta. Effects of spinal traction, types of traction, modes of application, indications for spinal traction, contraindications, precautions, limitations of traction.	LEARNING 12					
	Osteoporosis- causes, predisposing factors,						
5	investigations and treatment Orthopedic surgeries: Pre and post-operative PT assessment, goals, precautions and PT management of following surgeries such as: Arthrodesis, Osteotomy, Arthroplasty-partial and total - Excision arthroplasty, excision arthroplasty with implant, interpositional arthroplasty and total replacement; Tendon transplant, Soft tissue release- tenotomy, myotomy, lengthening; Arthroscopy, Spinal stabilization, Re-attachment of limbs, External fixators, Synovectomy. 18. Shoulder joint: Shoulder instabilities, TOS, RSD, Impingement syndrome - conservative and post-operative PT management. Total shoulder replacement and Hemi replacement Postoperative PTmanagement. AC joint injuries - rehabilitation. Rotator cuff tears-conservative and surgical repair.	12					

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
Oiliis	THE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	Subacromial decompression - Post operative PT management.	
	Elbow and forearm: Excision of radial head - Post operative PTmanagement. Totalelbowarthroplasty-Post operative PT management. Wrist and Hand: Total wrist arthroplasty. Repair of ruptured extensor tendons. Carpal tunnel syndrome. Flexor and extensor tendon lacerations - Post	
	operative PT management. Hip: Jointsurgeries- hemi and totalhipreplacement - Post operative PT management Tendonitis and bursitis Management. Knee: Lateral retinacular release, chondroplasty- Post operative management. Realignment of extensor mechanism. ACL and PCLreconstructionsurgeries - Post operative rehabilitation. Meniscectomy and meniscal repair - Post operative management. Plica syndrome, patellar dysfunction and Hoffa's syndrome- conservative management. TKR-	
	rehabilitation protocol. Patellar tendon ruptures and Patellectomy- rehabilitation. Ankle and foot: Ankle instability. Ligamentous tears-Post operative management.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Essential of Orthopaedics and Applied Physiotherapy Jayant Joshi, Prakash Kotwal
- 2. Orthopedic Physical Assessment David J Magee 6th Edition
- 3. Orthopedic Physical therapy by Donatelli
- 4. Therapeutic exercise Foundations and Techniques Carolyn Kisner 6th Edition
- 5. Physical Rehabilitation Assessment and Treatment O'Sullivan Schmitz 6th Edition

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

COURSE TITLE : PT IN GENERAL MEDICINE & GENERAL SURGERY COURSE CODE: BPT19602										
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	HOURS / WEEK			OTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CRE	DITS	
L	T	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	3 1 - 4		

Learning Outcomes:

At end of the course the candidate will be able to:

- Describephysiotherapy Managementofthevarious Endocrinal, Metabolic, Geriatric & Nutrition Deficiency conditions.
- Describephysiotherapy Managementofthevarious Rheumatological, Cardiovascular and Respiratory Conditions.
- 3. Interpret Chest X-ray, Blood gas analysis, P.F.T. findings, Blood investigations done for various medical and Rheumatological conditions.
- 4. Describe the principles of Management at the Medical Intensive Care Unit

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Physiotherapy in mother and child care — ante and post- natal management, early intervention and stimulation therapy in child care (movement therapy) Geriatrics — handling of old patients and their problems. Complication common to all operations Abdominal incisions. Physiotherapy in pre and post-operative stages. Operations on upper G.I.T oesophagus, stomach, duodenum Operations on large and small intestine — Appendisectomy, cholecystectomy, partial colectomy, ileostomy, hernia and herniotomy, hernioraphy, hernioplasty. Physiotherapy in dentistry	12
2	Burns and its treatment – physiotherapy in burns, skin grafts, and reconstructive surgeries	10

BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY						
TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF					
	TEACHING /					
	LEARNING					
Management of wound ulcers- Care of ulcers and	12					
wounds- Care of surgical scars-U.V.R and other electro						
therapeutics for healing of wounds, prevention of Hyper-						
granulated Scars Keloids, Electrotherapeutics measures						
for relief of pain during mobilization of scars tissues.						
Physiotherapy in dermatology -Documentation of	12					
assessment, treatment and follow up skin conditions.						
U.V.R therapy in various skin conditions; Vitiligo; Hair						
loss; Pigmentation; Infected wounds ulcers. Faradic foot						
bath for Hyperhydrosis.						
Massage maneuvers for cosmetic purpose of skin; use of						
specific oil as medium; Care of anesthetic hand and foot;						
Evaluation, planning and management of leprosy-						
_ , , , ,						
orthotic devices.						
Physiotherapy intervention in the management of	14					
Medical, Surgical and Radiation Oncology Cases						
ENT – sinusitis, non-suppurative and chronic suppurative						
otitis media, osteosclerosis, labrynthitis, mastoidectomy,						
chronic rhinitis, laryngectomy, pharyngeo –						
laryngectomy, facial palsy.						
	Management of wound ulcers- Care of ulcers and wounds- Care of surgical scars-U.V.R and otherelectro therapeutics for healing of wounds, prevention of Hypergranulated Scars Keloids, Electrotherapeutics measures for relief of pain during mobilization of scars tissues. Physiotherapy in dermatology -Documentation of assessment, treatment and follow up skin conditions. U.V.R therapy in various skin conditions; Vitiligo; Hair loss; Pigmentation; Infected wounds ulcers. Faradic foot bath for Hyperhydrosis. Massage maneuvers for cosmetic purpose of skin; use of specific oil as medium; Care of anesthetic hand and foot; Evaluation, planning and management of leprosyprescription, fitting and training with prosthetic and orthotic devices. Physiotherapy intervention in the management of Medical, Surgical and Radiation Oncology Cases ENT – sinusitis, non-suppurative and chronic suppurative otitis media, osteosclerosis, labrynthitis, mastoidectomy, chronic rhinitis, laryngectomy, pharyngeo –					

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Physical Rehabilitation O'SULLIVAN SUSAN B 6th edition,
- 2. Therapeutic Modalities in Rehabilitation, William E. Prentice 5th edition
- 3. Cash's Textbook of Chest, Heart and Vascular Disorders for Physiotherapists. Joan E. Cash. 4th edition.

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

COURSE TITLE : NEUROLOGICAL CONDITIONS FOR PHYSIOTHERAPIST COURSE CODE: BPT19603										
				COURS	E CODE:	BA11990	13			
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK			T	TOTAL HOURS PER CREDITS SEMESTER						
L	Т	P	L	Т	Р	тот	L T P TOT			
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3 1 - 4			

Learning Objectives:

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to:

- Describe Etiology, Pathophysiology, Signs & Symptoms & Management of the various Neurological and Paediatric conditions.
- 2. Describe the clinical examination of Neurological System.
- 3. Acquire knowledge in brief about intra-uterine development of the foetus
- 4. Be able to describe normal development &growth of a child, & psychological aspect of development.
- 5. Describe the clinical examination of a neonate /child with respect to neurological, Musculoskeletal, Respiratory & Cardiovascular conditions

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Disorders of function in the context of Pathophysiology, Anatomy in Neurology and Cortical Mapping.	12
	Classification of neurological involvement depending on level of lesion.	
	Neurological assessment: Principles of clinical diagnosis, higher mental function, assessment of brain & spinal cord function, evaluation of cranial nerves and evaluation of autonomic nervous system. Investigations: principles, methods, views, normal/abnormal values/features, types of following investigative procedures- skull x-ray, CT, MRI, evokedpotentials, lumbarpuncture, CSFexamination, EMG, NCV.	
	Paediatric neurology: Neural development, Etiology, pathophysiology, classification, clinical signs &	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING
	symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, surgical management and complications of following disorders - Cerebral palsy, Hydrocephalus, Arnold-chiari malformation, Basilar impression, Klippel-Feil syndrome, Achondroplacia, Cerebral malformations, Autism, Dandy walker syndrome and Down's syndrome.	
	Introduction, Indications and Complications of following Neurosurgeries: Craniotomy, Cranioplasty, Stereotactic surgery, Deep brain stimulation, Burrhole, Shunting, Laminectomy, Hemilaminectomy, Rhizotomy, Microvascular decompression surgery, Endarterectomy, Embolization, Pituitary surgery, Ablativesurgery- Thalamotomy and Pallidotomy, Coiling of aneurysm, Clipping of aneurysm, and Neural implantation.	
2	Neuro-ophthalmology: Assessment of visual function — acuity, field, colour vision, Pupillary reflex, accommodation reflex, abnormalities of optic disc, disorders of optic nerve, tract, radiation, occipital pole, disorders of higher visual processing, disorders of pupil, disorders of eye movements, central disorders of eye movement.	15
	Deafness, vertigo, and imbalance: Physiology of hearing, disorders of hearing, examination & investigations ofhearing, tests ofvestibular function, vertigo, peripheral vestibular disorders, central vestibular vertigo.	
	Lower cranial nerve paralysis – Etiology, clinical features, investigations, and management of following disorders - lesions in trigeminal nerve, trigeminal neuralgia, trigeminal sensoryneuropathy, lesions in facial nerve, facial palsy, bell'spalsy, hemi facial spasm, Glossopharangial neuralgia, lesions of	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
Oillio	THE OF CONTENT	TEACHING / LEARNING
	Vagus nerve, lesionsofspinalaccessory nerve, lesions of hypoglossal nerve. Dysphagia — swallowing mechanisms, causes of dysphagia, symptoms, examination, and management of dysphagia. Cerebro-vascular diseases: Define stroke, TIA, RIA, stroke in evolution, multi infarct dementia and Lacunar infarct. Classification ofstroke—Ischemic, hemorrhagic, venous infarcts. Risk factors, cause of ischemic stroke, causes of hemorrhagic stroke. Classification of hemorrhagic stroke, classification of stroke based on symptoms, stroke syndrome, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical and surgical management	
3	Head injury: Etiology, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, surgical management and complications. Higher cortical, neuro psychological and neurobehavioral disorders: Causes of blackouts, physiological nature of Epilepsy, classification, clinical features, investigations, medical surgical management of following disorders – Non-epileptic attacks of childhood, Epilepsy in childhood, Seizers, and Epilepsy syndromes in adult. Classification and clinical features of Dyssomnias, Parasomnias, Dementia, Obsessive-compulsive disorders. Neural basis of consciousness, causes &investigations of Coma, criteria for diagnosis of Brain death. Etiology, pathophysilogy, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, management of Perceptual disorders and Speech disorders.	13
	Movementdisorders: Definition, etiology, riskfactors, pathophysilogy, classification, clinical signs&	

LINUTC	UNITS TITLE OF CONTENT						
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING					
	symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, surgical management and complications of following disorders – Parkinson's disease, Dystonia, Chorea, Ballism, Athedosis, Tics, Myoclonus and Wilson's disease. 12. Cerebellar and coordination disorders: Etiology, pathophysilogy, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, managementof Congenital ataxia, Friedreich's ataxia, Ataxia talengiectasia, Metabolic ataxia, Hereditary cerebellar ataxia, Tabes dorsalis and Syphilis						
4	Spinal cord disorders: Functions of tracts, definition, etiology, risk factors, pathophysilogy, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, surgical management and complications of following disorders – Spinal cord injury, Compression by IVD prolapse, Spinal epidural abscess, Transverse myelitis, Viral myelitis, Syringomyelia, Spina bifida, Sub acute combined degeneration of the cord, Hereditary spastic paraplegia, Radiation myelopathy, Progressive encephalomyelitis, Conus medullaris syndrome, Bladder & bowel dysfunction, and Sarcodosis.	10					
	Brain tumors and spinal tumors: Classification, clinical features, investigations, medical and surgical management. Infections of brain and spinal cord: Etiology, pathophysilogy, classification, clinical sizes &						
	pathophysilogy, classification, clinical signs & symptoms, investigations, differential diagnosis, medical management, surgical management and complications of following disorders – Meningitis, Encephalitis, Poliomyelitis and Post-polio syndrome. Complications of systemic infections on nervous						

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF			
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /			
		LEARNING			
	system – Septic encephalopathy, AIDS, Rheumatic				
	fever, Brucellosis, Tetanus, and Pertussis.				
	. Motor neuron diseases: - Etiology, pathophysiology,				
	classification, clinical signs & symptoms,				
	investigations, differential diagnosis, medical				
	management, and complications of following				
	disorders - Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Spinal				
	muscular atrophy, Hereditary bulbar palsy, Neuromyotonia and Post-irradiation lumbosacral				
	polyradiculopathy.				
	Toxic, metabolic and environmental disorders:				
	Etiology, risk factors, classification, neurological				
	signs & symptoms, investigations, management, of				
	following disorders – Encephalopathy, Alcohol				
	toxicity, Recreational drug abuse, Toxic gases &				
	Asphyxia, Therapeutic & diagnostic agent toxicity,				
	Metaltoxicity, Pesticidepoisoning, Environmental & physicalinsults, Pant& Fungal poisoning, Animal				
	poisons, & Complications of organ transplantation.				
5	Multiple sclerosis - Etiology, pathophysiology,	10			
	classification, clinical signs & symptoms,	0			
	investigations, differential diagnosis, medical				
	management, and complications.				
	Disorders of neuromuscular junction – Etiology,				
	classification, signs & symptoms, investigations,				
	management, of following disorders Myasthenia				
	gravis, Eaton-Lambert syndrome, and Botulism.				
	Muscle diseases: Classification, investigations,				
	imaging methods, Musclebiopsy, management of				
	muscle diseases, genetic counselling. Classification, etiology, signs& symptomsoffollowingdisorders—				
	Musculardystrophy, Myotonicdystrophy, myopathy,				
	Non-dystrophic myotonia.				
	Polyneuropathy – Classification of Polyneuropathies,				
	Hereditary motor sensory neuropathy, hereditary				
L		ı			

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	sensory and Autonomic neuropathies, Amyloid neuropathy, acute idiopathic	
	Polyneuropathies. Guillain-Barre syndrome – Causes, clinical features, management of GBS, Chronic Idiopathic Polyneuropathies, diagnosis of polyneuropathy, nerve biopsy. Focal peripheral neuropathy: Clinical diagnosis of focal neuropathy, neurotmesis, Axonotmesis, Neuropraxia. Etiology, risk factors, classification, neurological signs & symptoms, investigations, management, of following disorders – RSD, Nerve tumors, Brachial plexus palsy, Thoracic outlet syndrome, Lumbosacral plexus lesions, Phrenic & Intercostal nerve lesions, Median nerve palsy, Ulnar nerve palsy, Radial nerve palsy, Musculocutaneous nerve palsy, Axillary nerve palsy, Long thoracic nerve palsy, Suprascapular nerve palsy, Sciatic nerve palsy, Tibial nerve palsy, Common peroneal nerve palsy, Femoral nerve palsy, Obturator nerve palsy, Pudental nerve palsy.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Neurology And Neurosurgery Illustrated, 5th edition, Kenneth W. Lindsay.
- 2. Brain's Diseases of the Nervous System, Allan Ropper 12th Edition
- 3. Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine 23rd edition
- 4. Textbook of Neurology- Victor Adams 10th edition

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY& BIOSTATISTICS									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19604									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOUF	RS / W	/EEK	TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER CREDITS							
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
1	1	-	15	15	-	30	1 1 - 2			

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to:

- 1. Describe the basic principles of research and methods applied to draw inferences from the research findings.
- 2. Discuss the basic concepts of Biostatistics.
- 3. Explain the Design & Methodology of an Experiment or Survey ,Demography & vital statistics, Sampling & interpretation of Data.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Common Statistical terms, notations. Sources and presentation of data.	05
2	Measures of Location - averages & percentiles. Variability and its measures. Normal distribution and normal curve.	07
3	Sampling. Probability. Sampling variability and significance Significance of difference in mean.	05
4	Chi-square test. Designing and methodology of an experiment or a study.	07
5	Demography and vital statistics. Measure of population and vital statistics. Life table	06

RECOMMENDED BOOK:

 IntroductiontoBiostatistics and Research Methods. Sundar P.S. S. Rao4th Edition

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

C	COURSE TITLE : PAINMECHANISMS ANDMANAGEMENT OF PAIN									
FOR PHYSIOTHERAPISTS										
	COURSE CODE:BPT19605									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	HOURS / WEEK			TAL HO	OURS F ESTER	PER		CRI	EDITS	
L	Т	Р	L	T	Р	тот	L T P TOT			
1	1	-	15	15	-	30	1 1 - 2			

Learning Objectives:

At the end of the course, the candidate will able to:

- 1. Describe the Multidimensional Nature of Pain
- 2. Define the current theories and science of pain
- 3. Discuss the Assessment of pain
- 4. Implement the physiotherapy management for pain conditions

LIMITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
		LEARNING
1	PAIN: This domain focuses on the fundamental	4
	concepts of pain including the science, nomenclature,	
	and experience of pain, and pain's impact on the	
	individual and society.	
	a) Explain thecomplex, multidimensional, and	
	individual-specific nature ofpain.	
	b) Present theories and science for understanding	
	pain.	
	c) Defineterminology fordescribing pain and	
	associated conditions.	
	d) Describe the impact of pain on society.	
	Explain howcultural, institutional, societal, and regulatory	
	influences affect assessment and management ofpain.	
2	Factors Influence the pain	4
	Recognize the inter-individual variability in pain	
	presentations and apply this understanding to	
	contextualize the assessment and management of pain	
	considering age, sex, family, and culture.	
	Explain the current theories and science of pain that	
	considers anatomical, physiological, psychological, and	
	social factors of pain and pain management.	
	position and pain management	

UNITS TITLE									
	OF CONTENT	HOURS OF							
		TEACHING /							
		LEARNING							
	ribe the magnitude ofthe problemofpain as a								
public	chealth problem that includes social, ethical, and								
econ	economic consequences.								
Descr	Describehowinstitutional, societal, andregulatory								
facto	factors influence the assessment, treatment, and								
mana	agement of pain.								
3 Pain	Assessment and Measurement:	8							
	a) Use valid and reliable tools for measuring pain								
	and associated symptoms to assess and								
	reassess related outcomes as appropriate for								
	the clinical context andpopulation.								
	b) Identify and analyze patient, provider, and								
	system factors that can facilitate or interfere								
	with effective pain assessment.								
	c) Assesspatientpreferences and values to								
	determine pain-related goals and priorities.								
Demo	nstrate empathic and compassionate								
	nunication during pain assessment.								
	intensity/severity (e.g., Numerical Rating Scale,								
	Il Analogue Scale, Brief Pain Inventory, Location,								
	including nociceptive, nociplastic, and neuropathic								
-	L. Function and Disability/Impairment (e.g., Six-								
	minute Walk Test, Oswestry Disability Index,								
	Örebro Musculoskeletal Pain Questionnaire)								
'	2. Psychophysical (pain thresholds) or autonomic								
	response measures (e.g., skin conductance)								
	3. Psychological factors (e.g., Pain								
	Catastrophizing Scale, Fear Avoidance Scale,								
	depression, anxiety, Stress Scale, Pain Self-								
	Efficacy Questionnaire)								
	1. Social domain (e.g., supportive social network,								
	Pain Disability Index)								
!	5. Person-centered factors (identified by a								
	thorough clinical interview; e.g., sex, age,								
	culture, beliefs aboutpain, expectations, coping								
	strategies, impact)								

LINUTC	TITLE O	YSIOTHERAPY	
UNITS	IIILEO	F CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING /
			LEARNING
	6.	Vulnerable populations (e.g., communication	
		barriers, cognitive impairment, cultural	
		sensitivities)	
	7.	Social factors (e.g., supportivenetwork, participation in life)	
4	Manage	ement of Pain:	8
	a)	Demonstratetheinclusionofpatient and others,	
		as appropriate, in the education and shared	
		decision-making process for pain care.	
	b)	Identify pain treatment options that can be	
		accessed in a comprehensive pain-	
	,	management plan.	
	c)	Explain how health promotion and self-	
		management strategies are important to the	
	d)	management of pain. Develop a pain-treatment plan based on	
	u)	benefits and risks of available treatments.	
	e)	Monitor effects of pain management	
	"	approaches to adjust the plan of care as	
		needed.	
	f)	Differentiate physical dependence, substance	
	,	use disorder, misuse, tolerance, addiction, and	
		non-adherence.	
		Developatreatment planthat takes into account	
		the differences between acute pain, acute-on-	
		chronic pain, chronic/persistent pain, and pain	
		at the end of life.	
5	Pain Co	nditions:	6
		a) Describe the unique pain assessment and	
		management needs ofspecial populations.	
		b) Explain how to assess and manage pain	
		across settings and transitionsofcare.	
		c) Describe the role, scope of practice, and contribution ofthedifferent professions	
		withinapain-management careteam.	
		d) Implement an individualizedpain-	
		management plan that integrates the	
	L	anagement plan that integrates the	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	perspectives of patients, their social support systems, and health-care providers in the context of available	
	resources. Describe the role of the clinician as an advocate in assisting patients to meet treatment goals.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Explain Pain. David Butler, Lorimer Moseley
- 2. Wall & Melzack's Textbook of Pain, 6th Edition

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE: PT IN ORTHOPEDIC CONDITIONS - PRACTICAL											
	COURSE CODE: BPT19606											
	COURSE CREDIT											
HOURS / TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER CREDITS WEEK CREDITS												
L	Т	F	•	L	Т	Р	тот	L	Т	Р	тот	
-	-	4	ı	-	-	60	60	-	-	2	2	

Learning Outcomes:

At end of the course the candidate will be able

- 1. Identify the musculoskeletal dysfunctions
- 2. Describe effective goals and treatment plan
- 3. Demonstrate the special test used to diagnose in various musculoskeletal conditon
- 4. Implement and assess progression of treatment plan.
- 5. Design the physiotherapy treatment for various musculoskeletal disorders
- Demonstrate the various exercise techniques used in musculoskeletal disorders.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	PT assessment for Orthopedic conditions PT assessment for Orthopedic conditions - SOAP format. Subjective - history taking, informed consent, personal, past, medical and socioeconomic history, chief complaints, history of present illness. Pain assessment- intensity, character, aggravating and relieving factors, site and location. Objective-on observation - body built swelling, muscle atrophy, deformities, posture and gait. On palpation- tenderness-grades, muscle spasm, swelling-methods of swelling assessment, bony prominences, soft tissue texture and integrity, warmth and vasomotor disturbances. On examination—ROM—active and passive, resistedisometric tests, limb length-apparent, true and segmental, girth measurement, muscle length testing-tightness, contracture and flexibility, manual muscletesting, peripheral neurological examination-dermatomes, myotomes and reflexes, special	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	tests and functional tests. Prescription of home program. Documentation of case records, and follow up.	
2	PT assessment and management for Fractures Specific fractures and dislocations. Principles of fracture management - reduction - open and closed, immobilization - sling, cast, brace, slab, traction - manual, mechanical, skin, skeletal, lumbar and Cervical traction, external fixation, functional cast bracing	12
3	Degenerative and inflammatory conditions: Infective conditions Amputations: Definition, levels, indications, types, PT assessment, aims, management pre and post operatively. PT management with emphasis on stump care and bandaging. Pre and post prosthetic training, checkingoutprosthesis, complications of amputations and its management.	12
4	Postural abnormalities: Spinal conditions: Review the causes, signs and symptoms, investigations, radiological features, neurological signs. PT assessment, aims, and management and home program of the following conditions: Cervical spondylosis, Lumbar spondylosis, Spondylolisthesis, Spinal canal stenosis, Spondylolysis, Sacro-iliac joint dysfunction, Sacralisation, Lumbarisation, Intervertebral disc prolapse, Coccydynia, Spina bifida occulta Deformities: Deformities: Review in detail the causes, signs and symptoms, radiological features, medical and surgical management. Describe the PT. assessment and management of the following conditions: Congenital: CTEV, CDH, Torticollis, pes planus, pes cavus and other common deformities. Acquired: scoliosis, kyphosis, coxavara, genu varum, valgum and recurvatum. Orthopedic surgeries: Pre and post-operative PT assessment,	12
	goals, precautions and PT management of following surgeries such as: Arthrodesis, Osteotomy, Arthroplasty-	

	BACHELUK OF PHY	
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	partial and total - Excision arthroplasty, excision arthroplasty	
	with implant, interpositional arthroplasty and total	
	replacement; Tendon transplant, Soft tissue release-	
	tenotomy, myotomy, lengthening; Arthroscopy, Spinal	
	stabilization, Re-attachment oflimbs, External fixators,	
	Synovectomy.	
5	Cerebral palsy: ,Poliomyelitis,Leprosy:	12
	Cerebral palsy: Definition, etiology, classification, clinical	
	features, complications, deformities, medical and surgical	
	management and home program with special emphasis on	
	carrying techniques. PT management after surgical	
	corrections.	
	. Poliomyelitis: Definition, etiology, types, pathophysiology,	
	clinical features, deformities, medical and surgical	
	management. PT. assessment and management after	
	surgical corrections and reconstructive surgeries - emphasis	
	on tendon transfer and home program.	
	Leprosy: Definition, cause, clinical features, medical and	
	surgical management. PT assessment, aims, and	
	management after surgical procedures such as tendon	
	transfer both pre and post operatively.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Orthopedic Physical Assessment David J Magee 6th Edition
- 2. Orthopedic Physical therapy by Donatelli
- 3. Therapeutic exercise Foundations and Techniques Carolyn Kisner 6th Edition

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

PRACTICALS:

Sr. No	Components	Marks
1	05 spots :	10
2	Demonstration of assessment	10
3	Demonstration of Physiotherapy treatment	10
4	Viva voce:	20

	BACHELOR OF THIS OTHER HIT										
	COURSE TITLE: WORK PHYSIOLOGY										
	COURSE CODE: BPT19607										
	COURSE CREDIT										
	OURS WEEK	-	TOTAL	HOUR	S PER SEN	/IESTER		CRE	DITS		
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L T P			тот	
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3	

Learning Outcomes:

By the end of this course the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the physiological changes occur duringexercise
- 2. Explain food and Nutrition role on exercise
- 3. Describe about assessment of fitness and prescription of exercise

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING / LEARNING
	Muscle Physiology Muscle and its contraction - Architecture of skeletal muscles, sliding filament theory, types of muscle fibres, mechanical efficiency of muscle contraction, force - velocity, motor unit, muscle fatigue - blood supply, prolonged exercise.	9
	Blood and CVS System Cardiac cycle - pressure during cardiac cycle, Haemodynamics mechanical work and pressure, hydrostatic pressure, flow and resistance, Venous - capillary structure and transport mechanisms, filtration & osmosis, vascularization of skeletal muscles, regulation of circulation during exercise, cardiac output & O2 updates - stroke volume, blood pressure	09
	Respiration Lung compliance airway resistance, pulmonary ventilation at rest and during exercise, diffusion in lung tissues, gas pressure - ventilation & perfusion - regulation of breathing - Exercise, High air pressures - Breath holding diving.	09
4	Physical Performance Aerobic processes intensity & duration of exercise, prolonged exercise, muscular stress involved in exercise.	09

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	Anaerobic Processes: Power & capacity of high energy breakdown	
5	Applied Work Physiology Factors affecting sustainedphysicalwork, assessment of work load in relation to work capacity, Assessment of maximal aerobic power measurement of oxygen uptake in a typical work situation, Fatigue & Deconditioning, Nutrition & Physical Performance	09

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Physiology of Sport and Exercise, Jack H. Wilmore.4th edition.
- 2. Exercise Physiology: Nutrition, Energy, and Human Performance. William D. McArdle. 8th Edition.

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

COURSE TITLE : MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY AND RECORD KEEPING										
	COURSE CODE: BPT19608									
	COURSE CREDIT									
НО	URS / W	EEK	TOTAL HOURS IN SEMESTER					CRED	ITS	
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	TOT	L	T	Р	TOT
1	-	-	1	-	-	15	1		-	1

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

- 1. Describe the important medical terminology
- 2. Describe record maintenance.
- 3. Interpret medical records/reports
- 4. Discuss management on electronic health recordsystem.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Derivation of medical terms. Define word roots, prefixes, and suffixes.	6
2	Conventions forcombined morphemes andtheformation of plurals. Basic medical terms in health care and physiotherapy.	6
3	Form medical terms utilizing roots, suffixes, prefixes, and combining roots. Interpret basic medical abbreviations/symbols.	6
4	Utilize diagnostic, surgical, and procedural terms and abbreviations related to the integumentary system, musculoskeletal system, respiratory system, cardiovascular system, nervous system, and endocrine system. Interpret medical records/reports.	6
5	Data entry and management on electronic health record system.	6

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Effective Documentation for Physical Therapy Professionals, 2e by Eric Shamus, Debra Feingold Stern
- 2. Medical Terminology, Documentation, and Coding 1st Edition by Anne P. Stich

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

COURSE TITLE : CLINICAL TRAINING -VI COURSE CODE: BPT19609										
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	RS / V	VEEK	TOTAL H	OURS I	PER SEI	MESTER		CRE	DITS	
L	Т	Р	L	T	Р	тот	L	Р	SPT	тот
-	-	6	-	-	6	90	-	-	2	2

Learning Outcomes:

By end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Explain the various treatment techniques at the various wards in the hospital
- 2. Schedule the patient treatment according to theircondition
- 3. Demonstrate the assessment techniques of various conditions

S.NO	TOPIC	HOURS
1.	Demographic data Collection	
2.	Socioeconomic history collection	
3.	Social behavior and its influence on health	
4.	Schedule the patient treatment	
5.	Apply the treatment techniques	

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

Sr. No	Components	Marks
1.	2 case presentation	25 ×2=50

SEMESTER - VII

COURSE	COURSE	TITLE			HOU			
CODE	CORE COURSE	DSE	ENHANC	Total	Г	_	Р	С
			EMENT COURSE	Hours				
BPT19701	PT in Neurological disorders	İ	1	60	3	1	1	4
BPT19702	Community Based Physiotherapy– I	i	1	60	3	1	1	4
BPT19703	Health Promotion and Fitness	-	-	30	1	1	-	2
BPT19704	Cardiovascular & Pulmonary Conditions for Physiotherapist	-	-	60	3	1	1	4
BPT19705	PT inNeurological Disorders Practical.	-	-	60	1	1	4	2
BPT19706*	Research Project I	-	-	90	-	-	6	2
BPT197E1	Tele Rehabilitation	-	-	45	2	1	1	3
BPT197E2	Hospital and Healthcare Service Marketing	-	-	45	2	1	-	3
BPT19707*	Clinical Training - VII	-	-	90	-	-	6	2
	Library			30	2			
	Total				3	5	525	23

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the university

	COURSE TITLE: PT IN NEUROLOGICAL DISORDERS									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19701									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK			TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER			CREDITS				
L	T	Р	L	T	Р	тот	L	T	Р	тот
3	1	-	45	1	-	60	3	1	-	4

Learning Outcomes:

At end of the course the candidate will be able:

- Describe the assessment and physiotherapy management for neurology and neurosurgery
- 2. Toidentify disabilities duetoneurological dysfunction, plan andsettreatment goals
- 3. To apply the skills gained in exercise therapy and electrotherapy in these clinical situations to restore neurological function.
- 4. Identify & analyze Neuro-motor & psychosomatic dysfunction
- 5. Implement the Advice, & parents education in Neuro-pediatric care
- 6. Be able to prescribe appropriate Orthosis / splints & will be able to fabricate temporary protective & functional splints.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	NEUROLOGICAL ASSESSMENT: Requiredmaterials forexamination, Chiefcomplaints, History taking — Present, Past, medical, familial, personal histories, Observation, Palpation, Higher mental function — Consciousness, Orientation, Wakefulness, memory, Speech, Reading, Language, Writing, Calculations, Perception, Left right confusion, Reasoning, and Judgment, Motor Examination — Musclepower, Muscletone, Spasticity, Flaccidity, Reflexes — Developmental reflexes, deep tendon reflexes, Superficial reflexes, Sensory examination — Superficial, Deep and Cortical sensations, Special tests—Romberg's, Kernig's sign, Brudenzki sign, Tinels's sign, Slum test, Lehermitte's	12

LINUTS	BACHELOR OF P.	HOURS OF
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	sign, Bells Phenomenon, Gower'ssign, Sun setsign,	
	Battle's sign, Glabellar tap sign, etc,	
	Balance examination, coordination examination,	
	Gait analysis – Kinetics & Kinematics (Quantitative &	
	Qualitative analysis),	
	Functional Analysis,	
	Assessmenttools& Scales – Modified Ashworthscale,	
	Bergbalance scale, FIM, Barthelindex, Glasgowcoma	
	scale, Mini mental state examination, Rancho Los	
	Amigos Scale for Head injury, APGAR score, ASIA	
	scale, Reflex Grading.	
	Differential diagnosis	12
2	NEURO PHYSIOLOGICAL TECHNIQUES – Concepts, Principles, Techniques, Effectsoffollowing	12
	Neurophysiological techniques: NDT, PNF, Vojta	
	therapy, Rood's Sensory motor Approach, Sensory	
	Integration Approach, Brunnstorm movement therapy,	
	Motorrelearning program, Contemporarytask oriented	
	approach, Muscle re-education approach and Constraint	
	induced movement therapy.	
3	EVALUATION AND MANAGEMENT OF BRAIN AND	12
	SPINAL CORD DISORDERS :	
	History, Observation, Palpation, Higher mental function,	
	Cranial nerve examination, Motor & Sensory	
	examination, Reflex testing, differential Diagnosis,	
	Balance & Coordination examination, Gait analysis,	
	Functional analysis, List of Problems & Complications,	
	short & Long Term goals, Management of systemic	
	complications, Management of Mechanical	
	Complications, Use of various Neurophysiological	
	approaches& Modalities in Cerebro vascular Accident,	
	Meningitis, Encephalitis, Head Injury, Brain Tumors,	
	Perceptual disorders, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and Multiple sclerosis.	
	initiple scierosis.	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
4	EVALUATION AND MANAGEMENT OF CEREBELLAR, SPINAL CORD AND MUSCLE DISORDERS: History, Observation, Palpation, Motor & Sensory examination, Reflex testing, differential Diagnosis, Balance & Coordination examination, Gait analysis, Functional analysis, List of Problems & Complications, short & Long Term goals, Management of systemic complications, Management of Mechanical Complications, Use of various Neurophysiological approaches& Modalities in Ataxia, Sensory Ataxia, Parkinson's disease, Muscular dystrophy (DMD), Myasthenia Gravis, Eaton-Lambert Syndrome, Spinal tumors, Spinal cord injury, Transverse myelitis, Bladder & Bowel Dysfunction, Spinal muscular atrophies, Poliomyelitis, Post-Polio Syndrome. EVALUATION AND MANAGEMENT OF PERIPHERAL NERVE INJURIES AND DISORDERS: History, Observation, Palpation, Motor & Sensory examination, Reflex testing, differential Diagnosis, Balance & Coordination examination, Gait analysis, Functional analysis, Listof Problems& Complications, short & Long Term goals, Management of systemic complications, Use of various Neurophysiological approaches& Modalities in Hereditary motor sensory neuropathy, Guillain-Barre syndrome, Brachial plexus palsy, Thoracicoutletsyndrome, Lumbosacral plexus lesions, Phrenic& intercostalsnervelesions, Median nerve palsy, Ulnar nerve palsy, Radial nerve palsy, Musculocutaneousnervepalsy, Anterior& Posterior interosseous nerve palsy, Suprascapular nerve palsy, Long thoracic nerve palsy, Suprascapular nerve palsy, sciatic nerve palsy, Tibial nerve palsy, Common peroneal nerve palsy, Femoral nerve palsy, Common peroneal nerve palsy, Femoral nerve palsy, Obturator nerve palsy, and Pudental nerve palsy.	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
5	ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT OF	12
	NEUROLOGICAL GAITS:	
	Quantitative and Qualitative (Kinetic & Kinematics)	
	analysis, List of Problems, short & Long Term goals,	
	Management of following Neurological Gaits -	
	Hemiplegic gait, Parkinson gait, High step gait,	
	Hyperkinetic gait, Hypokinetic gait, Waddling gait,	
	Scissoring gait, Spastic gait, Choreaform Gait, Diplegic	
	Gait, and Myopathic Gait.	
	PRE AND POST-SURGICAL ASSESSMENT AND	
	TREATMENT following conditions - Spinal disc	
	herniation, Spinal stenosis, Spinal cord trauma, Head	
	trauma, Brain tumors, Tumors of the spine, Spinal cord	
	and peripheral nerves, Cerebral aneurysms,	
	Subarachnoid hemorrhages, epilepsy, Parkinson's	
	disease, Chorea, Hemiballism, Psychiatric disorders,	
	Malformations of the nervous system, Carotid artery	
	stenosis , Arteriovenous malformations, and Spina bifida.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Cash's Text book for Physio Therapists in Neurological disorders
- 2. Practical Physical therapy by Margaret Hollis
- 3. Therapeutic Exercise by Carolyn Kisner & Colby
- 4. Physical Rehabilitation by Susan. B.O` Sullivan
- 5. Tidy's Physiotherapy by Stuart Porter
- 6. Neurological Rehabilitation by Darcy Umphred
- 7. "Right in the middle of stroke" by Patricia Davis
- 8. Physical Rehabilitation by Krusen
- 9. Brain's disorders of Nervous system

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : COMMUNITY BASED PHYSIOTHERAPY - I									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19702									
	COURSE CREDIT									
НО	URS / \	WEEK	TOT	AL HOUR	S PER S	EMESTER		CRE	DITS	
L	Т	Р	L	T	P	TOT	L	T	Р	TOT
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

At end of the course the candidate will be able:

- 1. Describe theorganizational setup of thehealthcare delivery system of India
- 2. To apply these in clinical situations of health and disease and its prevention.
- Toidentifyrehabilitation methodstopreventdisabilities anddysfunctionsdueto various disease conditions
- To plan and set treatment goals and apply the skills gained in rehabilitating and restoring functions.
- 5. Todoevaluation of disability and planning for prevention and rehabilitation.
- 6. To plan Community Based Rehabilitation in urban and rural set up.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	REHABILITATION: Definition, Types. COMMUNITY: Definition of Community, Multiplicity of Communities, The Community based approach, Community Entry strategies, CBR and Community development, Community initiated versus community oriented programme, Community participation and mobilization. COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION: Definition, Historical review, Concept of CBR, Need for CBR, Difference between Institution based and Community based Rehabilitation, Objectives of CBR, Scopeof CBR, Members of CBR team, Models of CBR.	12
2	PRINCIPLES OF COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION. W.H.O.'s policies-about rural health care-concept of primary /tertiary health centers-district hospitals etc-Role of P.TPrinciples of a team work of Medical person/P.T./O.T. audiologist/speech therapist /P.&O./vocational guide in C.B.R. of physically handicapped person , Agencies involved in rehabilitation of	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF
		TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	physical handicapped - Legislation for physically handicapped. Conceptofmultipurposehealth worker. Role of family members in the rehabilitation of a physically handicapped.	
	Planning and management of CBR Programmes, CBR Programmed planning and management, Ownership and Governance, Decentralization and CBR, Management of CBR, Programmed sustainability, Communication and Coordination, Community participation, mobilization and awareness, CBR programme influence on promoting and developing public policies.	
	DISABILITY: Definition of Impairment, Handicap and Disability, Difference between impairment, handicap and disability, Causes of disability, Types of disability, Prevention of disability, Disability in developed countries, Disability in developing countries. Disability Surveys: Demography. Screening: Early detection of disabilities and developmental disorders, Prevention of disabilities- Types and levels.	
3	DISABILITY EVALUATION: Introduction, What, Why and Howtoevaluate, Quantitative versus Qualitative data, Uses of evaluation findings. ROLE OF GOVERNMENT IN CBR: Laws, Policies, Programmes, Human Rights Policy, Present rehabilitation services, Legal aspects of rehabilitation. ROLE OF SOCIAL WORK IN CBR: Definition of social work, Methods of social work, History of social work, Role of social worker in rehabilitation.	10
4	ROLE OF VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS IN CBR: Charitable Organizations, Voluntary health agencies – National level and International NGO's, Multilateral and Bilateral agencies. International Health Organizations: WHO, UNICEF, UNDP, UNFPA, FAO, ILO, World bank, USAID, SIDA, DANIDA, Rockfeller, Ford foundation, CARE, RED CROSS. NATIONAL DISTRICT LEVEL REHABILITATION PROGRAMME: Primary rehabilitation unit, Regional training	10

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	center, District rehabilitation center, Primary Health center, Village rehabilitation worker, Anganwadi worker	
5	ROLE OF PHYSIOTHERAPY IN CBR: Screening for disabilities, Prescribing exercise programme, Prescribing and devising low cost locally available assisstive aids, Modifications physical and architectural barriers for disabled, Disability prevention, Strategies to improve ADL, Rehabilitation programmes for various neuromusculoskeletal and cardiothoracicdisabilities. Screeningandrehabilitation ofpaediatric disorders in the community: Early detection of high risk babies, Maternal nutrition and education, Rehabilitation of Cerebral Palsy, Polio, Downs Syndrome, Muscular Dystrophies etc., Prevention and rehabilitation ofmental retardation and Behavioural disorders, Immunization programmes, Early intervention in highrisk babies, Geneticcounselling. Extension services and mobile units: Introduction, Need, Camp approach. Vocational training in rehabilitation: Introduction, Need, Vocational evaluation, Vocational rehabilitation services.	10

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Text book of community medicine &Community Health by Bhaskar Rao.
- 2. Industrial Therapy by Glenda Key
- 3. Preventive & Social Medicine by Park
- **4.** Indian Social Problem Vol 2 by G R Madan.
- 5. Disability 2000 RCI.
- 6. ICF –WHO Health Organisation 2001 publication

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : HEALTH PROMOTION AND FITNESS									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19703									
	COURSE CREDIT									
НО	OURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER CREDITS SEMESTER CREDITS									
L	T	Р	L	T	Р	тот	L	T	Р	тот
1	1	-	15	15	-	30	1	1	-	2

At end of the course the candidate will be able

- 1. To discuss on the theories of health and wellness, including motivational theory, locus of control.
- 2. To understand public health initiative, psycho-Social, spiritual and cultural consideration in assessment and treatment planning.
- 3. To do Health risks screening, assessments considering epidemiological principles are emphasized.
- 4. To implement Risk reduction strategies for primary and secondary prevention, including programs for special populations.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	PREVENTION PRACTICE: a holistic perspective for physiotherapy a. Defining Health b. Predictions of Health Care c. Comparing Holistic Medicine and Conventional Medicine d. Distinguishing Three Types of Prevention Practice. Healthy People a. Definition of healthy people b. Health education Resources c. Physiotherapist role for a healthy community.	12
2	KEY CONCEPTS OF FITNESS a. Defining & Measuring Fitness b. Assessment of Stress with a Survey c. Visualizing Fitness	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	d. Screening for Mental and Physical Fitness e. Body Mass Index calculations.	
-	FITNESS TRAINING a. Physical Activities Readiness Questionnaire b. Physical Activities Pyramid c. Exercise Programs d. Evidence-Based Practice.	12
4	HEALTH, FITNESS, AND WELLNESS ISSUES a) during childhood and adolescence b) during adulthood	12
5	PREVENTION PRACTICE FOR OLDER ADULTS Resources to optimize health and wellness Health protection.	12

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Therapeutic Exercise by Carolyn Kisner & Colby
- 2. ACSM Exercise Testing And Prescription 10th Edition

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

COURSE TITLE : CARDIOVASCULAR & PULMONARY CONDITIONS FOR PHYSIOTHERAPIST COURSE CODE:BPT19704

COURSE CODE:BP119704

	COORSE CREDIT									
НО	URS	/ WEEK	TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CRE	DITS		
L	T	Р	L	T	Р	тот	L	Т	P	тот
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

Learning Outcomes:

At end of the course the candidate will be able to

- 1. Discuss thecardio-thoracicconditions which commonly cause disability.
- Describe the Cardio-thoracic conditions causing disability and their management
- 3. Interpret the investigation used in cardio respiratory conditions

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY RESPIRATORY SYSTEM Upper respiratory tract, Lower respiratory tract – Trachea, Bronchial tree, Bronchopulmonary segments, Respiratory unit, hilum of lung. Muscles of respiration, Pleura, intra pleural space, intra pleural pressure, surfactant, Mechanics ofrespiration – Chest wall movements, lung& chestwall compliance, V/Q relationship, airway resistance, Respiratory centre, Neural & chemical regulation of respiration, Lung volumes and lungcapacities, Spiro meter, lungfunction test, Pulmonary circulation, Lung sounds, cough reflex CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEMS Chambers of heart, semi lunar and atria ventricular valve, Coronary circulation, conductive system of heart, Cardiac cycle, ECG, Heartsounds, Bloodpressure, pulse, cardiac output	8
2	CARDIO VASCULAR CONDITIONS a. Define, etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, complications,	15

LINUTC	BACHELOR OF PHY					
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF				
		TEACHING /				
		LEARNING				
	b. Conservative and surgical management of the following					
	conditions					
	a. Ischemic heart disease					
	b) Myocardial infarction					
	c) Heart failure					
	d) Cardiac arrest					
	e) Rheumatic fever					
	f) Hypertension					
	g) Infective endocarditis					
	h) Pericarditis ,Myocarditis & cardiomyopathy					
	i) Congenital Heart diseases					
	j) Acyanotic congenital heart disease & Cyanotic					
	congenital heart disease : Patent Ductus					
	Arteriosus, Coarctation of Aorta, Atrial Septal					
	Defect, Ventricular Septal Defect, Tetraologyof					
	Fallot,					
	Transposition of Great Vessels ;					
	a) Acquired Heart Disease – Mitral Stenosis &					
	Insufficiency, Aortic Stenosis and Insufficiency,					
	b) Ischemic Heart Disease – Coronary Artery					
	Disease, Cardiac tumors					
3	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	15				
	Clinical manifestations of Lung disease; Patterns of lung					
	disease – Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease and					
	Restrictive Lung Disease ; Definition, Etiology, Clinical					
	features, signs and symptoms, complications,					
	management and treatment of following lung diseases:					
	Chronic Bronchitis, Emphysema, Asthma, Bronchiectasis,					
	Cystic Fibrosis, Upper Respiratory Tract Infections,					
	Pneumonia, Tuberculosis, Fungal Diseases, Interstitial					
	Lung Diseases, Diseases of the pleura, diaphragm and					
	chest wall; Respiratory failure – Definition, types, causes,					
	clinical features, diagnosis and management.					
4	CHEST WALL DISORDERS					
_	Definition, Clinical features, diagnosis and choice of	13				
	management for the following disorders – chest wall					
	deformities, chest wall tumors, Spontaneous					
	deronnices, enest wan tamors, spontaneous					

	DACHELOR OF TH						
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF					
		TEACHING /					
		LEARNING					
	Pneumothorax, Pleural Effusion, Empyema Thoracis, Lung abscess, Bronchiectasis, Tuberculosis, Bronchogenic Carcinoma, Bronchial Adenomas, Metastatic tumors of the Lung, tracheal Stenosis, Congenital tracheomalacia, Neoplasmsofthetrachea, Lesions of the Mediastinum. Carcinoma of the female breast						
5	INVESTIGATIONS Cardiovascular Disease: Examination of the Cardiovascular System Investigations: ECG, Exercise Stress Testing, Radiology Respiratory Disease: Examination of the Respiratory System – Investigations: Chest Radiographs, Pulmonary Function Testing, Arterial Blood Gas Analysis	09					

REFERENCE BOOK:

- 1. Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine
- 2. Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : PT IN NEUROLOGICAL DISORDERS PRACTICAL COURSE CODE: BPT19705									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOU	HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER		3		CRED	OITS				
L	T	Р	L	Т	P	TOT	TOT L T P TOT			TOT
-	-	4	ı	-	60	60	-	-	2	2

At end of the course the candidate will be able to

- Demonstrate theneurological dysfunctions in both upper motor neuron and lower motor neuron diseases.
- 2. Design the goals and treatment plan
- 3. Implement and assess progression of treatment plan.
- 4. To apply theoretical knowledge of neurological physiotherapy in rehabilitation of neurological patients

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING /
		LEARNING
1	Neurological Assessment:	10
2	Evaluation and Management of Brain and Spinal Cord Disorders	15
3	Evaluation and Management of Cerebellar, Basal Ganglia, Brain stem	15
	and Muscle Disorders	
4	$\label{lem:eq:continuous} Evaluation and Management of Peripheral Nerve Injuries and Disorders$	10
5	Pre and post-surgical assessment and treatment Neurological conditions.	10

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. DeJong's The Neurologic Examination. William W. Campbell 7th Edition.
- 2. Physical Rehabilitation, Susan O Sullivan, 6th Edition.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (50 MARKS)

S.NO.	PSYCHO MOTOR DOMAIN	MARKS
1	ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES	25Marks
2	TREATMENT TECHNIQUES	25 Marks

	COURSE TITLE : RESEARCH PROJECT I COURSE CODE: BPT19706									
					COU	RSE CREDIT				
	HOURS / TOTAL HOURS PER WEEK SEMESTER				CREDITS					
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L	Т	P	тот
-		6	-	-	90	90	-	-	6	2

Learning Outcomes:

At end of the course the candidate will be able to

- 1. Identify the research problem;
- 2. Perform a literature review & writing a theoretical/conceptual framework;
- 3. Select appropriate research design or approach to the problem
- 1. The students have to submit the research proposal duly signed by the respective committee members at end of the course.
- 2. The research work may be in the form of Reviews, Experimental, Non Experimental, Case series / Case studies.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION WRITTEN EXAMINATION (50 MARKS)

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	Presentation	25 Marks
2	Viva	25 Marks

	COURSE TITLE : TELE REHABILITATION									
	COURSE CODE: BPT197E1									
	COURSE CREDIT									
	OUR WEE	-	TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER			CREDITS				
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L	Т	P	тот
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

Learning Outcomes:

By the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Discuss the concept of telemedicine
- 2. Explain the principles of telemedicine
- 3. Use the technology in telemedicine

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Introduction to Telerehabilitation	08
2	Challenges and Trends Driving Telerehabilitation	7
3	Nonverbal Communication and Telerehabilitation	10
4	1. Telerehabilitation Interface Strategies for Enhancing Access to Health Services for Persons with Diverse Abilities and Preferences 2. Telerehabilitation as a Means of Health-Care Delivery 1. Electronic Record and Telerehabilitation 2. Remote Accessibility Assessment System	10
5	Tele-Ergonomics	10

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

1. Sajeesh Kumar • Ellen R. Cohn, Telerehabilitation. Springer Publisher.

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL		
25	75	100		

	BREITEEUR OI THISIOTHEREN I									
(COURSE TITLE: HOSPITAL AND HEALTHCARE SERVICES MARKETING									
	COURSE CODE: BPT197E2									
	COURSE CREDIT									
Н	HOURS / TOTA			L HOURS PER			CREDITS			
	WEE	K	SEMESTER							
L	Т	Р	L	т	Р	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
_	-		_	-					-	
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

Learning Objectives:

End of this course the students:

- 1. Apply marketing in health care organizations without conflicting the professional ethics of the clinical professions and ultimately aiming customer satisfaction.
- 2. Define the Market, target and focus everything from customer point of view and be customer oriented through consumer analysis and awareness creation.
- 3. Analyze wholeness of customer costs and price sensitivity; develop access to services;
- 4. Use promotional tools as communication tools which help to create awareness, knowledge
- 5. Use Social Marketing in marketing ideas and causes, which would change the behavior of target group Practice HealthServices
- 6. Use Public Relations

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Introduction to health care sector and Services Trends in Health care sector-Concept of Services - Importance of Hospital services Marketing-Service characteristics-Service Triangle-Challenges in Practicing Marketing in Healthcare Industry - Marketing Intelligence, Information and Research.	09
2	Holistic Marketing Holistic Marketing-Interactive marketing-External Marketing-Internal marketing – Scope- Objectives – strategies-Roles of a service employee.	09
3	Market analysis and design of health care service products Defining Market- Forecasting Demand-	09

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	Market Segmentation and Targeting - Target Marketing-Positioning-Designing health care service products -New service development process-PLC-Physical evidence-Marketing Organization for Hospitals. Consumer Analysis -Consumer Buying Process-Buyer Behaviour-Consumer Adoption Process Service Quality Management— GAP model, SERVQUAL model — Service recovery strategies	
4	Strategic Marketing Mix Decisions Product (Service) Decisions - Marketing Approaches to New Services Development- Service Mix Decision - Service Item Decision - Service Life Cycle Decision-physical evidence Pricing Decisions- Pricing Objectives in Healthcare- Pricing Strategy Place Decisions- Major Distribution Decisions-Strengthening Referral System Promotion Decisions-Sales Force in Healthcare Organizations- Advertising in Healthcare Industry Sales Promotion Practices in Healthcare Organizations-Publicity Practices-Service Portfolio Strategy - Market Expansion Strategy-Target Market Strategy- Competitive Positioning Strategy.	09
5	Public Relations Introduction to Public Relations - Meaning of Public Relations-Classification of Public from Healthcare Marketing Perspective- Evaluation of Public Relations - Public Relations Process-Identifying the Relevant Publics- Measuring Images and Attitude of the Relevant Public-Establishing Image and Attitude Goals for the Key Publics-Developing Cost Effective Public Relations Strategies-Implementing Actions and Evaluating Results-Community Opinion Surveys to Assess the Image of an Organization, Public Relations Tools - Materials: Written and Audiovisual - Media: News, Events, Speeches and Information Services-Social Marketing	09

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- Eric N.Berkonitz, 'Essentials of Health care Marketing' 4th edition, JB learning, 2017.
- Philip Kotler and Roberta N. Clarke, Marketing for Healthcare Organizations Prentice Hall Publication, 2012
- 3. John F. O'Malley, Healthcare Marketing Sales and Services: An Executive Companion, Health Administration Press ISBN 1-56793-150-2
- 4. G.D. Kunder, How to Market Your Hospital Without Selling Your Philosophy, Prism Books Pvt. Ltd., Bangalore, 2000
- 5. Vora, 'Hospital management from service sector perspective' Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2016.
- 6. Roger Silver, Health Service Public Relations (Radcliffe Medical Press Ltd., Oxford, 1995) ISBN 1- 85775-028-4

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : CLINICAL TRAINING - VII COURSE CODE: BPT19707									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / HOURSE WEEK			•	CREDITS						
L	Т	P	L	Т	P	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
-	-	6	-	-	90	90	-	-	6	2

Learning Outcomes:

By end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Explain the various treatment techniques at the various wards in the hospital
- 2. Schedule the patient treatment according to their condition
- 3. Demonstrate the assessment techniques of various conditions

S.NO	TOPIC		HOURS
	1.	Demographic data Collection	
	2.	Socioeconomic historycollection	
	3.	Social behavior and its influence on health	
	4.	Schedule the patient treatment	
	5.	Assessment andmanagement	

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION FOR THEORY

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

Sr. No	Components	Marks
1	2 case presentation	25 ×2=50

SEMESTER - VIII

COUR COURSE TITLE HOURS (CREDI
SE				Total		_		TS
CODE	Core Course	DSE	Enhance ment Course	Hours	L	T	P	13
BPT19 801	PT in Cardio Pulmonary Diseases	1	1	60	3	1		4
BPT19 802	Community Based Physiotherap y - II	-	-	60	3	1		4
BPT19 803	PT in Cardio Pulmonary Diseases & ICU Practical	1	1	60	1 1		4	2
BPT19 804	Community Based Physiotherap y-IIPractical		-	60	1 1		4	2
BPT19 8E1	-	Pediatric Physiothera py	-	45	2	1		3
BPT19 8E2	-	PT in Hand Condition		45	2	1		3
BPT19 805	Evidence Based Practice	-	-	45	2	1		3
BPT19 806	Research Project - II	-	-	90	1 1		6	2
BPT19 807*	Clinical Training - VIII	-	-	90	-	-	6	2
	Library			15	1			
	To	tal			35	;	525	22

^{*}End semester examination will be conducted at the department and mark will be submitted to the University

	BACHELOR OF THIS SOTHERALL									
	COURSE TITLE: PT IN CARDIO PULMONARY DISEASES									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19801									
				C	OUR	SE CREDIT				
HOL	JRS /	WEEK	TOTA	AL HOUR	S PEF	RSEMESTER	CREDITS			
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

At end of the course the candidate will be able to:

- 1. Discuss theassessment of cardiac and respiratory systems for various General Medical and Surgical conditions.
- 2. Explain the monitoring of the patient in regard to treatment
- 3. Discuss on monitor the patient's vital signs
- 4. Identify the emergency drugs indication and contra-indication,
- 5. Implement the appropriate interventions to the patient in intensive careunit (ICU)
- 6. Design the physiotherapy interventions for cardio respiratory conditions.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Anatomical and Physiological differences between the Adult and Pediatric lung. Bedside assessment of the patient-Adult & Pediatric. Investigations and tests — Exercise tolerance Testing — Cardiac & Pulmonary, Radiographs, PFT, ABG, ECG, Hematological and Biochemical Tests. Physiotherapy techniques to increase lung volume — controlled mobilization, positioning, breathing exercises, Neurophysiological Facilitation of Respiration, Mechanical aids - Incentive Spirometry, CPAP, IPPB. Physiotherapy techniques to decrease the work of breathing — Measures to optimize the balance between energy supply and demand, positioning, Breathing re-education — Breathing control techniques, mechanical aids — IPPB, CPAP, BiPAP.	12
2	Physiotherapy techniques to clear secretions – Hydration, Humidification & Nebulisation, Mobilisation	12

	BACHELOK OF F	HOURS OF
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	TEACHING /
		LEARNING
	and Breathing exercises, Postural Drainage, Manual techniques – Percussion, Vibration and Shaking, Rib Springing, ACBT, Autogenic Drainage, Mechanical Aids – PEP, Flutter, IPPB, Facilitation of Cough and Huff, Nasopharyngeal Suctioning. Drugtherapy – Drugs toprevent and treat inflammation, Drugs to treat Bronchospasm, Drugs to treat Breathlessness, Drugs to help sputum clearance, Drugs to inhibit coughing, Drugs to improve ventilation, Drugs	EEAMMO
	toreducepulmonary hypertension, Drugdeliverydoses, Inhalers and Nebulisers.	
3	Neonatal and Pediatric Physiotherapy — Chest physiotherapy for children, The neonatal unit, Modifications of chest physiotherapy for specific neonatal disorders, Emergencies in the neonatal unit. Physiotherapy in Obstructive lungconditions. Physiotherapy in Restrictive lung conditions. Management of breathlessness	12
4	Pulmonary Rehabilitation. Physiotherapy following Lung surgeries Respiratory failure – Oxygen Therapy and Mechanical Ventilation. Physiotherapy management following cardiac surgeries. Cardiac Rehabilitation	12
5	Physiotherapy management following PVD. Abdominal Surgeries - Management of Pulmonary Restorative Dysfunction following surgical procedures on Abdomen and Thorax. Management of Amputations following Diabetes, PVD - Prosthesis in amputations of lower limbs following ulcers and gangrenes. Home program and education of family members in patient care. Treatment, Response to exercise and Implications of Physiotherapy in the following disease conditions: Hypertension, Diabetes, Renal Failure and Obesity.	12

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Cash's Text book for Physiotherapists in Chest, Heart & Vascular diseases-Jaypee bros. Publication
- 2. Cash's text book in General Medical & Surgical conditions for Physio therapists
- 3. Chest Physical therapy & Pulmonary rehabilitation-by Donna Frownfilter
- 4. Physio Therapy in Cardio- Vascular rehabilitation-Webber
- 5. Cardiopulmonary Physical therapy by Irwin Scott.
- 6. Physiotherapy in respiratory care Alexandra Hough

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	BACHELOR OF THE STOTHER T									
	COURSE TITLE : COMMUNITY BASED PHYSIOTHERAPY - II									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19802									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK			Т	OTAL SEI	HOUR: MESTE		CREDITS			
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
3	1	-	45	15	-	60	3	1	-	4

At end of the course the candidate will be able:

- 1.To Describe the normal and abnormal physiological events during the puberty, labor, puerperium, post natal stage and menopause and their PT management.
- 2. To Discuss the various complications during pregnancy, labour, puerperium and post natal stage, pre and post-menopausal stage and various aspects of urogenital dysfunction and their PT management in brief.
- 3. To perform clinical examination of pelvic floor
- 4. To perform clinical examination of pregnant woman.
- 5. To Describe Physiology of aging process and its influence on physical fitness.
- 6. To perform Role of physiotherapist in geriatric rehabilitation.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Geriatrics- Physiology of Aging /degenerative changes-Musculoskeletal /Neuromotor /cardio – respiratory-/Metabolic, Endocrine, Cognitive, Immune systems. Role of Physio Therapy in Hospital based care, Half-way homes, Residential homes, Meals on wheels etc. Home for the aged, Institution based Geriatric Rehabilitation. Few conditions:- Alzheimer's disease, Dementia, Parkinson's Disease, Incontinence, Iatrogenic drug reactions, etc. Ethics of Geriatric Rehabilitation.	12
2	Anatomy and physiology of the female reproductive organs. Puberty dynamics Physiology of menstrual cycle – a. ovulation cycle, b. uterine cycle, c. Cx cycle, d. duration,	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	e. amount f. Hormonal regulation of menstruation, Hormonal disorders of females-obesity and female hormone	
3	Pregnancy a. Diagnosis of pregnancy b. Abortion c. Physiological changes during pregnancy d. Importance of antenatal care exercise e. High risk pregnancy, prenatal common complications – investigation and management f. Musculoskeletal disorders during pregnancy g. Multiple child birth h. Normal labor Child birth complications, investigation and management Normal puerperium, lactation and importance of post-natal exercises Family planning. Medical termination of pregnancy Infection of female genital tract including sexually transmitted diseases, low backache Prolapse of uterus and vagina	12
4	Principle of common gynaecological operations – hysterectomy, D&C, D&E, Pop smear Menopause: Its effect on emotions and musculoskeletal system Urogenital dysfunction – pre and post-natal condition Sterility: Pathophysiology, investigations, management, Malnutrition and deficiencies in females. Surgical procedures involving child birth. a. Definition, Indications and Managementofthefollowing surgical procedures – pelvic repair, caesarian section, nephrectomy, Hysterosalphyngography, Dilatation and Curettage, Laproscopy, Colposopy, Hysterectomy. Carcinoma of female reproductive organs – surgical management in brief Mastectomy – Simple, radical. Hysterectomy. Incontinence – Types, Causes, Assessment and Management.	12
5	Surgical procedures involving child birth. a. Definition, Indications and Management of the following surgical procedures — pelvic repair, caesarian section, nephrectomy, Hysterosalphyngography, Dilatation and Curettage, Laproscopy, Colposopy, Hysterectomy.	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	Carcinoma of female reproductive organs – surgical management in brief Mastectomy – Simple, radical. Hysterectomy. Incontinence – Types, Causes, Assessment and Management. Women's health issues: focus on pregnancy:	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Physiotherapy in Gynaecological & Obstetrical conditions by Poldon
- 2. Text book of Work Physiology Astrand P A Rodahe K
- 3. Geriatrics Physiotherapy By Andrew Guccione
- 4. Preventive & Social Medicine by Park

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

СО	COURSE TITLE : PT IN CARDIOPULMONARY DISEASES & ICU PRACTICAL									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19803									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER					CREDITS					
L	Т	Р	L	T	Р	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
-	-	4	-	-	60	60	-	-	2	2

At end of the course the candidate will be able

- 1. To demonstrate the cardiology physical assessment
- 2. To demonstrate the respiratory physical assessment
- 3. To demonstrate treatment schedule forcardio respiratory conditions.
- 4. To implement and assess progression of treatment plan.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT IN CARDIORESPIRATORY DYSFUNCTION Inspection posture (recumbent, erect, orthogenic), breathing pattern (rate, rhythm, use of accessory muscles), chest movement (symmetry intercostal and diaphragmatic components), chest deformity (Barrel chest, pigeon chest), Spinal deformity (scoliosis, kyphosis, kyphoscoliosis), sputum (colour type volume, consistency), cough (types, productive / non productive, presence of a normal cough reflex). Palpation, tactile and vocal fremitus, mobility of thoracic spine and rib cage. Percussion, dullness and hyperresonance. Auscultation, Normal and abnormal breath sounds& exercise tolerance testing	12
2	RESPIRATORY SURGERY ASSESSMENT Pre-operative: Assess patient's medical history, normal breathing pattern of patient, pulse, respiratory rate, BP, thoracic mobility, posture and patients exercise tolerance. Post-operative: Assess special instructions pertaining to operative procedure performed, type of incision,	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	blood pressure, pulse rate, respiration colour, time of last analgesic dose, drains, temperature, ECG, chest X-rays and blood gases.	
3	CARDIAC SURGERY ASSESSMENT Pre-operative: Demonstrate treatment techniques explanation to patient, care of incision, mechanical ventilation, breathing exercise, huffing and coughing, mobilization exercise, posturecorrection, graduated exercise programme. Post-operative: Assess: Special instructions pertaining to operative procedure performed, breath sounds, cyanosis, respiratory rate, temperature and pulse, blood pressure, drainage from pleural drain (bubbling or swinging), sputum expectorated, analgesia, movements of chest wall (symmetry) position of patient and effort of breathing, chest radiograph and blood gases.	12
4	ICU ASSESSMENT Special instructions pertaining to any operation performed, level of consciousness, colour, blood pressure, pulse, temperature, sputum expectorated (colour and quality) drugs (time last dose of analgesia given), ECG and blood gas results. Describe chest radiograph with respect to expansion of lungs, size of heart, presence of secretions and placement of chest tubes.	12
5	TREATMENT TECHNIQUES Deep breathing exercises, suctioning, active / assisted exercises to arm and leg, graduated exercise programme, segmental breathing exercises, vibrations, percussions, huffing and coughing, forced expiratory technique, full range active assisted arm exercises, ankle foot exercises, trunk exercises, posture correction, positioning of patient, IPPB and inhalation.	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	Postural drainage with use of adjuncts, graduated exercises., chest mobilisation exercises&relaxation positions.	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Cash's Text bookfor Physiotherapists in Chest, Heart & Vascular diseases-Jaypee bros. Publication
- 2. Cash`s textbook in General Medical & Surgical conditions for Physio therapists
- 3. Chest Physical therapy & Pulmonary rehabilitation-by Donna Frownfilter
- 4. Physio Therapy in Cardio- Vascular rehabilitation-Webber
- 5. Cardiopulmonary Physical therapy by Irwin Scott.
- 6. Physiotherapy in respiratory care Alexandra Hough

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (50 MARKS)

S.NO.	TECHNIQUES	MARKS
1	ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES	25Marks
2	TREATMENT TECHNIQUES	25 Marks

COURSE TITLE : COMMUNITY BASED PHYSIOTHERAPY – II PRACTICAL										
	COURSE CODE: BPT19804									
	COURSE CREDIT									
но	URS / W	/EEK	TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER			CREDITS				
L	Т	Р	L	T	Р	тот	L T P TOT			тот
-	-	4	-	-	60	60	-	-	2	2

Learning Objectives:

At end of the course the candidate will be able

- 1. Explain the working principles of various health care set up.
- 2. Explain the disability screening
- 3. To demonstrate the geriatric assessment
- 4. To demonstrate the gynecological assessment
- 5. To demonstrate the obstetrics assessment
- 6. Toplan treatment schedule for geriatric population ,gynecological & obstetrics patients.
- 7. To implement and assess progression of treatmentplan.
- 8. To apply theoretical knowledge in rehabilitation.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Field visits to urban and rural PHC's., Visits to regional rehabilitation training center, Regular mobile camps, Disability surveys in villages	12
2	Disability screening, Demonstration of Evaluation and Physiotherapy prescription techniques for musculoskeletal, neuromuscular, cardio-respiratory paediatric, gynecological and geriatric problems in community.	12
3	Demonstration of evaluation and prescription techniques for ambulatory and assistive devices .Fabrication of low cost assistive devices with locally available materials	12
4	Preconception care and tests done in preconception stagePhysiotherapy management in labourPost natal management following labour normal and caesarean section	12

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
5	Breast feeding problems and its PT management. Disorders of menstruation and its PT management. Gynaecological surgeries and its PT management	12

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Physiotherapy in Gynaecological & Obstetrical conditions by Poldon
- 2. Text book of Work Physiology Astrand P A Rodahe K
- 3. Geriatrics Physiotherapy By Andrew Guccione
- 4. Preventive & Social Medicine by Park

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	100

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION PRACTICAL EXAMINATION (50 MARKS)

S.NO.	TECNIQUES	MARKS
1	ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES	25Marks
2	TREATMENT TECHNIQUES	25 Marks

	BACHELOR OF THIS FOTHER HIT									
	COURSE TITLE : PEDIATRIC PHYSIOTHERAPY									
	COURSE CODE: BPT198E1									
				cc	OURSE C	REDIT				
	HOURS / TOTAL HOURS PER WEEK SEMESTER				CF	REDITS				
L	Т	Р	L	Т	P	тот	L	Т	P	тот
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

- 1. Describe the normal neurodevelopment, with specific reference to Locomotion
- 2. Explain the Embryology of nervous system, Embryology of cardiovascular, pulmonary & musculoskeletal system,
- 3. Discuss Developmental &congenital anomalies, Deformities of vertebral column, deformities of chest wall

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	 a) Embryology of nervous system, Embryology of cardiovascular, pulmonary & musculoskeletal system, Developmental deformities &congenital anomalies, Deformities of vertebral column, deformities of chest wall b) Congenital dislocation of hip,CTEV, vertical talus, Blount disease, Perthe's disease, slipped capital femoral epiphysis, limb length discrepancies and Osteogenesis Imperfecta. c) Traumatic injuries in child–fractures, dislocations, epiphyseal injuries 	9
2	 a) Assessment of Reflex & Reactions b) Cerebral palsy -assessment & management with approaches, Roods, Vojta, Sensory integration, N.D.T c) Attentiondeficit Hyperactivedisorder, Autism 	9
3	 a) Gravitational insecurity, Mental retardation, Epilepsy b) Genetic disorder – Down's syndrome, Marfan's syndrome c) Movement disorder – Chorea, Athetosis, Dystonia, Choreoathetosis, Ataxia 	9

	BACHELOR OF TH	
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	 d) Disorder of muscle – Muscular dystrophy (Duchenne's, Becker's, Limb girdle, Facio-scapulohumeral, Spinal muscular atrophy) 	
4	 a) Developmental anomalies – Spina bifida, hydrocephalus, cranio-vertebral junctionanomalies b) Traumatic head injury c) Neonatal ICU, Paediatric ICU, Complications of low birth Weight d) Anatomical & physiological differences of cardiovascular & respiratory system in neonates, childhood & adults 	9
5	 a) Fetal circulation,.Congenital heart disease – pathodynamics, clinical presentation, investigation, medico-surgical & physiotherapy management of cyanotic & acyanotic heart disease , Rheumatic heart disease b) Respiratory disorder in childhood – IRDS, Bronchopulmonary dysplasia, pneumonia, lung abscess, asthma, cystic fibrosis, bronchitis, bronchiectasis, bronchiolitis, pertusis, CROUP, epiglotitis, chronic lung disease, primary ciliary dyskinesia, fatigue, sleep apnoea, hyperventilation syndrome. c) 3. Role of Orthotics in Paediatric conditions. 	9

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 Paediatric physical Therapy- Stephen Tecklin
- 2 Physical therapy for children –Campbell
- 3 Nelson Textbook of Paediatrics
- 4 Handbook of Paediatric physical therapy-Toby M Long

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

COURSE TITLE : PT IN HAND CONDITIONS COURSE CODE: BPT198E2										
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK			TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CREDITS			
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L T P TO			тот
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

- Be able to identify, discuss & analyse, the Hand dysfunction in terms of Biomechanical, Kinesiological and Biophysical basis & co-relate the same with the provisional diagnosis, routine radiological & Electro-physiological investigations and arrive at appropriate functional diagnosis with clinical reasoning.
- 2. Explain the appropriate subjective and physical examination, with development of suitable analytical skills to evaluate data obtained.
- 3. Recognize the implication of dysfunction on the Neuro- Musculoskeletal system on hand function and the student's clinical decision making for rehabilitation.
- 4. Use recent Technique/approaches to treat & train patients with hand dysfunction in children, adults & geriatrics

UNITS		TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	1.		
1	2.	Sensory examination of hand	9
-	3.	Motor Examination of hand	9
	4.	Functional Evaluation ofhand	
	1.	Outcome measures of hand	
2	2.	PTManagementof Flexortendoninjuries	9
	3.	PT Management of Extensor tendon injuries	9
	4.	PTM an agement of Burnthand deformities	
	1.	PTManagementof Arthritichand	
		deformities	
3	2.	PT Management of Crushinjuries	g
3	3.	PTManagement of Peripheral Nerve Injuries-	9
		median, radial, ulnar, musculocutaneous,	
		axillary	

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
	4. PT Management of Entrapment neuropathies- cubital tunnel, carpal tunnel, supinator tunnel, pronator teressyndrome	
4	 PT Management of Brachial Plexus Palsies PTManagement of Fractures ofphalanges PTManagement of Complex Regional Pain Syndrome 	9
5	 3. PT Management of Upper limb Orthosis and training 4. Preparation of splints using POP, Orthoplast, thermoplastic, Taping for wrist and hand conditions 	9

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Rehabilitation of Hand; J.M. Hunter [C.V.Mobsy]
- 2. The Hand; Fundamental of therapy (2nd edn); Judith Boscheinen Morrin & Victoria Davey [Butter worth Heinemann]
- 3. Examination of hand & wrist; Tubiana [Mobsy publications]

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL		
30	70	100		

	COURSE TITLE : EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19805									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK			TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER			CREDITS				
L	T	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L T P TO			тот
2	1	-	30	15	-	45	2	1	-	3

Learning Outcomes:

At end of the course the candidate will be able to

- 1. Apply administration principles in physiotherapy
- 2. Organize a physiotherapy department
- 3. Learn teaching techniques.
- 4. Learn academic teaching and clinical teaching.

UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
1	Introduction to Evidence Based Practice: Definitions, Evidence Based Practice Concepts of Evidence based Physiotherapy: Awareness, Consultation, Judgement, and Creativity	12
2	Evidence Based Practitioner: The Reflective Practitioner, The E Model, Using the E Model Finding the Evidence: Measuring outcomes in Evidence Based Practice, Measuring Health Outcomes, Measuring clinical outcomes, Inferential statistics and Causation	12
3	Searching for the Evidence: Asking Questions, Identifying different sources of evidence, Electronic Bibliographic databases and World Wide Web, Conducting a literature search. Step by-step search for evidence Assessing the Evidence: Evaluating the evidence; Levels of evidence in research using quantitative methods, Levels of evidence classification system, Outcome Measurement, Biostatistics, The critical review of research using qualitative methods	12

	BACHELOR OF	010 11111111111
UNITS	TITLE OF CONTENT	HOURS OF TEACHING / LEARNING
4	 Systematically reviewing the evidence: Stages of systematic reviews, Meta-analysis, The Cochrane collaboration Economic evaluation of the evidence: Types of economic evaluation, conducting economic evaluation, critically reviewing economic evaluation, locating economic evaluation in the literature 	12
5	 Using the evidence: Building evidence in practice; Critically Appraised Topics (CATs), CAT format, Using CATs, Drawbacks of CATs Development of Evidence based knowledge, The Individual Professional, Professionals within a discipline, and Professionals across disciplines 	12

RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Evidence-based Medicine, David Sackett,
- 2. Evidence-Based Medicine: How to Practice and Teach EBM, Sharon E. Straus MD , $5^{\rm th}$ Edition.

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
30	70	100

	COURSE TITLE : RESEARCH PROJECT II COURSE CODE: BPT19806									
	COURSE CREDIT									
нс	HOURS / WEEK			TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CRE	DITS	
L	T	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L T P TO			тот
-		6	-	-	90	90	-	-	6	2

At end of the course the candidate will be able to

- 1. Collect and analyze thedata and/or designing and validating thedesign;
- 2. Draw conclusions and give recommendations.
- 3. Demonstrate an understanding of the ethical issues associated with practitioner research
- 4. Communication skills to justify and interpret theoretical propositions, methodologies, conclusions and decisions to technical and non technical audiences
 - 1. The students have to submit the research project duly signed bythe respective Guide and Head of the Institution at end of the course.
 - 2. The research work may be in the form of Reviews, Experimental, Non Experimental, Case series / Case studies.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL
50	50	50

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

The End semester examination will be conducted with one Internal examiner and one external examiner

WRITTEN EXAMINATION (50 MARKS)

S.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1	Presentation	25 Marks
2	Viva	25marks

	BRUIDEON OF THIS OTHER IT									
	COURSE TITLE : CLINICAL TRAINING - VIII									
	COURSE CODE: BPT19807									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK			TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CREDITS			
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L	Т	P	тот
-	-	6	-	-	90	90	-	-	2	2

Learning Outcomes:

By end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. Explain the various treatment techniques at the various wards in the hospital
- 2. Schedule the patient treatment according to their condition
- 3. Demonstrate the assessment techniques of various conditions

S.NO	TOPIC		HOURS
	1.	Demographic data Collection	
	2.	Socioeconomic history collection	
	3.	Social behavior and its influence on health	
	4.	Schedule the patient treatment	
	5.	Assessment & Treatment techniques of	
		various condition	

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION FOR THEORY

IA	FINAL EXAM	TOTAL		
50	50	100		

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

Sr. No	Components	Marks
1	2 case presentation	25 ×2=50

COMPULSORY ROTATORY INTERNSHIP

COURSE TITLE : INTERNSHIP - I										
	COURSE CODE: BPT19901									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK			TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CREDITS			
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
-	-	45	-	-	45	540	-	-	12	12

Evaluation of internees and award of credits: All internees will be assessed based on their satisfactory attendance, performance in the postings/ research labs and the presentation of the logbook. The mode of assessments and frequency will be prescribed in the respective programs. The candidates will earn the prescribed credits as stated in their regulations.

COURSE TITLE : INTERNSHIP - II										
	COURSE CODE: BPT19902									
	COURSE CREDIT									
HOURS / WEEK			TOTAL HOURS PER SEMESTER				CREDITS			
L	Т	Р	L	Т	Р	тот	L	Т	Р	тот
-	-	45	-	-	45	540	-	-	12	12

Evaluation of internees and award of credits: All internees will be assessed based on their satisfactory attendance, performance in the postings/ research labs and the presentation of the logbook. The mode of assessments and frequency will be prescribed in the respective programs. The candidates will earn the prescribed credits as stated in their regulations.

A total of 24 credit points should be obtained at the end of this internship